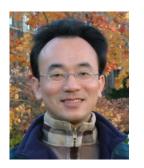
行銷管理



Marketing Management

Introduction to Marketing Management

1062MM3A01 TLMXB3A (M0142) Tue 2 (9:10-10:00) B702; Thu 7,8 (14:10-16:00) B608



Min-Yuh Day 戴敏育 Assistant Professor 專任助理教授

Dept. of Information Management, Tamkang University

淡江大學 資訊管理學系



淡江大學106學年度第2學期課程教學計畫表

Spring 2018 (2018.02.26 - 2018.06.30)

• 課程名稱:行銷管理

(Marketing Management)

• 授課教師: 戴敏育 (Min-Yuh Day)

• 開課系級:資管3A (TLMXB3A)(M0142)

開課資料:必修單學期3學分(3 Credits, Required)

上課時間地點:週二2 (09:10-10:00) B702
 週四7,8 (14:10-16:00) B608

課程簡介

- 本課程介紹行銷管理基礎理論與實務。
- 課程內容包括:
 - 1. 瞭解行銷管理
 - 2. 掌握行銷洞察力
 - 3. 連結顧客
 - 4. 建立強勢品牌
 - 5. 創造價值
 - 6. 傳遞價值
 - 7. 溝通價值
 - 8. 永續成功的行銷

Course Introduction

 This course introduces the fundamental theories and practices of marketing management.

Topics include:

- Understanding Marketing Management
- 2. Capturing Marketing Insights
- 3. Connecting with Customers
- 4. Building Strong Brands
- 5. Creating Value and Shaping the Market Offerings
- 6. Delivering Value
- 7. Communicating Value
- 8. Conducting Marketing Responsibly for Long-term Success

課程目標

·學生將約瞭解及應用 行銷管理 基礎理論與實務。

Objective

 Student will be able to understand and apply the fundamental concepts and practices of marketing management.

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週次 (Week) 日期 (Date) 內容 (Subject/Topics)
1 2018/02/27, 03/01 Introduction to Marketing Management
  2018/03/06, 03/08
                      Defining Marketing for the New Realities,
                      Developing Marketing Strategies and Plans
                      (Nike) (Ch1, pp.52-54)
3 2018/03/13, 03/15
                      Collecting Information and Forecasting
                      Demand, Conducting Marketing Research
                      (Microsoft) (Ch3, pp.116-117)
  2018/03/20, 03/22
                      Creating Long-term Loyalty Relationships,
                      Analyzing Consumer Markets
                      (Disney) (Ch6, pp.206-207)
5 2018/03/27, 03/29
                      Analyzing Business Markets,
                      Tapping into Global Markets
                      (Accenture) (Ch7, pp.235-236)
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週次 (Week) 日期 (Date) 內容 (Subject/Topics)
  2018/04/03, 04/05 Off-campus study (教學行政觀摩日)
  2018/04/10, 04/12 Identifying Market Segments and Targets,
                     Crafting the Brand Positioning
                     (HSBC) (Ch9, pp.292-293)
  2018/04/17, 04/19
                     Creating Brand Equity,
                     Addressing Competition and Driving Growth
                     (McDonald's) (Ch11, pp.353-354)
 2018/04/24, 04/26 Midterm Report (期中報告)
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10 2018/05/01, 05/03 Midterm Exam Week (期中考試週)

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週次 (Week) 日期 (Date) 內容 (Subject/Topics)
11 2018/05/08, 05/10 Setting Product Strategy,
                       Designing and Managing Services
                       (Toyota) (Ch13, pp.418-419)
12 2018/05/15, 05/17
                       Introducing New Market Offerings,
                       Developing Pricing Strategies and Programs
                       (Salesforce.com) (Ch15, pp.481)
13 2018/05/22, 05/24
                       Delivering Value: Designing and
                       Managing Integrated Marketing Channels
                       (Zara) (Ch18, pp.574)
14 2018/05/29, 05/31
                       Communicating Value: Designing and
                       Managing Integrated Marketing
                       Communications
                       (Evian) (Ch20, pp. 632-633)
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週次 (Week) 日期 (Date) 內容 (Subject/Topics)

15 2018/06/05, 06/07 Managing a Holistic Marketing Organization for the Long Run (Starbucks) (Ch23, pp.706-707)

16 2018/06/12, 06/14 Final Report I (期末報告I)

17 2018/06/19, 06/21 Final Report II (期末報告II)

