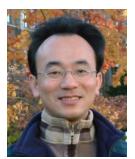
財務金融大數據分析



Big Data Analytics in Finance

金融科技商業模式 (Business Models of Fintech)

1061BDAF02 MIS EMBA (M2322) (8605) Thu 12,13,14 (19:20-22:10) (D503)



<u>Min-Yuh Day</u> <u>戴敏育</u> Assistant Professor 專任助理教授

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淡江大學 資訊管理學系



http://mail. tku.edu.tw/myday/ 2017-09-28

課程大綱 (Syllabus)

週次(Week) 日期(Date) 內容(Subject/Topics)

- 1 2017/09/21 財務金融大數據分析課程介紹 (Course Orientation for Big Data Analytics in Finance)
- 2 2017/09/28 金融科技商業模式 (Business Models of Fintech)
- 3 2017/10/05 人工智慧投資分析與機器人理財顧問 (Artificial Intelligence for Investment Analysis and Robo-Advisors)
- 4 2017/10/12 金融科技對話式商務與智慧型交談機器人 (Conversational Commerce and Intelligent Chatbots for Fintech)
- 5 2017/10/19 事件研究法 (Event Study)
- 6 2017/10/26 財務金融大數據分析個案研究 I (Case Study on Big Data Analytics in Finance I)

課程大綱 (Syllabus)

週次(Week) 日期(Date) 內容(Subject/Topics)

- 7 2017/11/02 Python 財務大數據分析基礎 (Foundations of Finance Big Data Analytics in Python)
- 8 2017/11/09 Python Numpy大數據分析 (Big Data Analytics with Numpy in Python)
- 9 2017/11/16 Python Pandas 財務大數據分析 (Finance Big Data Analytics with Pandas in Python)
- 10 2017/11/23 期中報告 (Midterm Project Report)
- 11 2017/11/30 文字探勘分析技術與自然語言處理 (Text Mining Techniques and Natural Language Processing)
- 12 2017/12/07 Python Keras深度學習 (Deep Learning with Keras in Python)

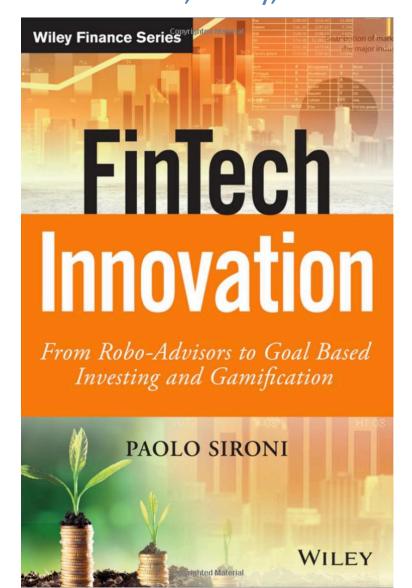
課程大綱 (Syllabus)

週次(Week) 日期(Date) 內容(Subject/Topics)

- 13 2017/12/14 財務金融大數據分析個案研究 II (Case Study on Big Data Analytics in Finance II)
- 14 2017/12/21 TensorFlow深度學習 (Deep Learning with TensorFlow)
- 15 2017/12/28 財務金融大數據深度學習 (Deep Learning for Finance Big Data)
- 16 2018/01/04 社會網絡分析 (Social Network Analysis)
- 17 2018/01/11 期末報告 I (Final Project Presentation I)
- 18 2018/01/18 期末報告 II (Final Project Presentation II)

FinTech Innovation:

From Robo-Advisors to Goal Based Investing and Gamification, Paolo Sironi, Wiley, 2016



Source: https://www.amazon.com/FinTech-Innovation-Robo-Advisors-Investing-Gamification/dp/1119226988

Business Models of Fintech

FinTech

Financial Technology



Financial Technology FinTech

"providing financial services by making use of software and modern technology"

Business Model

Definition of Business Model

A business model describes the rationale of how an organization creates, delivers, and captures value.

Definition of Business Strategy

A business strategy is

a long term plan of action designed to achieve a particular goal or set of goals or objectives.

Financial

Services

Financial Services



Source: http://www.crackitt.com/7-reasons-why-your-fintech-startup-needs-visual-marketing/

Financial Revolution with Fintech

A financial services revolution

Consumer Trends



1. Simplification



2. Transparency





4. Reduced Friction

Source: http://www.hedgethink.com/fintech/european-fintech-top-100/

FinTech: Financial Services Innovation



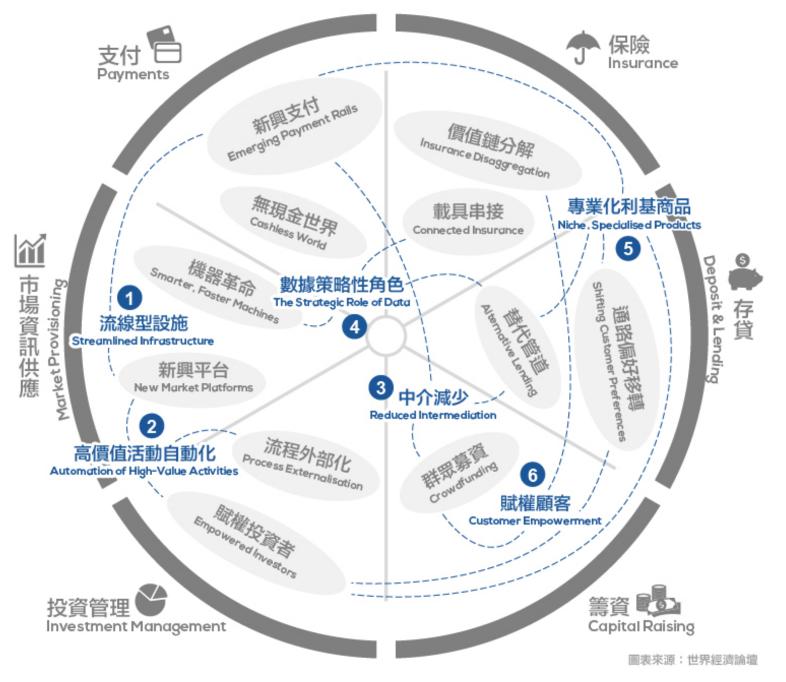
Source: http://www3.weforum.org/docs/WEF_The_future__of_financial_services.pdf

FinTech:

Financial Services Innovation

1. Payments 2. Insurance 3. Deposits & Lending 4. Capital Raising **5. Investment Management** 6. Market Provisioning

Source: http://www3.weforum.org/docs/WEF_The_future__of_financial_services.pdf

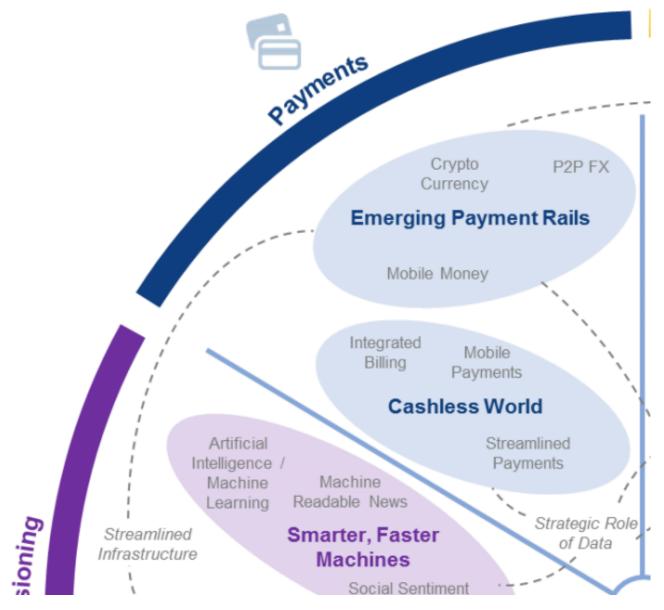


FinTech: Financial Services Innovation

功能	創新項目
▲ 支付 日 Payments	無現金世界 (Cashless World) 新興支付 (Emerging Payment Rails)
保險 Insurance	價值鏈裂解 (Insurance Disaggregation) 保險串接裝置 (Connected Insurance)
● 存貸 ● Deposit & Lending	替代管道 (Alternative Lending) 通路偏好移轉 (Shifting Customer Preferences)
籌資 Capital Raising	群眾募資 (Crowdfunding)
投資管理 Investment Management	賦權投資者 (Empowered Investors) 流程外部化 (Process Externalisation)
が 市場資訊供應 Market Provisioning	機器革命 (Smarter, Faster Machines) 新興平台 (New Market Platforms)

圖表來源:Fugle團隊整理

FinTech: Payment



Source: http://www3.weforum.org/docs/WEF_The_future__of_financial_services.pdf

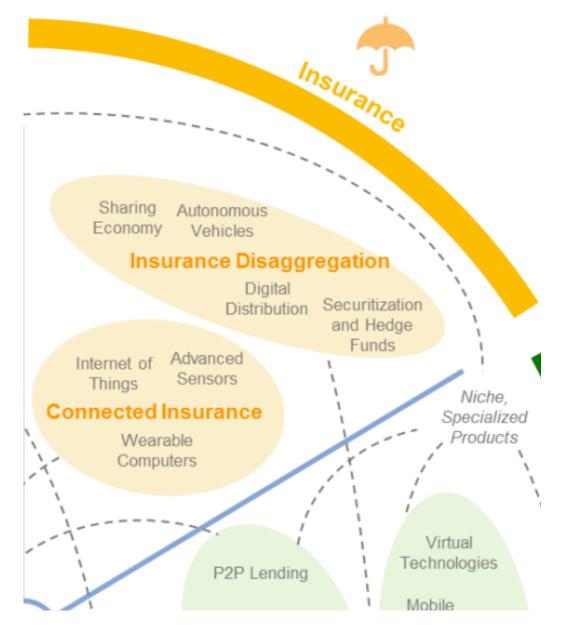
FinTech: Payment Cashless World Emerging Payment Rails



圖表來源:Fugle團隊整理

FinTech: Insurance

2



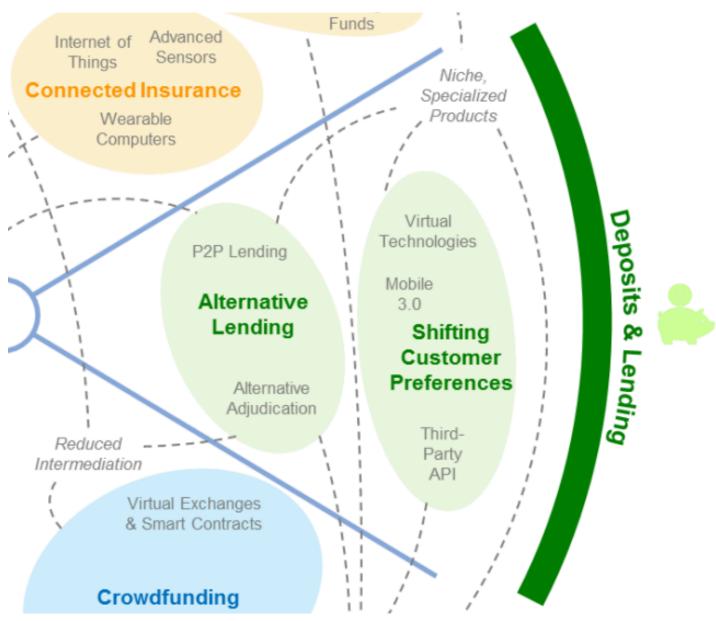
Source: http://www3.weforum.org/docs/WEF_The_future__of_financial_services.pdf

FinTech: Insurance Insurance Disaggregation Connected Insurance



圖表來源:Fugle團隊整理

FinTech: Deposits & Lending

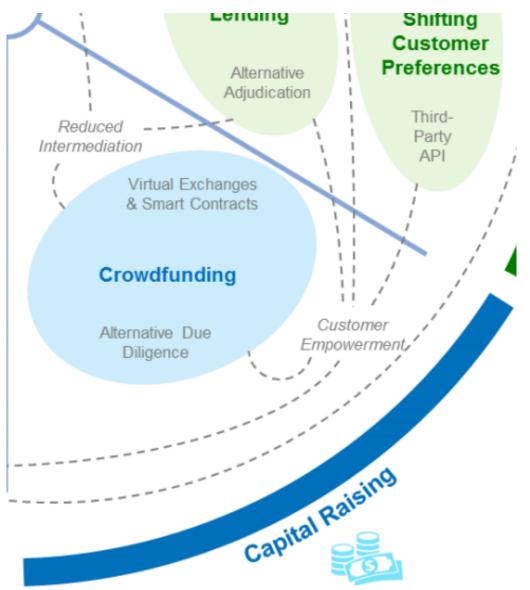


Source: http://www3.weforum.org/docs/WEF_The_future__of_financial_services.pdf



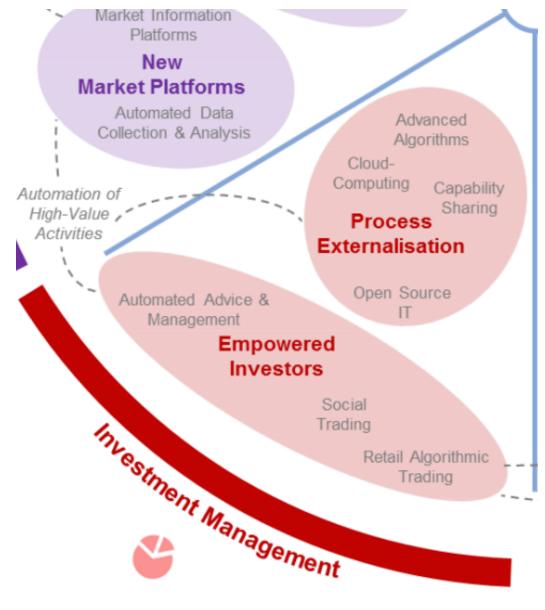
圖表來源:Fugle團隊整理

FinTech: Capital Raising





FinTech: Investment Management

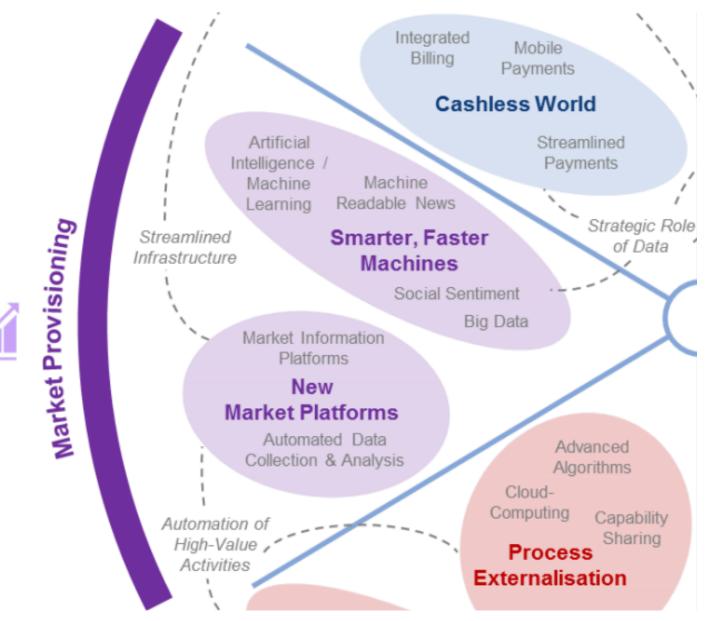


5 FinTech: Investment Management Empowered Investors Process Externalization



圖表來源:Fugle團隊整理

FinTech: Market Provisioning



Source: http://www3.weforum.org/docs/WEF_The_future__of_financial_services.pdf

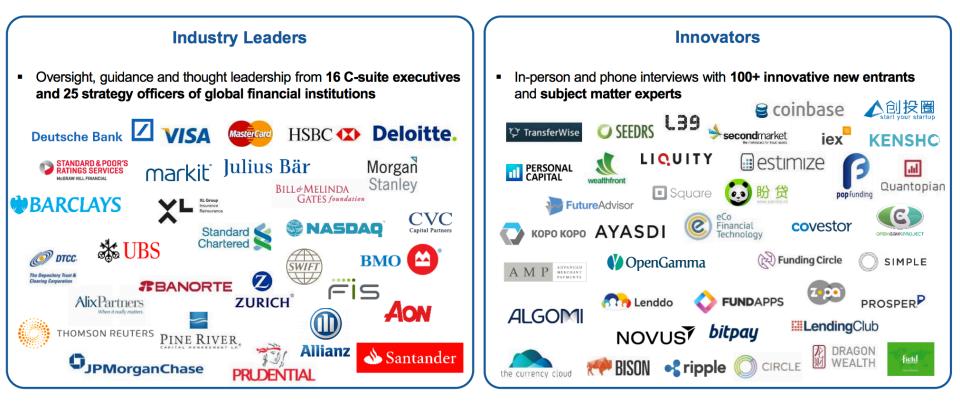
6 FinTech: Market Provisioning Smarter, Faster Machines New Market Platforms