18 2018/06/26, 06/28 Final Exam Week (期末考試週)
```

教學目標之教學方法與評量方法

- 教學方法
 - -講述、討論、賞析、問題解決
- 評量方法
 - -紙筆測驗、報告、上課表現

學期成績計算方式

• 期中評量: 30.0%

• 期末評量: 30.0%

• 平時評量:40.0%(課堂參與及報告討論表現)

教材課本與參考書籍

- 教材課本 (Textbook)
 - Philip Kotler and Kevin Lane Keller (2016),
 Marketing Management, 15th edition, Pearson.
- · 参考書籍 (References)
 - -徐世同、楊景傅譯 (2017),行銷管理 (Kotler/Marketing Management 15e),華泰文化

修課應注意事項

- 1. 請同學於行銷管理個案討論前 應詳細研讀個案,並思考個案研究問題。
- 2. 請同學於上課前預習行銷管理相關理論, 以作為個案分析及擬定管理對策的依據。
- 3. 請同學於上課前 先繳交行銷管理個案研究問題書面報告。
- 4.上課時間地點:

週二 Tue 2 (09:10-10:00) B702

週四 Thu 7, 8 (14:10-16:00) B608

Marketing Management

- **Understanding Marketing Management Capturing Marketing Insights** 3 **Connecting with Customers** 4 **Building Strong Brands** 5 **Creating Value Delivering Value Communicating Value**
- **8** Conducting Marketing Responsibly for Long-term Success

Marketing

Marketing "Meeting needs profitably"

Marketing

"Marketing is an organizational function and a set of processes for creating, communicating, and delivering value to customers and for managing customer relationships in ways that benefit the organization and its stakeholders."

Marketing Management

Marketing Management

"Marketing management is the art and science of choosing target markets and getting, keeping, and growing customers through creating, delivering, and communicating superior customer value."

Marketing Management Tasks

- 1. Developing market strategies and plans
- 2. Capturing marketing insights
- 3. Connecting with customers
- 4. Building strong brands
- 5. Creating value
- 6. Delivering value
- 7. Communicating value