圖表來源:Fugle團隊整理

Fintech **Business Models** Innovation

The Future of Financial Services

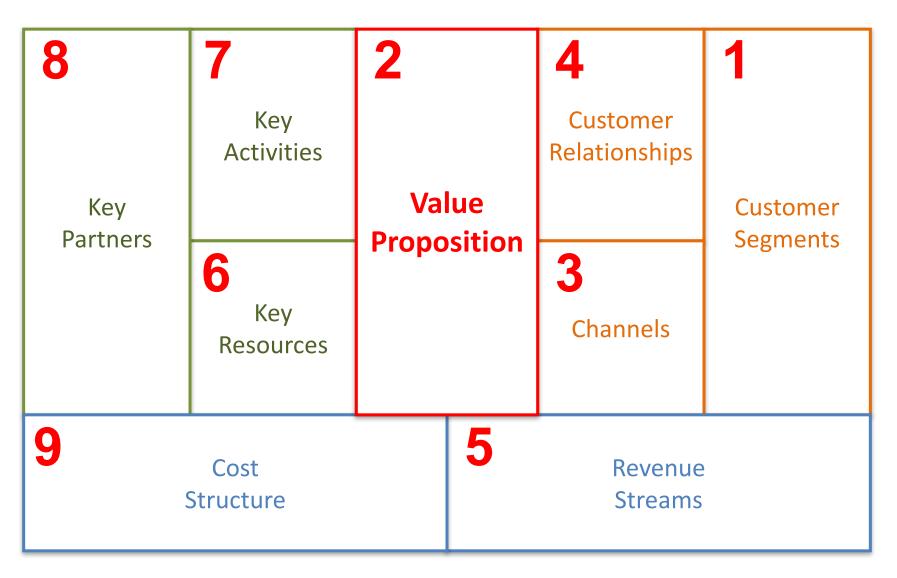


Source: World Economic Forum (2015), The Future of Financial Services, http://www3.weforum.org/docs/WEF_The_future_of_financial_services.pdf