- 8. Creating successful long-term growth

The Essence of Strategic Marketing (STP)

Segmentation

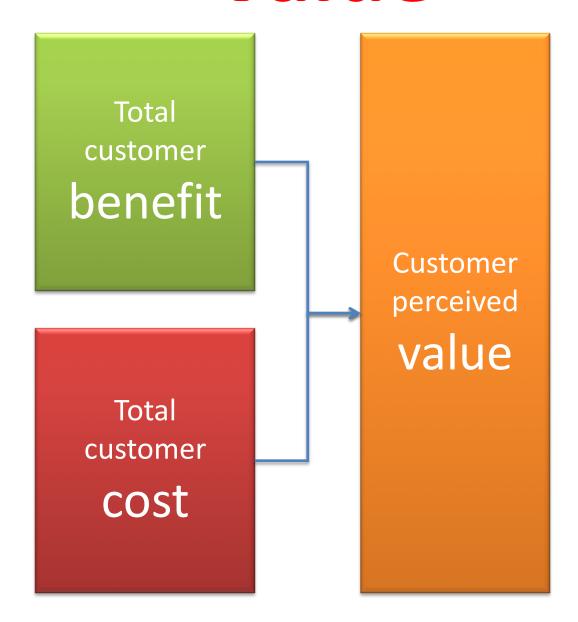
Targeting

Positioning

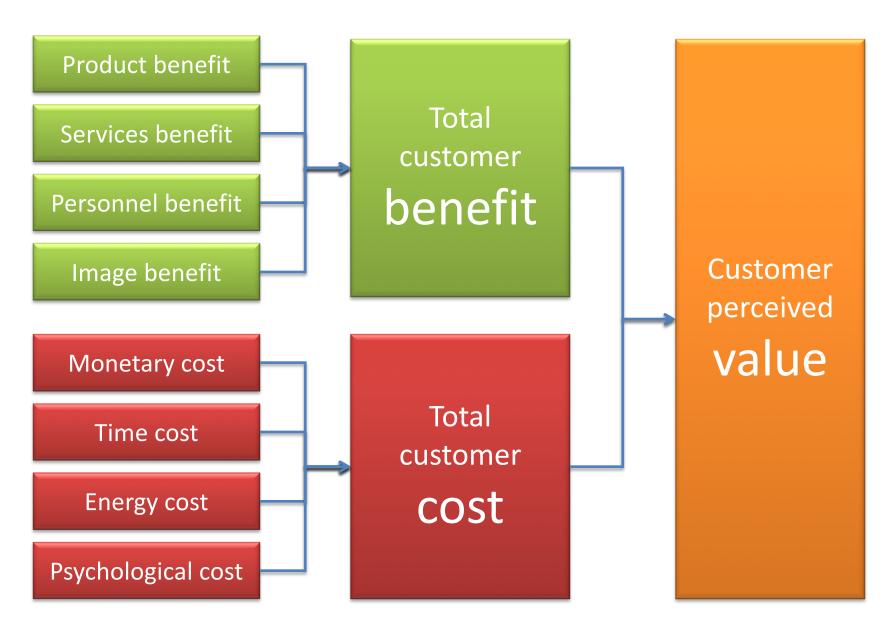
Customer Value

Value the sum of the tangible and intangible benefits and costs

Value

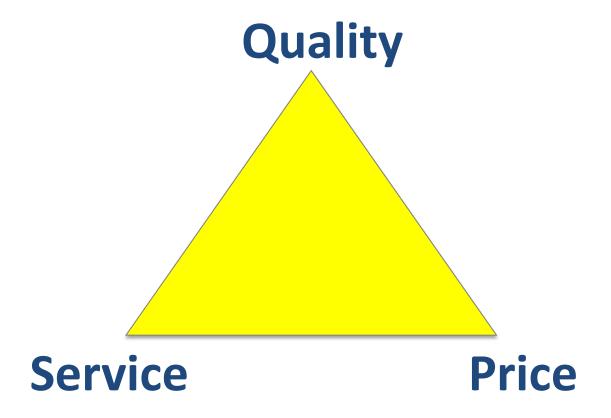


Customer Perceived Value



Customer Value Triad

Quality, Service, and Price (qsp)



Value and Satisfaction

Marketing

 identification, creation, communication, delivery, and monitoring of customer value.

Satisfaction

a person's judgment of a product's perceived performance in relationship to expectations

Building Customer Value, Satisfaction, and Loyalty

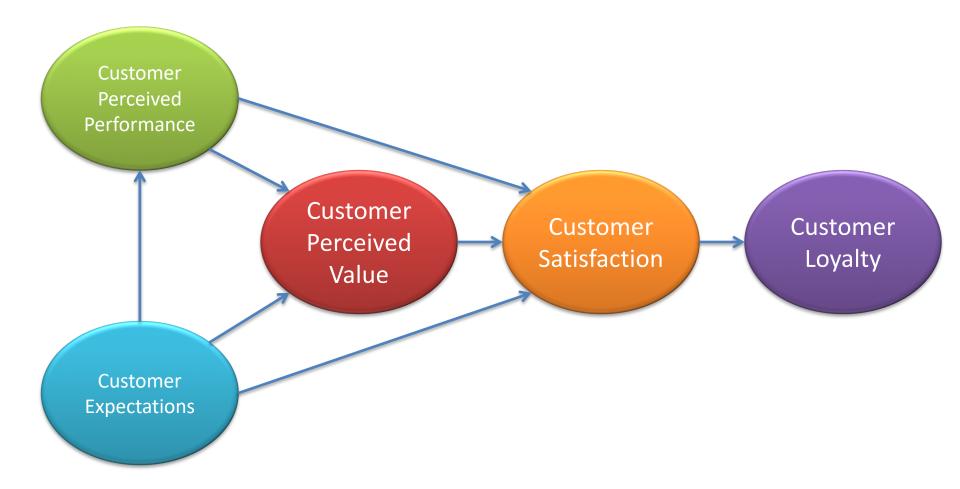
Satisfaction

"a person's feelings of pleasure or disappointment that result from comparing a product's perceived performance (or outcome) to expectations"

Loyalty

"a deeply held commitment to rebuy or repatronize a preferred product or service in the future despite situational influences and marketing efforts having the potential to cause switching behavior."

Customer Perceived Value, Customer Satisfaction, and Loyalty



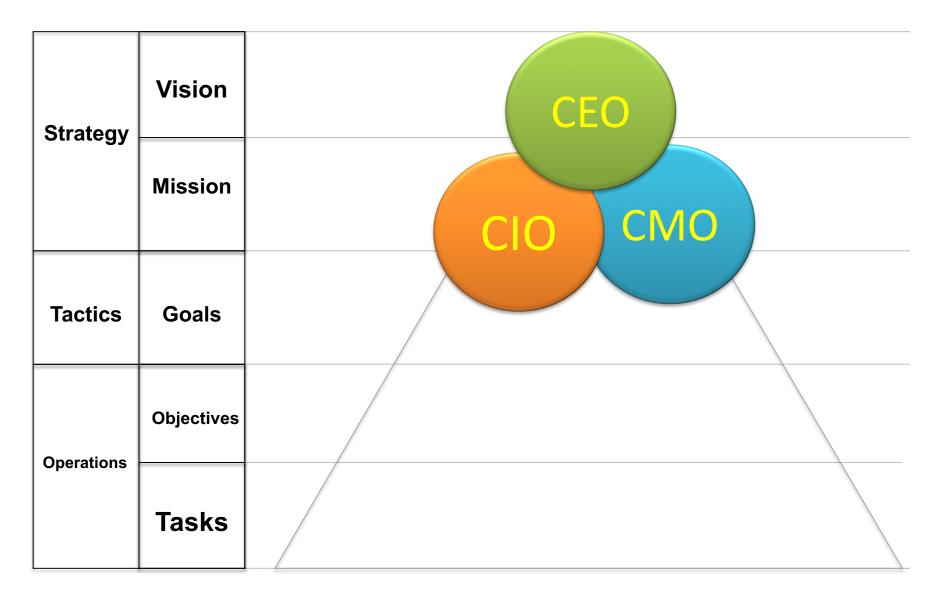
CEO CIO CFO



CEO CIO CMO



CEO CIO CMO



Nothing IS so practical as a good theory

Case Study

Case Study

- Harvard Business School
 - The Case Method at HBS
 - Inside the Case Method: The Entrepreneurial Manager
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YWybEVsVwe4 (15:56)



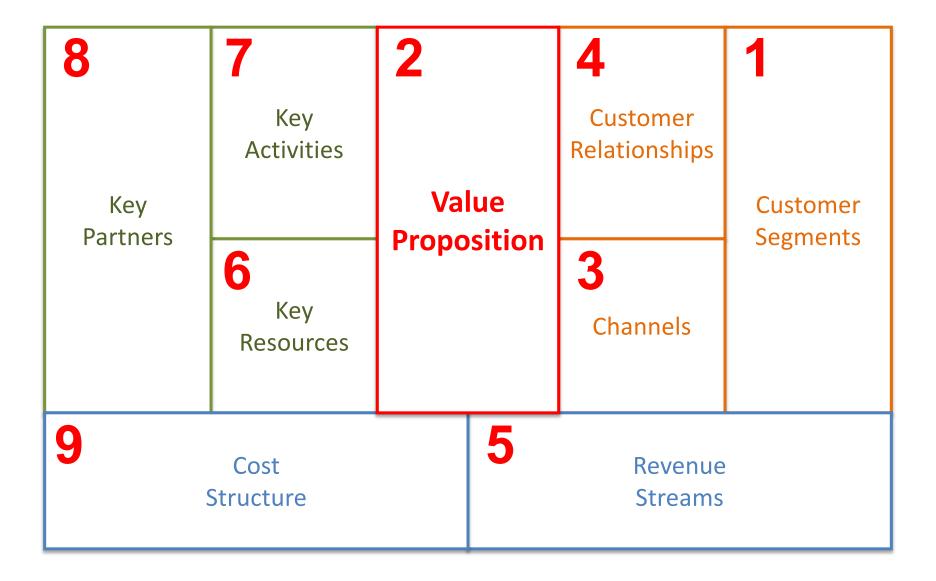
Marketing Case Study 1: Nike

(Ch1, pp.52-54)

- 1. What are the pros, cons, and risks associated with Nike's core marketing strategy?
- 2. If you were Adidas, how would you compete with Nike?

Business Model

Business Model

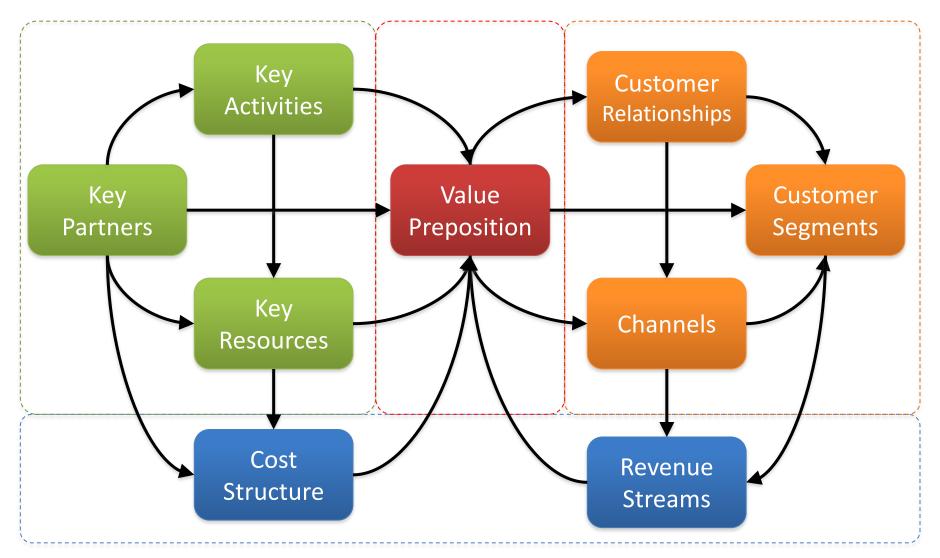


Definition of Business Model

A business model describes the rationale of how an organization creates, delivers, and captures value.

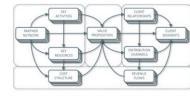
Business Model Canvas

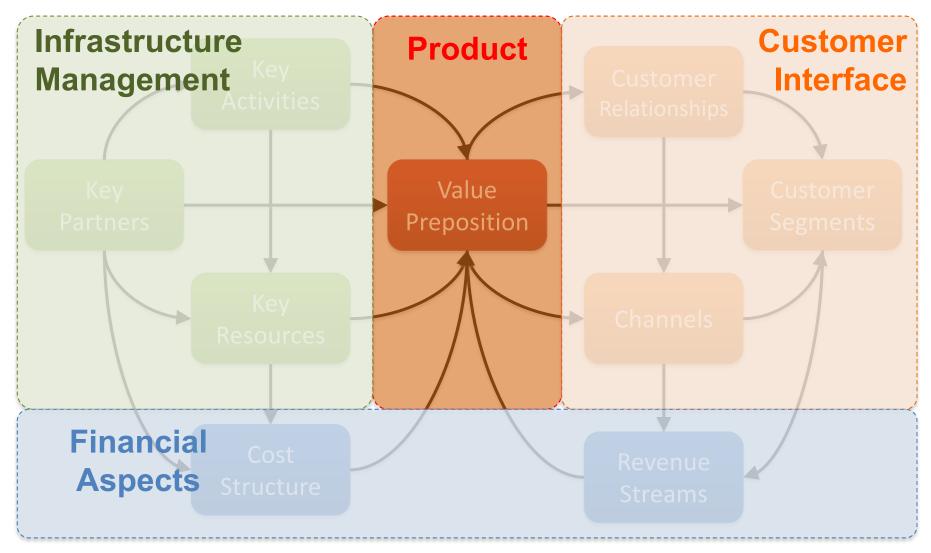




Source: http://nonlinearthinking.typepad.com/nonlinear_thinking/2008/07/the-business-model-canvas.html
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QoAOzMTLP5s

Business Model Canvas



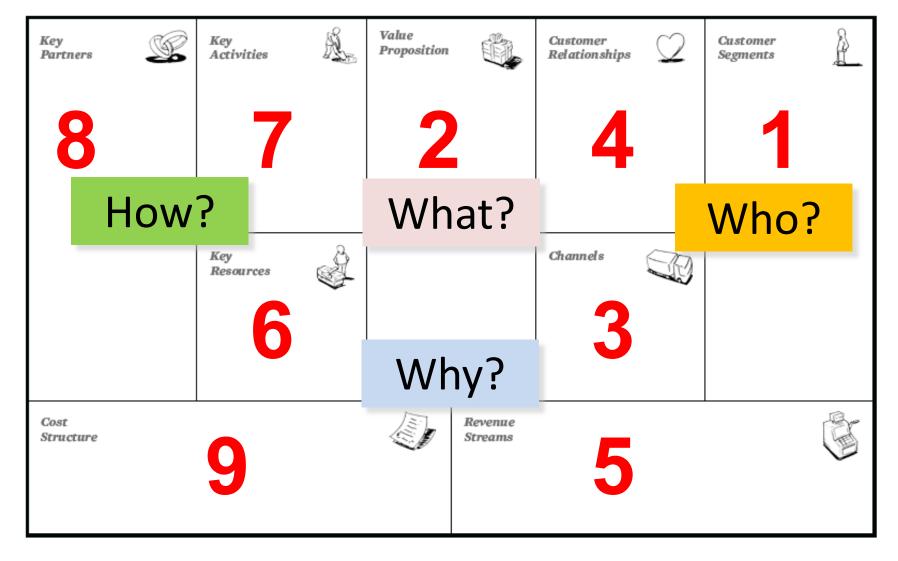


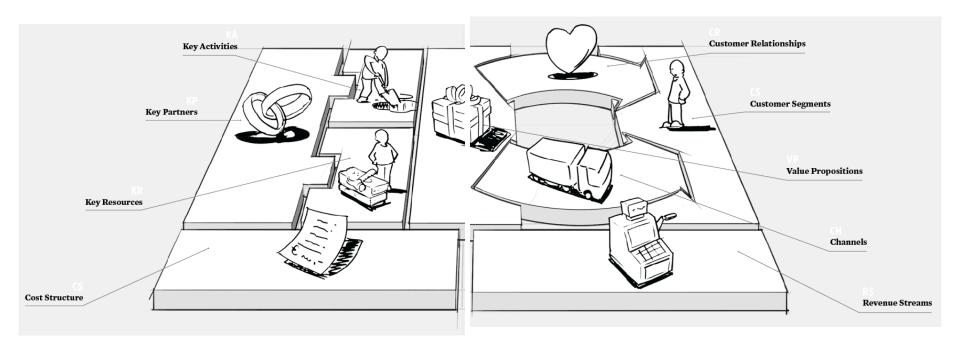
Source: http://nonlinearthinking.typepad.com/nonlinear_thinking/2008/07/the-business-model-canvas.html https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QoAOzMTLP5s

Business Model Canvas Explained



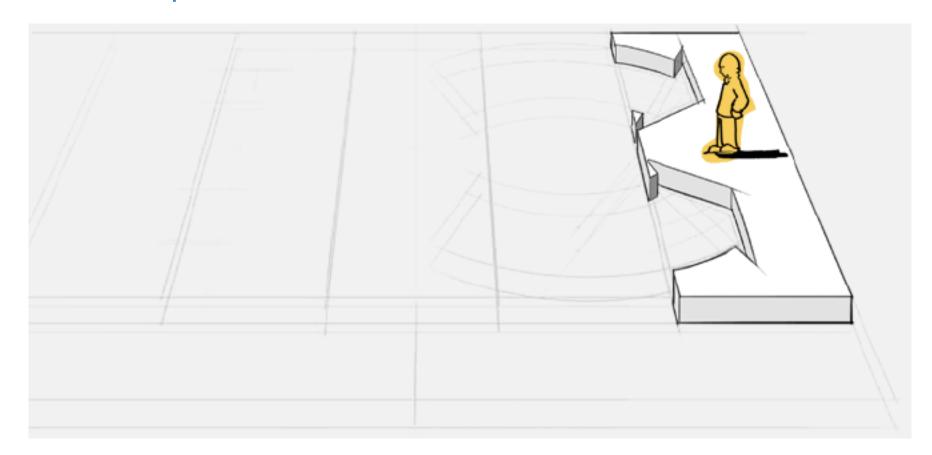
Key Partners	F	Key Activities	A.	Value Proposition		Customer Relationships	\bigcirc	Customer Segments	
8		7		2		1		4	
					•	_			
		Key Resources	Š.			Channels			
		6	•			3	~		
Cost Structure		9			Revenue Streams	5			
		J				J			





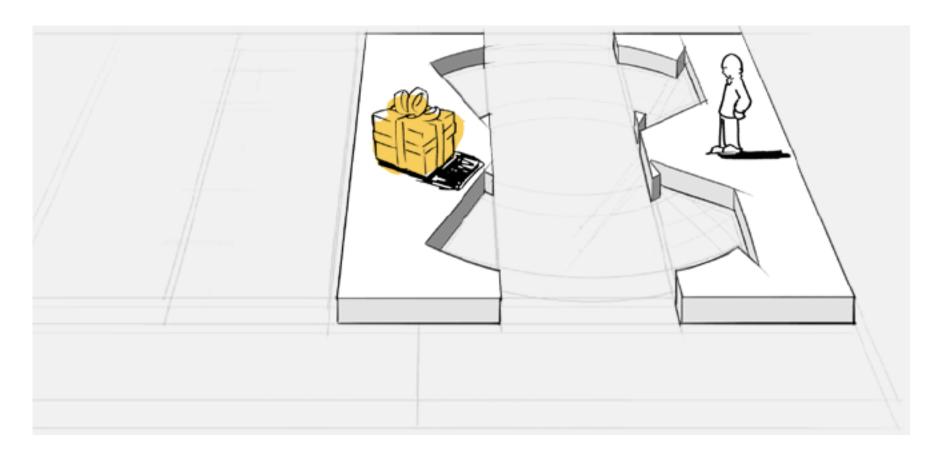
1. Customer Segments

Defines the different groups of people or organizations an enterprise aims to reach and serve



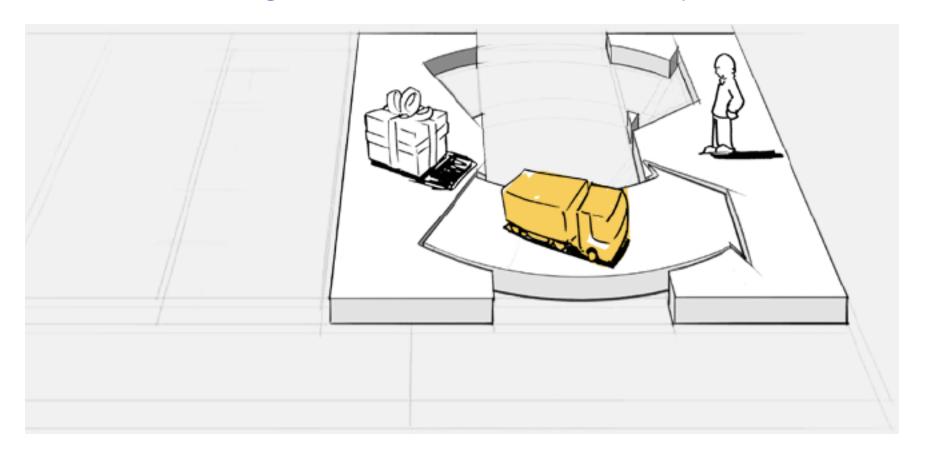
2. Value Propositions

Describes the bundle of products and services that create value for a specific Customer Segment



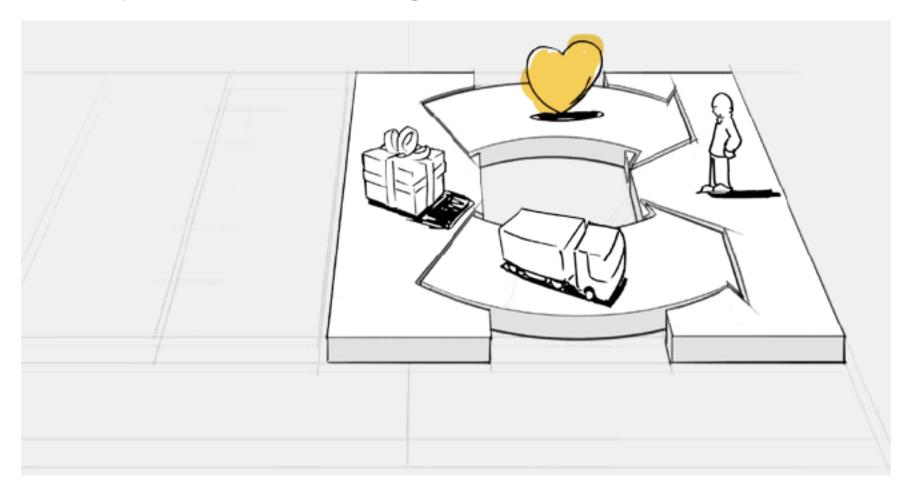
3. Channels