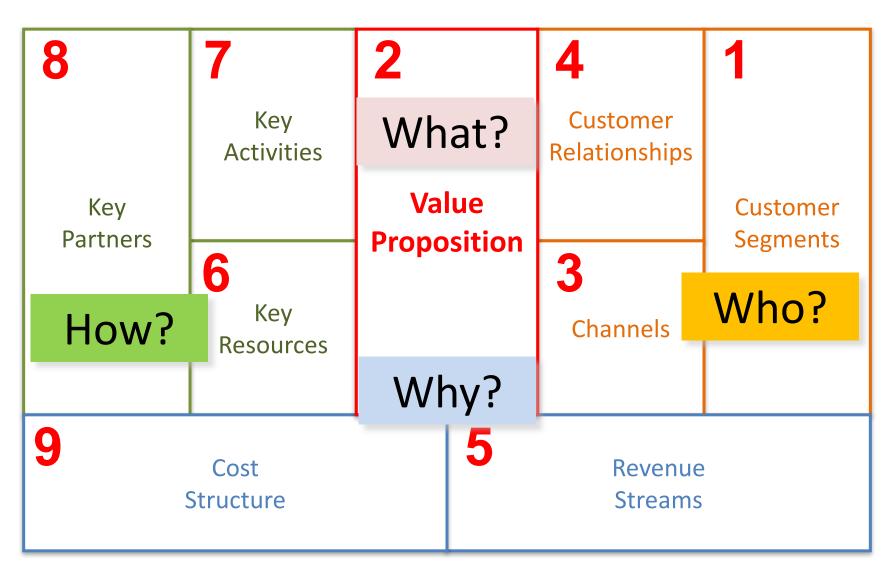
Business Model

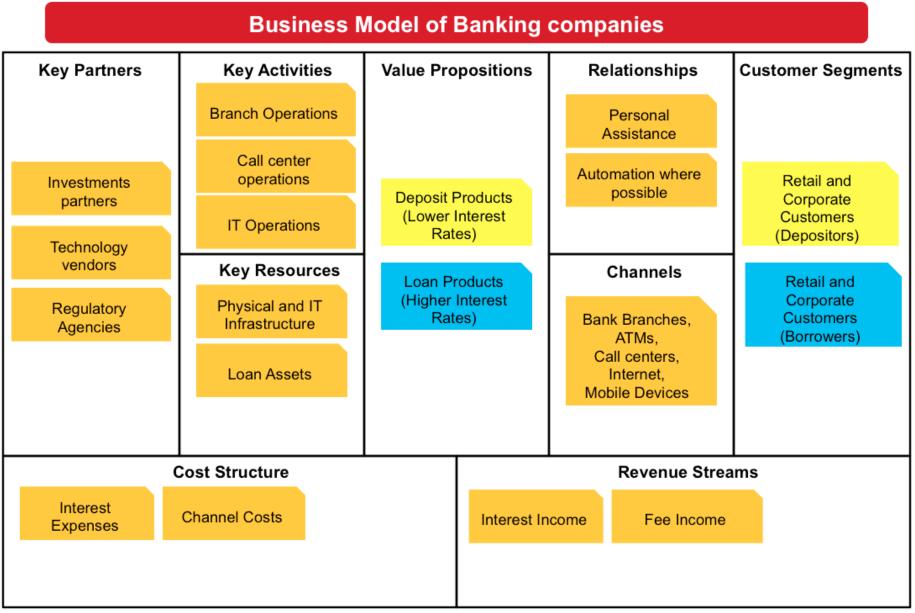
Value

Business Model

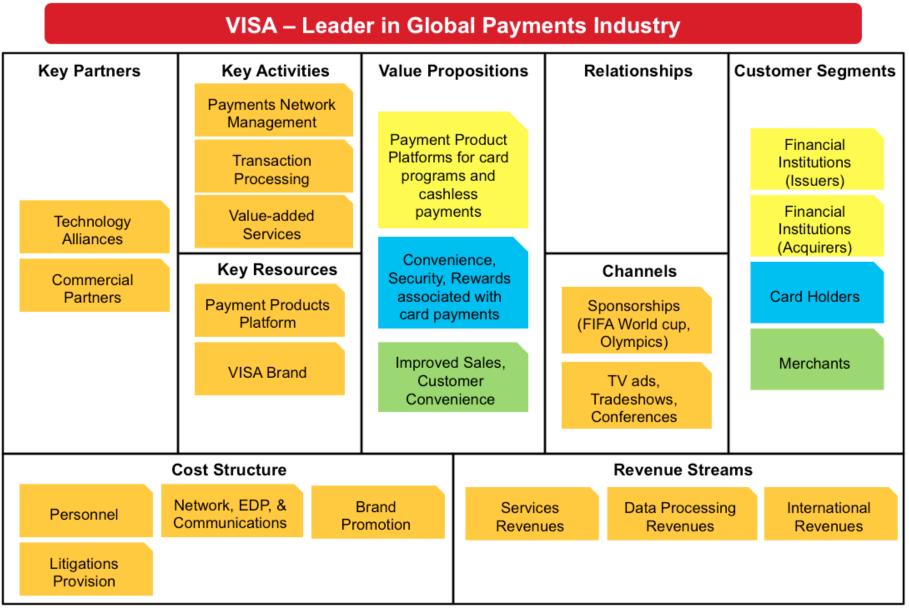


Business Model

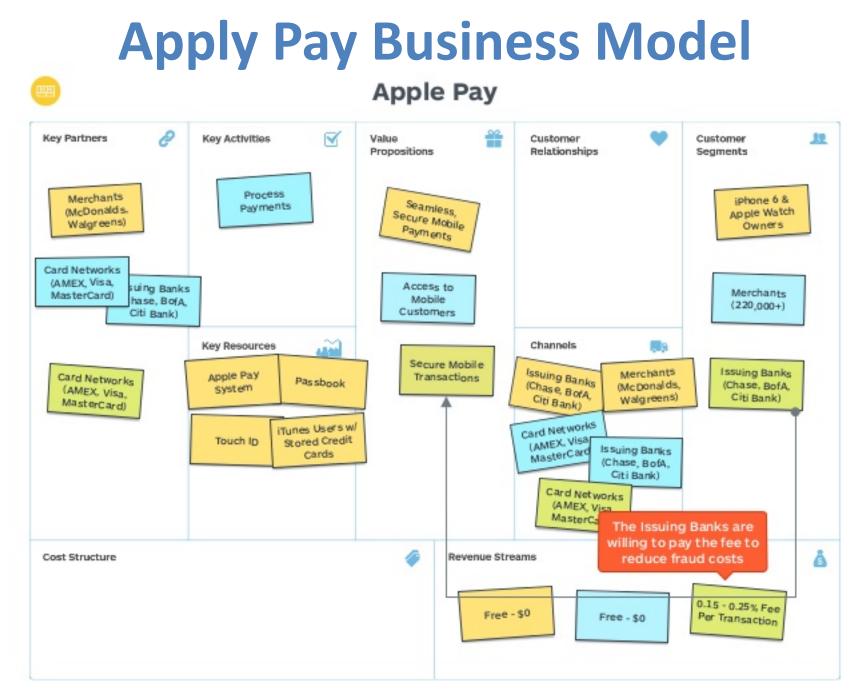




www.businessmodelgeneration.com



www.businessmodelgeneration.com

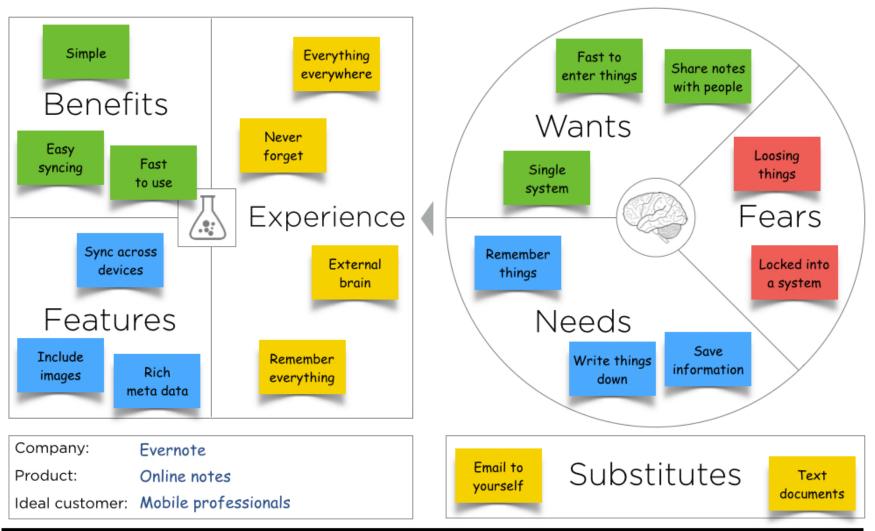


Value Proposition

Value Proposition Canvas

Product

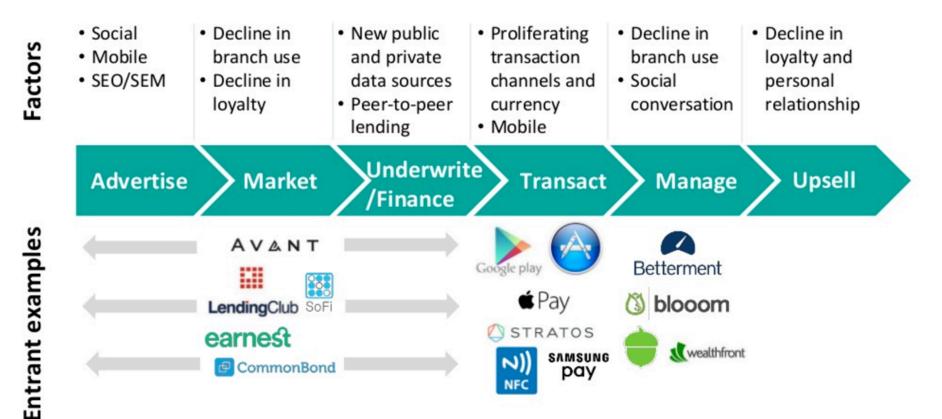
Customer



Based on the work of Steve Blank, Clayton Christensen, Seth Godin, Yves Pigneur and Alex Osterwalder. Released under creative commons license to encourage adaption and iteration. No rights asserted.

Source: http://www.peterjthomson.com/value-proposition-canvas-example-evernote/

Financial Value Chain



Business Models Innovation

Why Business Model Innovation

Target Market

Revenue Mechanism

Value Proposition

Value Network (Ecosystem)

Value Chain

Competitive Strategy

Source: Chesbrough, Henry. "Business model innovation: it's not just about technology anymore." Strategy & leadership 35, no. 6 (2007): 12-17.

Business Model Innovation

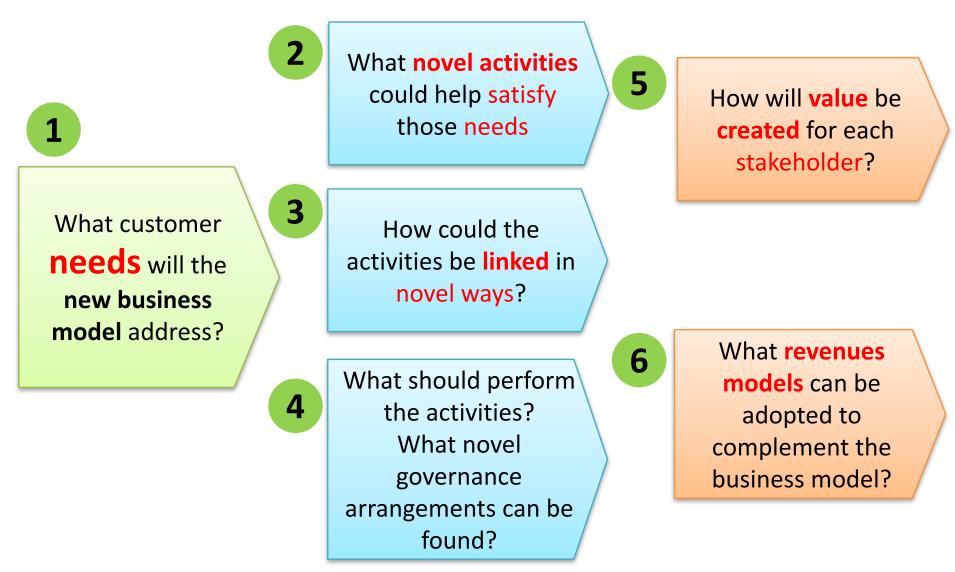
Adding new activities

Linking activities in novel ways

Changing one or more parties that perform any of the activities

Source: Amit, Raphael, and Christoph Zott. "Creating value through business model innovation." *MIT Sloan Management Review* 53, no. 3 (2012): 41.

Business Model Innovation



Source: Amit, Raphael, and Christoph Zott. "Creating value through business model innovation." *MIT Sloan Management Review* 53, no. 3 (2012): 41.

Digital goods

- Goods that can be delivered over a digital network
 - For example: music tracks, video, software, newspapers, books
- Cost of producing first unit is almost entire cost of product
- Costs of delivery over the Internet very low
- Marketing costs remain the same; pricing highly variable
- Industries with digital goods are undergoing revolutionary changes (publishers, record labels, etc.)

Types of E-Commerce

- Three major types of e-commerce
 - Business-to-Consumer (B2C)
 - Example: BarnesandNoble.com
 - Business-to-Business (B2B)
 - Example: ChemConnect
 - Consumer-to-Consumer (C2C)
 - Example: eBay
- E-commerce can be categorized by platform
 Mobile Commerce (m-commerce)

50

E-commerce Business Models

- 1. E-tailer
- 2. Transaction broker
- 3. Market creator
- 4. Content provider
- 5. Community provider
- 6. Portal
- 7. Service provider

51

Business Models of the Future

BUSINESS MODEL	DESCRIPTION	EXAMPLES
SUBSCRIPTION	Takes a product/service traditionally purchased on an ad hoc basis and locks in repeat customers by charging a subscription fee	NETFLIX, APPLE MUSIC
FREEMIUM	Users pay for product/service with their data rather than their money, then are charged to upgrade to a full offer	SPOTIFY, LINKEDIN, DROPBOX
FREE	Involves selling personal data or 'advertising eyeballs' harvested by offering consumers a free product/service	GOOGLE, FACEBOOK
MARKETPLACE	Provides a digital marketplace that brings together buyers and sellers in return for a transaction/placement fee or commission	eBAY, iTUNES, APP STORE, UBER, AIRBNB
ACCESS-OVER- OWNERSHIP	Provides temporary access to goods/services traditionally only available through purchase; includes 'sharing economy' disruptors	ZIPCAR, PEERBY, AIRBNB
HYPERMARKET	'Brand bombing' using sheer market power and scale to beat competition, often by selling below cost price	AMAZON, APPLE
EXPERIENCE	Disrupts by providing a superior experience, for which people are prepared to pay	TESLA, APPLE
PYRAMID	Recruits an army of resellers and affiliates who are often paid on a commission-only model	AMAZON, MICROSOFT, DROPBOX
ON-DEMAND	Monetises time and sells instant access at a premium; includes taking a commission from people with money but no time who pay for goods/ services delivered by people with time but no money	UBER, OPERATOR, TASKRABBIT
ECOSYSTEM	Sells an interlocking and interdependent suite of products/services that increase in value as more are purchased, creating consumer dependency	APPLE, GOOGLE

Source: Digital Intelligence Today, Syzygy/WPP 2015

Understanding Business Model

- Business Model
- Revenue Model

- Business Strategy
- Business Strategy and Information System Alignment

Definition of Business Model

A business model describes the rationale of how an organization creates, delivers, and captures value.

Definition of Business Strategy

A business strategy is

a long term plan of action designed to achieve a particular goal or set of goals or objectives.

Business

 "the activity of providing goods and services involving financial, commercial and industrial aspects." (WordNet 2.0)

Model

• "a simplified description and representation of a complex entity or process." (WordNet 2.0)

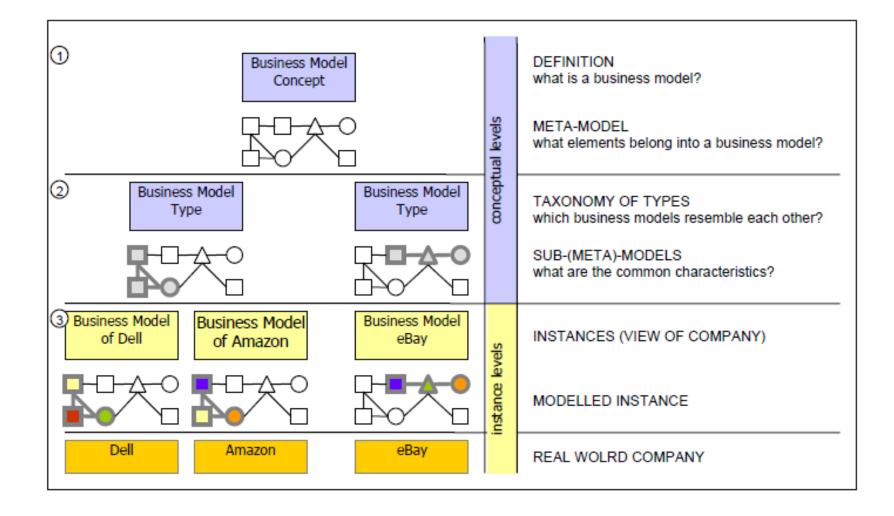
Business Model

- A business model is a conceptual tool containing a set of objects, concepts and their relationships with the objective to express the business logic of a specific firm.
- Therefore we must consider which concepts and relationships allow a simplified description and representation of what value is provided to customers, how this is done and with which financial consequences.

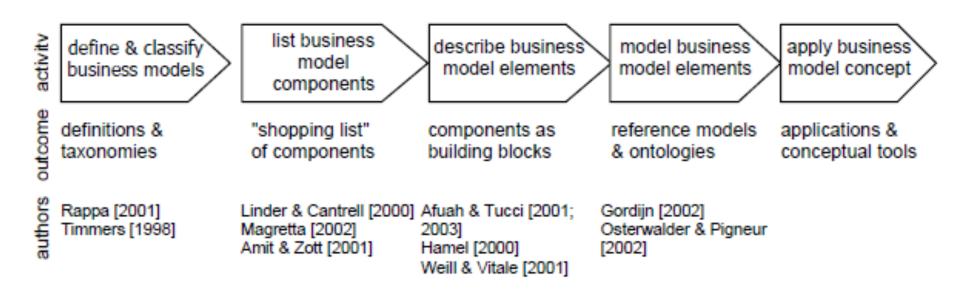
Occurrences of the Term "Business Model" in Scholarly Reviewed Journals

Year	In Title	In Abstract	In Keywords	in Full Text
2003	30	159	10	667
2002	22	109	2	617
2001	11	100	7	609
2000	16	67	1	491
1999	3	42	1	262
1998	1	19	0	128
1997	1	14	0	66
1996	0	14	0	57
1995	0	4	0	36
1994	0	2	0	18
1993	0	5	0	18
1992	0	2	0	15
1991	0	1	0	10
1990	0	4	0	7

Business Model Concept Hierarchy



Evolution of the Business Model Concept



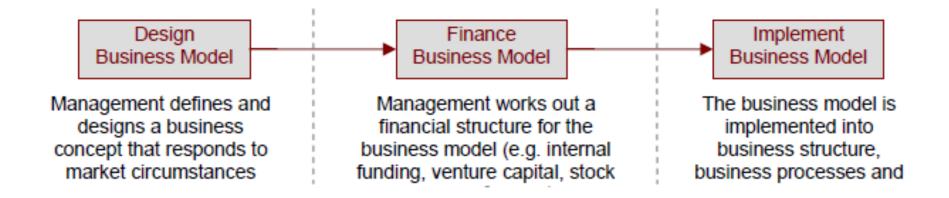
Business Model vs. Business Process Model

- Business Model
 - a view of the firm's logic for creating and commercializing value
- Business process model
 - how a business case is implemented in processes

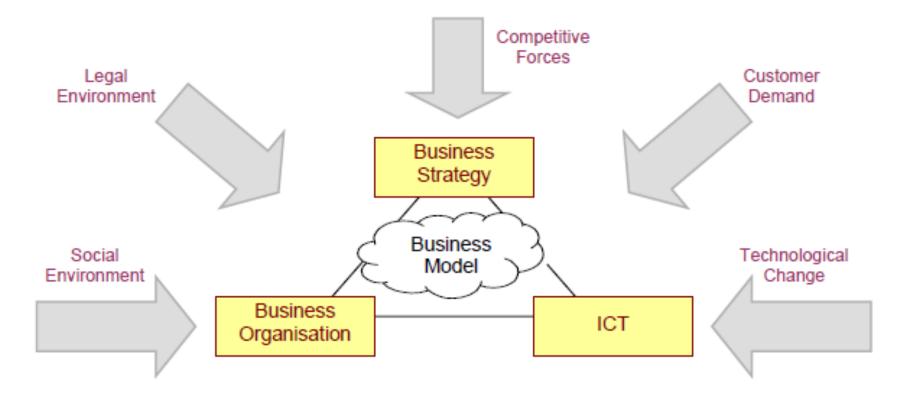
Business Model vs. Strategy

- Business Models
 - a system that shows how the pieces of a business fit together.
 - an abstraction of a firm's strategy
- Strategy
 - includes competition

Implementing Business Models



The Business Model's Place in the Firm



Nine Business Model Building Blocks

Pillar	Business Model Building Block	Description			
Product	Value Proposition	Gives an overall view of a company's bundle of products and services.			
Customer Interface	Target Customer	Describes the segments of customers a company wants to offer value to.			
	Distribution Channel	Describes the various means of the company to get in touch with its customers.			
	Relationship	Explains the kind of links a company establishes between itself and its different customer segments.			
Infrastructure Management	Value Configuration	Describes the arrangement of activities and resources.			
	Core Competency	Outlines the competencies necessary to execute the company's business model.			
	Partner Network	Portrays the network of cooperative agreements with othe companies necessary to efficiently offer and commercialize value.			
Financial Aspects	Cost Structure	Sums up the monetary consequences of the means employed in the business model.			
	Revenue Model	Describes the way a company makes money through a variety of revenue flows.			