Describes how a company communicates with and reaches its Customer Segments to deliver a Value Proposition



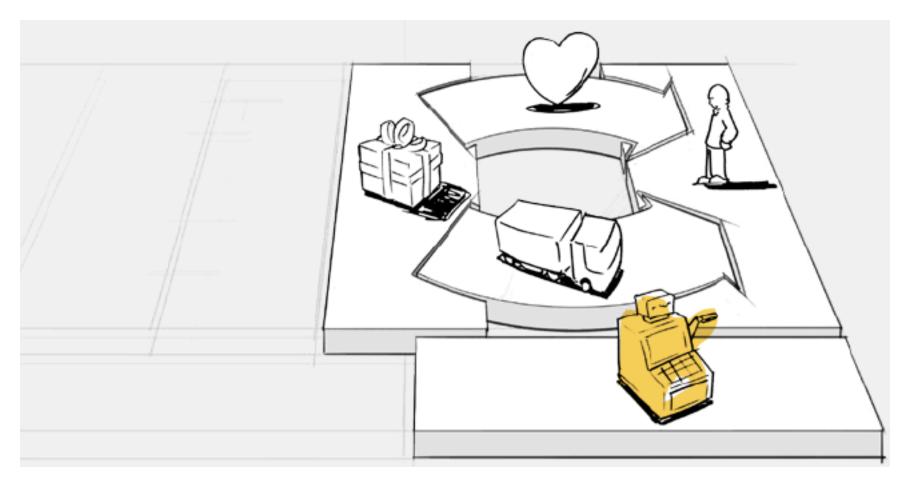
4. Customer Relationships

Describes the types of relationships a company establishes with specific Customer Segments



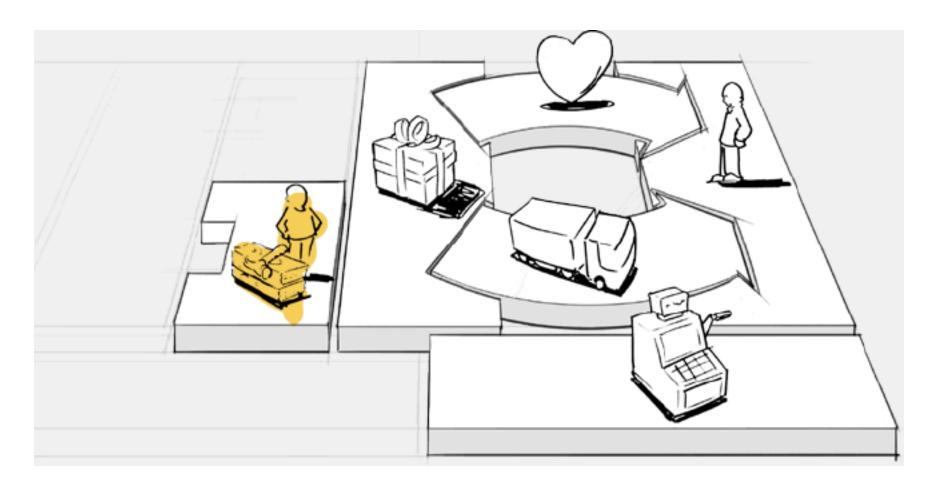
5. Revenue Streams

Represents the cash a company generates from each Customer Segment (costs must be subtracted from revenues to create earnings)



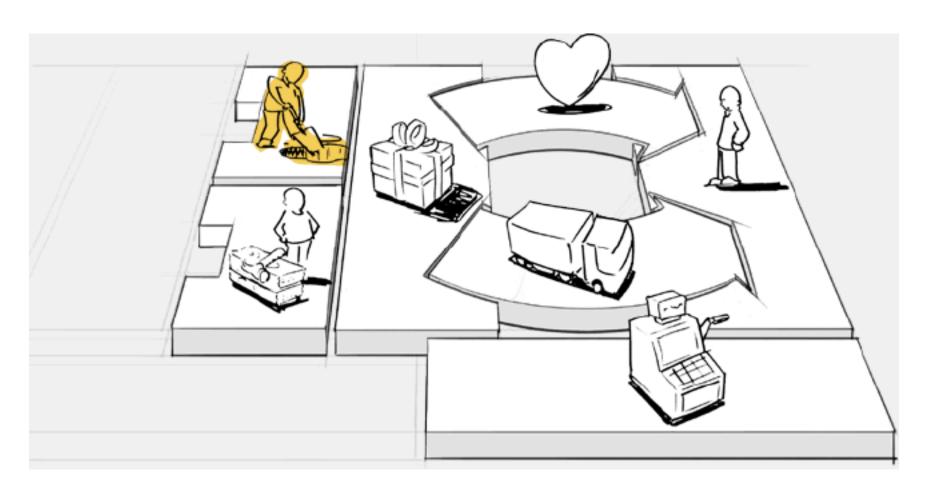
6. Key Resources

Describes the most important assets required to make a business model work



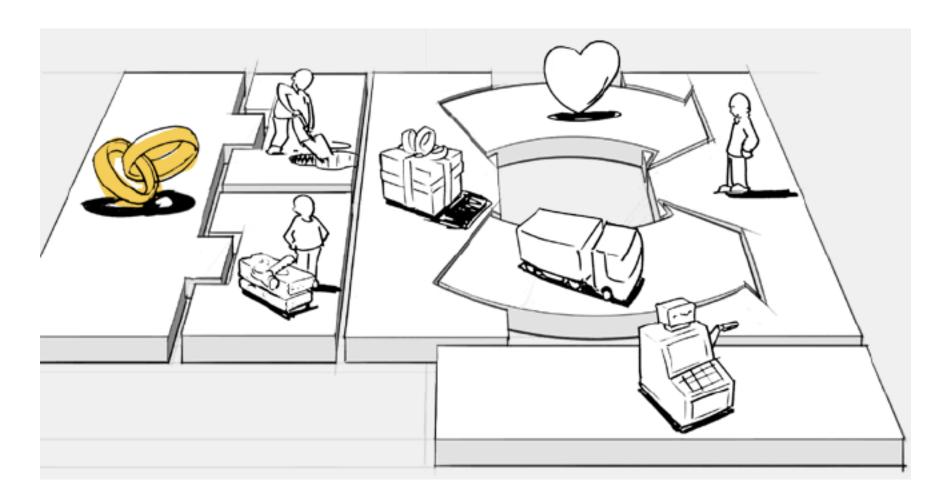
7. Key Activities

Describes the most important things a company must do to make its business model work



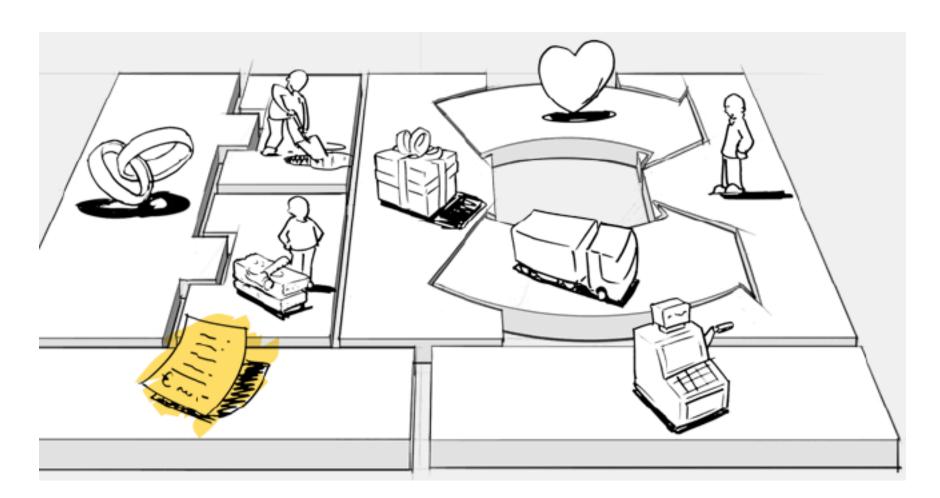
8. Key Partnerships

Describes the network of suppliers and partners that make the business model work



9. Cost Structure

Describes all costs incurred to operate a business model



1. Customer Segments

An organization serves one or several Customer Segments.

2. Value Propositions

 It seeks to solve customer problems and satisfy customer needs with value propositions.

3. Channels

 Value propositions are delivered to customers through communication, distribution, and sales Channels.

4. Customer Relationships

 Customer relationships are established and maintained with each Customer Segment.

5. Revenue Streams

 Revenue streams result from value propositions successfully offered to customers.

6. Key Resources

 Key resources are the assets required to offer and deliver the previously described elements...

7. Key Activities