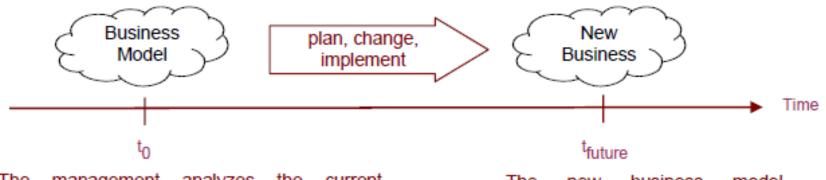
Domains Addressed in Business Models

Business model ontology	Stähler 2001	Weill and Vitale 2001	Petrovic, Kittl et al.	Gordijn 2002	Afuah and Tucci 2003	Tapscott, Ticoll et al. 2000	Linder and Cantrell 2000
Value Proposition	value proposition	Value Proposition, strategic objective	Value Model	Value offering	Customer Value		value proposition
Target Customer		Customer Segments		Market Segment	Scope		
Distribution Channel		Channels	Customer relations model				channel model
Customer Relationship			Customer relations model				commerce relationship
Value Configuration	Architecture		Production Mode	e3-value configuration	connected activities, value configuration	b-webs	commerce process model
Capability		Core competencies, CSF	Resource Model		capabilities		
Partnership	Architecture	e-business schematics		Actors	sustainability (team-up strategy)	b-webs	
Cost Structure				Value exchange	cost structure		
Revenue Model	Revenue Model	Source of revenue	Revenue Model	value exchange	pricing, revenue source		pricing model, revenue model

Domains Addressed in Business Models (cont.)

Business model ontology	Hamel 2000	Mahadevan 2000	Chesbrough and Rosenbloom 2000	Magretta 2002	Amit and Zott 2001	Applegate and Collura 2001	Maitland and Van de Kar 2002
Value Proposition	Product/market scope	Value stream	Value proposition	What does the customer value?	Transaction component	Product and Services offered	Value proposition, assumed value
Target Customer	Market scope		Market segment	Who is the customer?		Market opportunity	Market segment
Distribution Channel	Fulfillment & support, info & insight			How can we deliver value at an appropriate cost?		Marketing/sales model	
Customer Relationship	Relationship dynamics					Brand and reputation	
Value Configuration	Core processes	Logistical stream	Structure of the value chain		Architectural configuration	Operating model	
Capability	core competencies, strategic assets					Organization and culture, management model)	
Partnership	suppliers, partners, coalitions		Position in the value chain		Transaction component	Partners	Companies involved in creating value
Cost Structure			Cost structure	What is the underlying economic vale?			
Revenue Model	pricing structure	Revenue stream		How do we make money in this business		Benefits to firm and stakeholders	Revenue Model

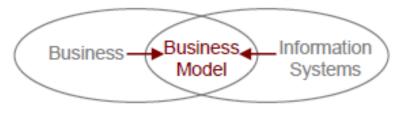
Planning, Changing and Implementing Business Models



The management analyzes the current business model's adequacy to environmental pressures and designs a new business model The new business model becomes a goal to achieve and guides planning, change and implementation

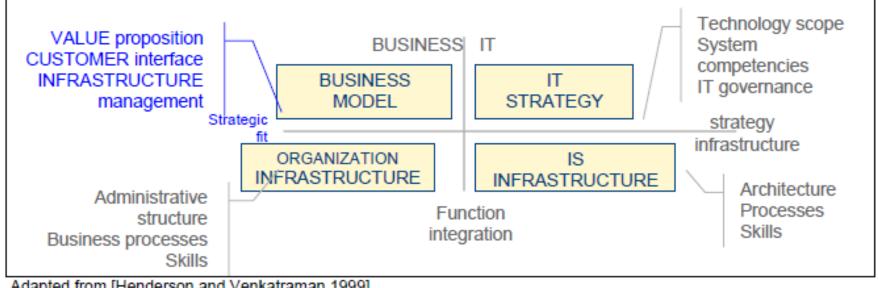
Business Strategy and Information Systems Alignment

Managers are aware of the use of Information Systems to realize goals, exploit opportunities and obtain competitive advantage



Information Systems support the company's business model and are targeted on areas that are critical to successful business performance

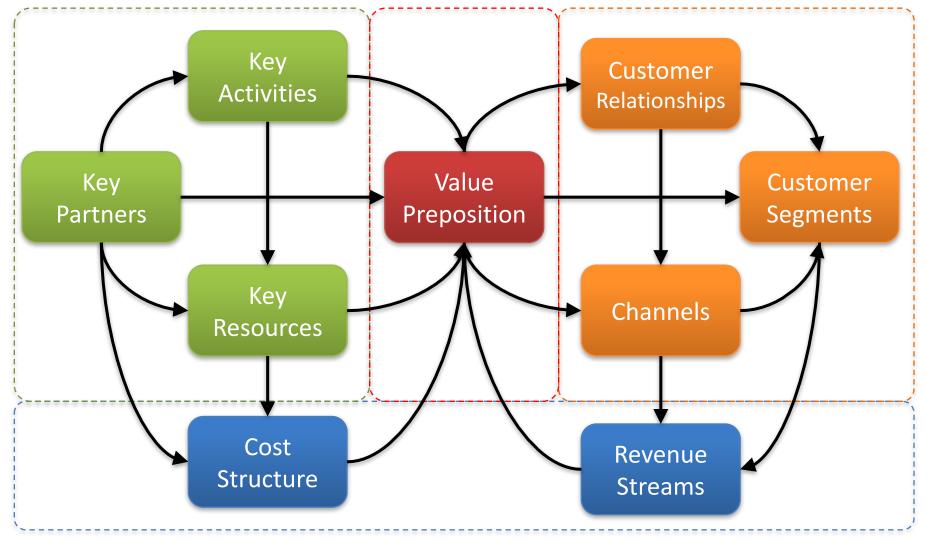
Business and IT/IS Alignment



Adapted from [Henderson and Venkatraman 1999]

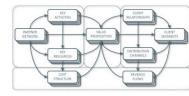
Business Model Canvas

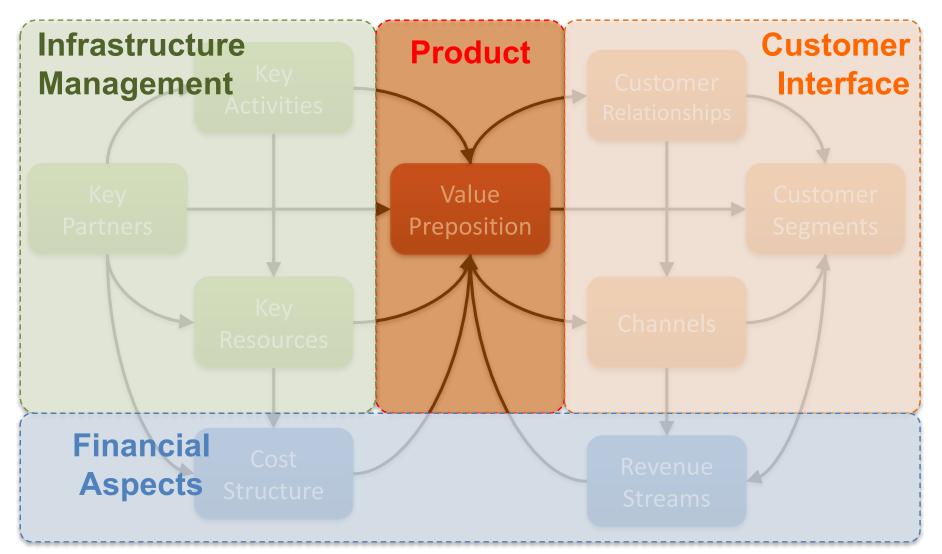




Source: http://nonlinearthinking.typepad.com/nonlinear_thinking/2008/07/the-business-model-canvas.html https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QoAOzMTLP5s