— ...by performing a number of Key Activities.

8. Key Partnerships

 Some activities are outsourced and some resources are acquired outside the enterprise.

9. Cost Structure

The business model elements result in the cost structure.

Marketing Strategy

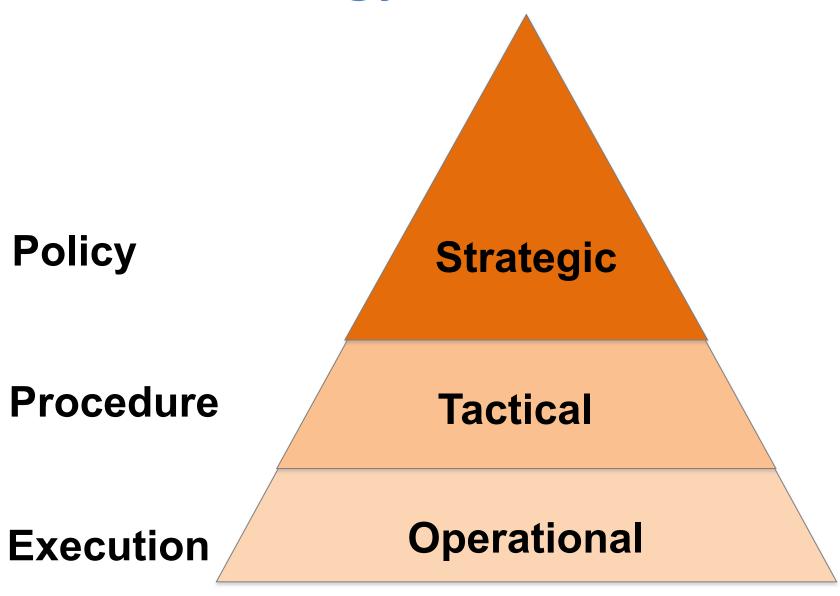
Marketing Plan

Strategy

VS.

Tactics

Strategy vs. Tactics



Strategy vs. Tactics

Tactics Strategy **Planning** Doing Smaller Scale Large Scale Why How Difficult to Copy Easy to Copy Long Time Frame **Short Time Frame** Strategy

Plans

Tactics

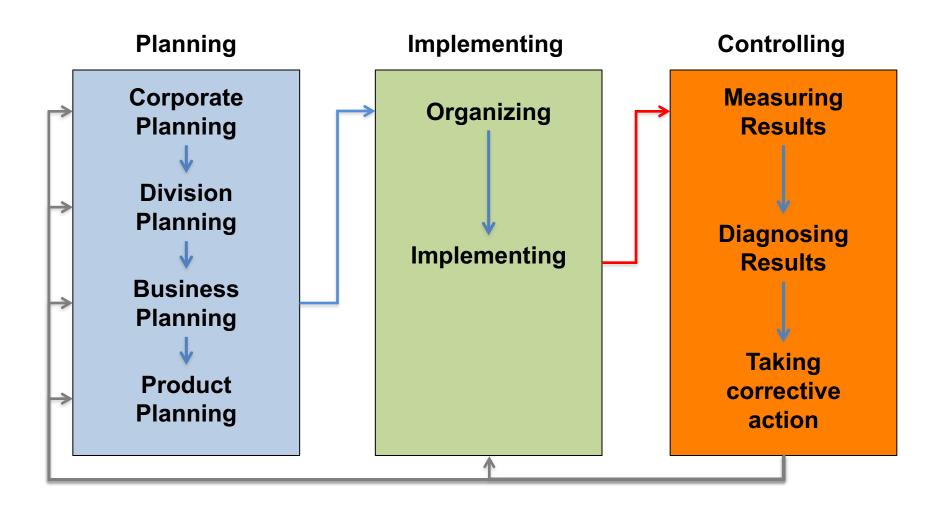
Strategy > Plans > Tactics

- Strategy involves a blueprint for gaining a competitive advantage.
- Plans are the second-level goals in the hierarchy.
 - A complex strategy may contain many plans.
- Tactics are the step-by-step methods you use to accomplish a plan.

Marketing Planning Process

- 1. Analyzing marketing opportunities
- 2. Selecting target markets
- 3. Designing marketing strategies
- 4. Developing marketing programs
- 5. Managing the marketing effort

The Strategic Planning, Implementation, and Control Processes



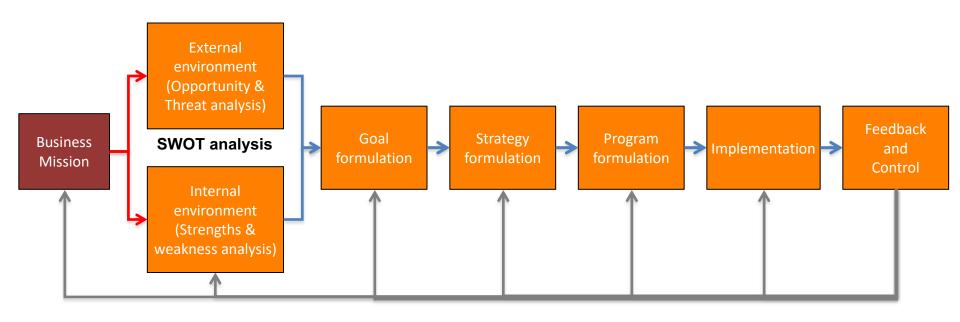
Marketing Plan

 The strategic marketing plan lays out the target markets and the firm's value proposition, based on an analysis of the best market opportunities.

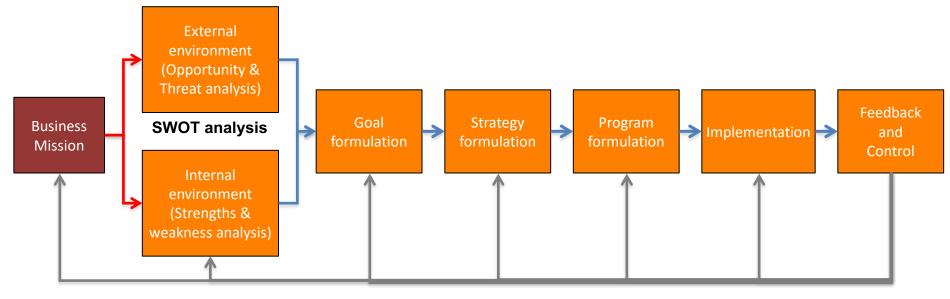
Marketing Plan

 The tactical marketing plan specifies the marketing tactics, including product features, promotion, merchandising, pricing, sales channels, and service.

Business Unit Strategic-Planning Process

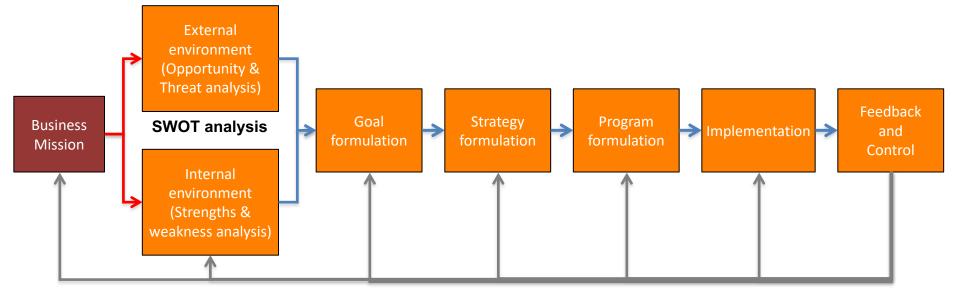