Business Model Canvas



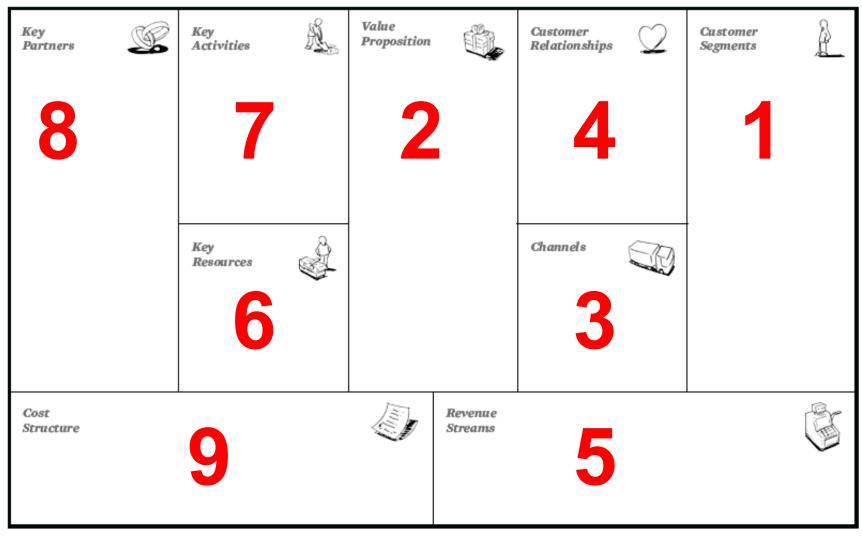


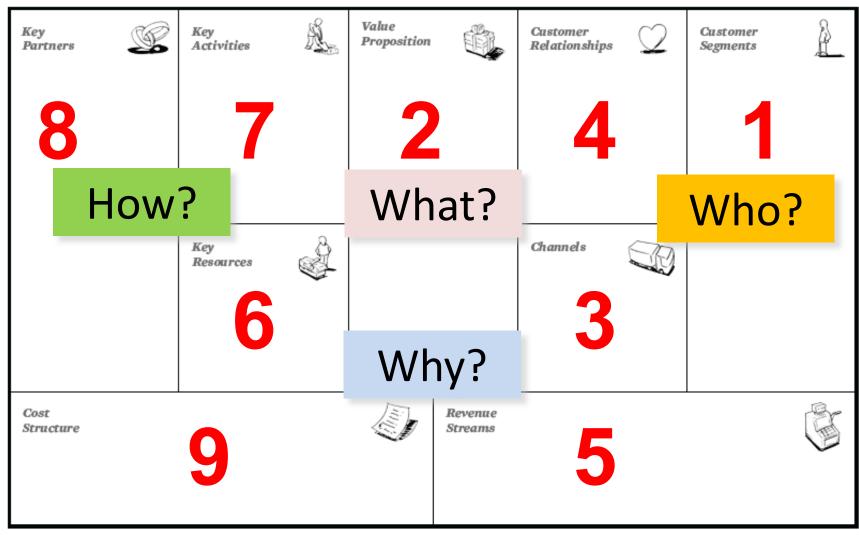
Source: http://nonlinearthinking.typepad.com/nonlinear_thinking/2008/07/the-business-model-canvas.html https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QoAOzMTLP5s

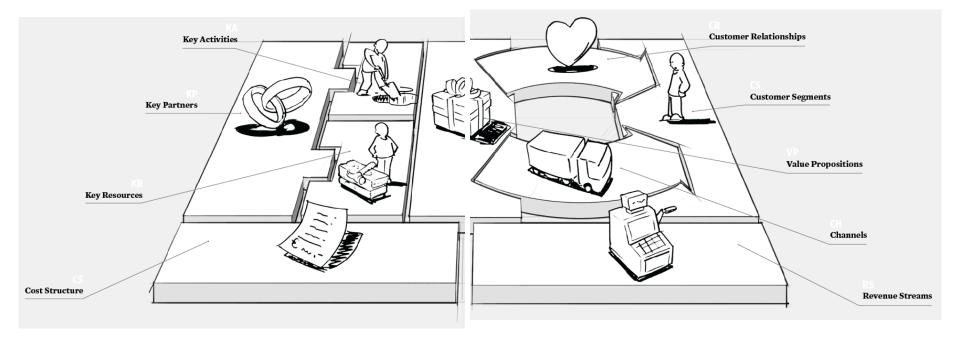
Business Model Canvas Explained



Source: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QoAOzMTLP5s

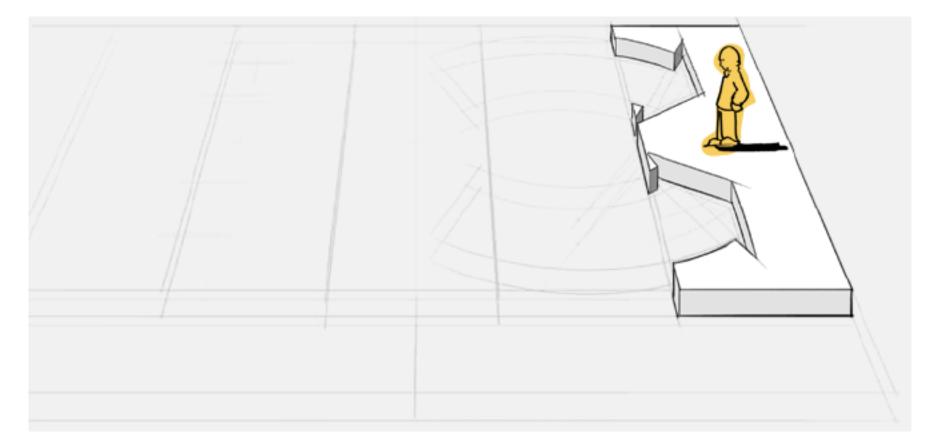






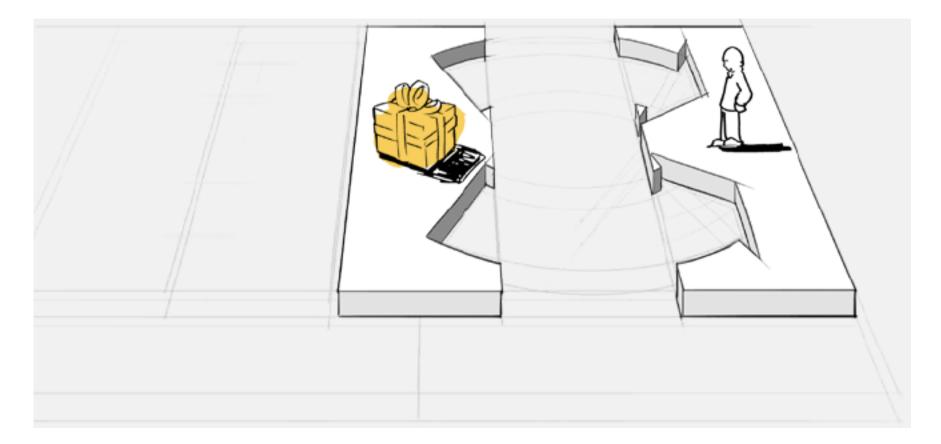
1. Customer Segments

Defines the different groups of people or organizations an enterprise aims to reach and serve



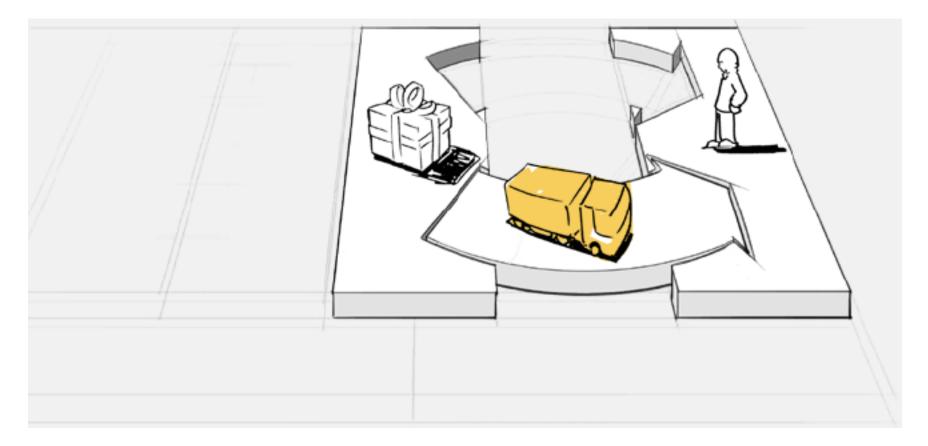
2. Value Propositions

Describes the bundle of products and services that create value for a specific Customer Segment



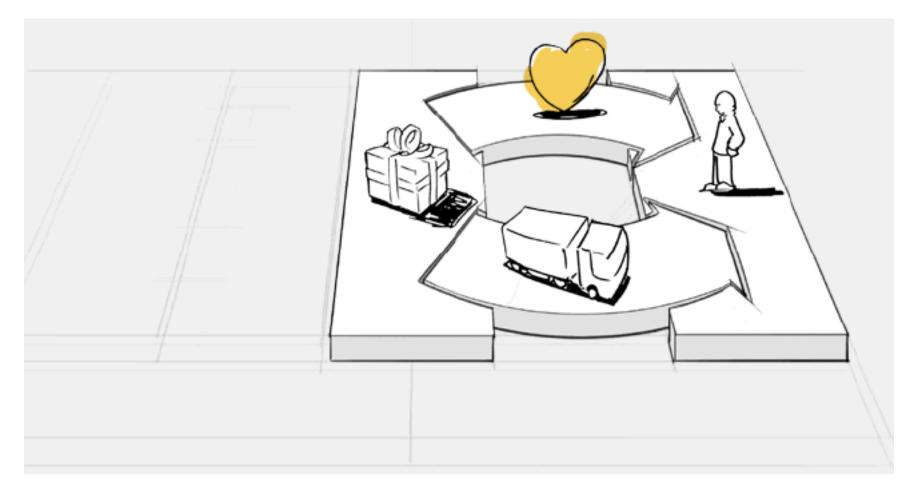
3. Channels

Describes how a company communicates with and reaches its Customer Segments to deliver a Value Proposition