Business Unit Strategic-Planning Process



1



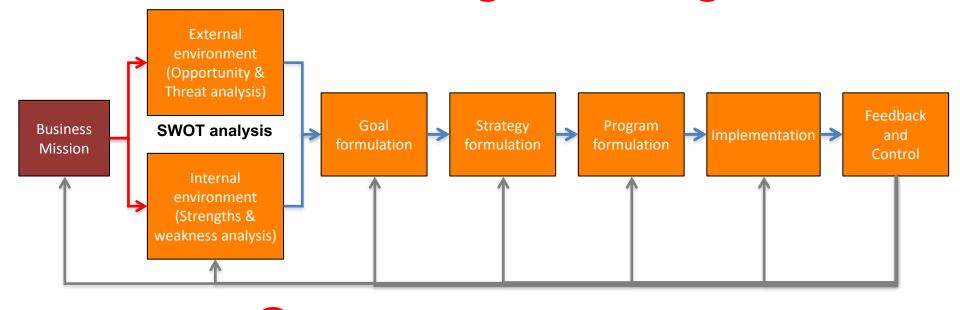


2

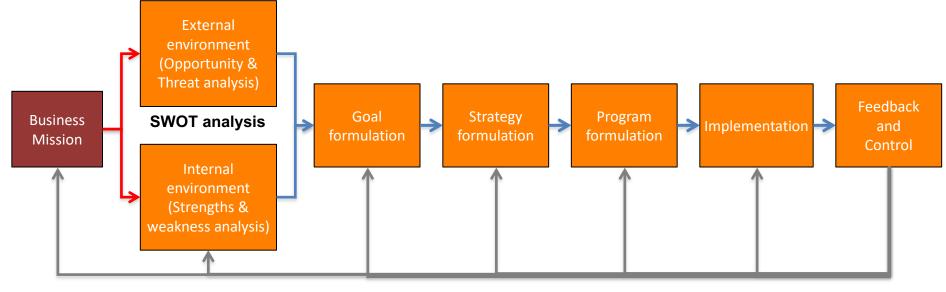
External environment (Opportunity & Threat analysis)

SWOT analysis

Internal environment (Strengths & weakness analysis)

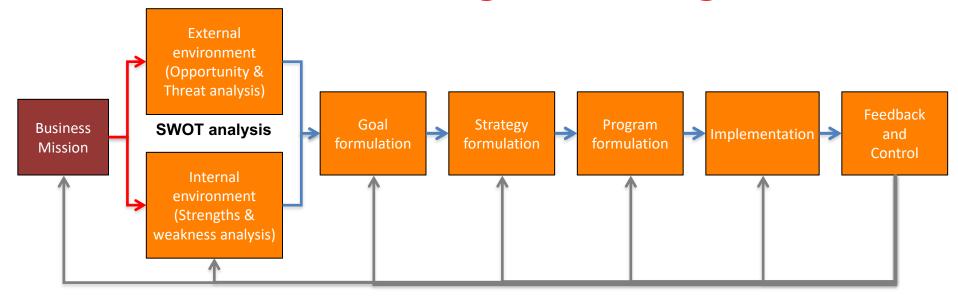






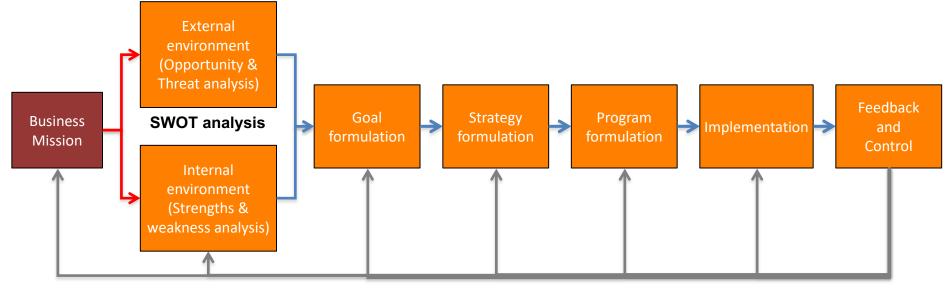
4

Strategy formulation



5

Program formulation



6

Implementation



Feedback and Control

Marketing Plan Contents

- 1. Executive summary (1.0)
- 2. Table of contents
- 3. Situation analysis (2.0) (Ch1)
- 4. Marketing strategy (3.0) (Ch2)
- 5. Marketing tactics (4.0) (Ch3)
- 6. Financial projections (5.0) (Ch4)
- 7. Implementation controls (6.0) (Ch5)

Sample Marketing Plan

- 1.0 Executive Summary
- 2.0 Situation Analysis
- 3.0 Marketing Strategy
- 4.0 Marketing Tactics
- 5.0 Financials
- 6.0 Controls

1.0 Executive Summary

2.0 Situation Analysis

3.0 Marketing Strategy

4.0
Marketing
Tactics

5.0 Financials

Sample Marketing Plan 2.0 Situation Analysis

- 2.1 Market Summary
- 2.2 SWOT Analysis
- 2.3 Competition
- 2.4 Product Offering
- 2.5 Keys to Success
- 2.6 Critical Issues

1.0 Executive Summary

2.0 Situation Analysis

3.0 Marketing Strategy

4.0
Marketing
Tactics

5.0 Financials

Sample Marketing Plan 2.1 Market Summary

- 2.1.1 Market Demographics
 - Geographics
 - Demographics
 - Behavior Factors
- 2.1.2 Market Needs
- 2.1.3 Market Trends
- 2.1.4 Market Growth

1.0 Executive Summary

2.0 Situation Analysis

3.0 Marketing Strategy

4.0
Marketing
Tactics

5.0 Financials

Sample Marketing Plan 3.0 Marketing Strategy

- 3.1 Mission
- 3.2 Marketing Objectives
- 3.3 Financial Objectives
- 3.4 Target Markets
- 3.5 Positioning

1.0 Executive Summary

2.0 Situation Analysis

3.0 Marketing Strategy

4.0
Marketing
Tactics

5.0 Financials

Sample Marketing Plan 4.0 Marketing Tactics

- 4.1 Product
- 4.2 Pricing
- 4.3 Distribution (Place)
- 4.4 Communications (Promotion)
- 4.5 Marketing Research

1.0 Executive Summary

2.0 Situation Analysis

3.0 Marketing Strategy

4.0
Marketing
Tactics

5.0 Financials

Sample Marketing Plan 5.0 Financials

- 5.1 Break-Even Analysis
- 5.2 Sales Forecast
- 5.3 Expense Forecast

1.0 **Executive Summary** 2.0 **Situation Analysis** 3.0 **Marketing Strategy** 4.0

4.0
Marketing
Tactics

5.0 Financials

Sample Marketing Plan 6.0 Controls

- 6.1 Implementation
- 6.2 Marketing Organization
- 6.3 Contingency Planning

1.0
Executive
Summary

2.0
Situation
Analysis

3.0
Marketing
Strategy

4.0
Marketing
Tactics

5.0 Financials

Evaluating a Marketing Plan

- Is the plan simple/succinct?
- Is the plan complete?
- Is the plan specific?
- Is the plan realistic?

TSC 崇越行銷大賞

http://marketing.topco-global.com/TopcoMKT



Summary

- This course introduces the fundamental theories and practices of marketing management.
- Topics include:
 - 1. Understanding Marketing Management
 - 2. Capturing Marketing Insights
 - 3. Connecting with Customers
 - 4. Building Strong Brands
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Marketing Case Study 1: Nike

(Ch1, pp.52-54)

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Contact Information

戴敏育博士 (Min-Yuh Day, Ph.D.)

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