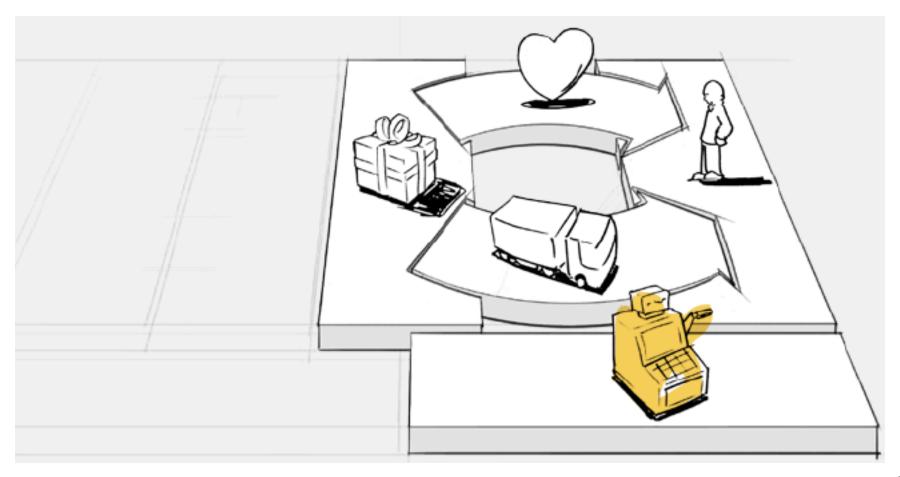
4. Customer Relationships

Describes the types of relationships a company establishes with specific Customer Segments



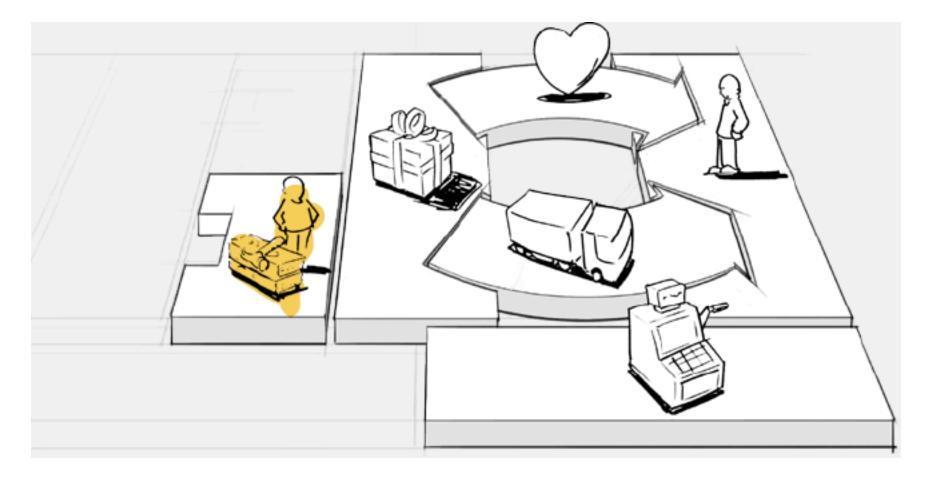
5. Revenue Streams

Represents the cash a company generates from each Customer Segment (costs must be subtracted from revenues to create earnings)



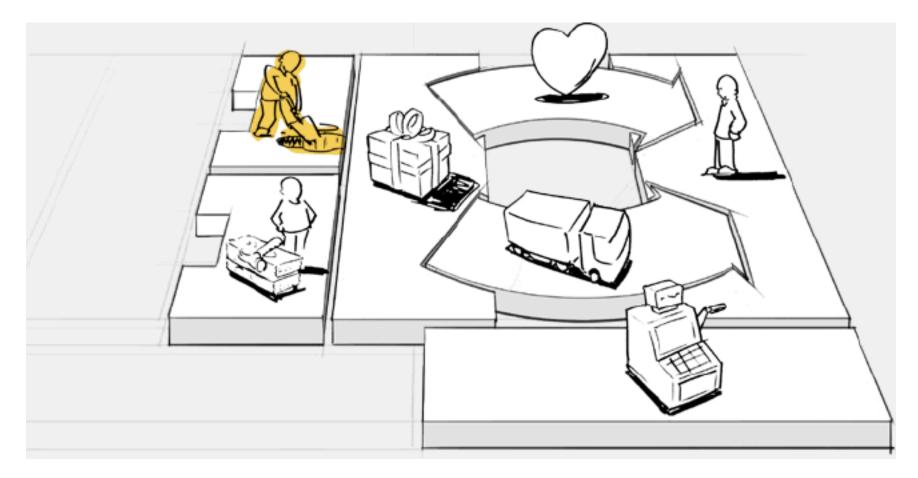
6. Key Resources

Describes the most important assets required to make a business model work



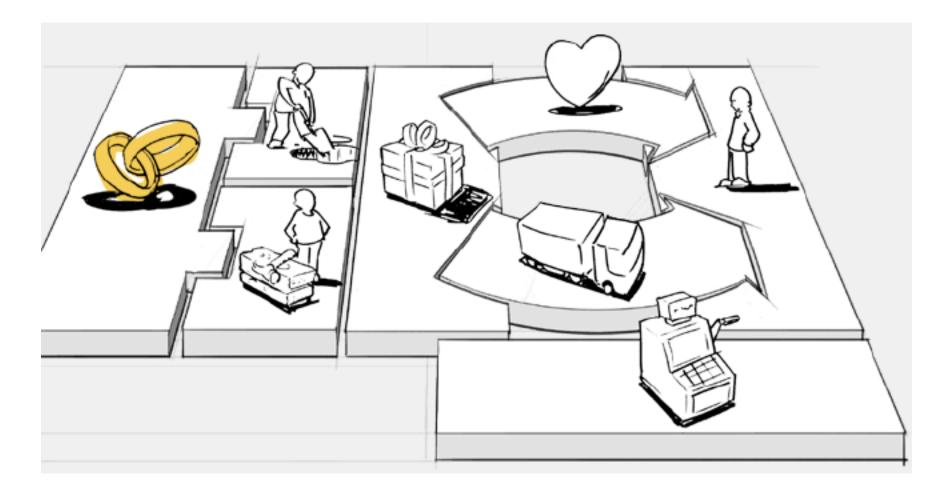
7. Key Activities

Describes the most important things a company must do to make its business model work



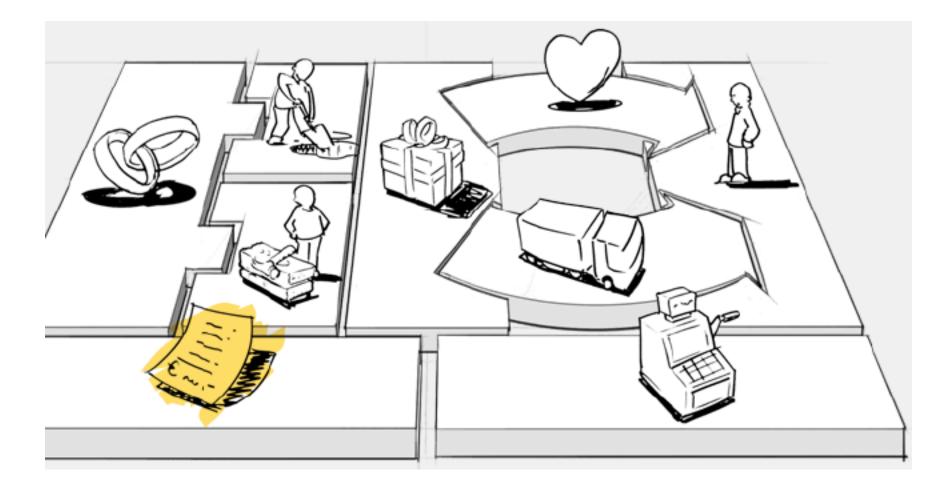
8. Key Partnerships

Describes the network of suppliers and partners that make the business model work



9. Cost Structure

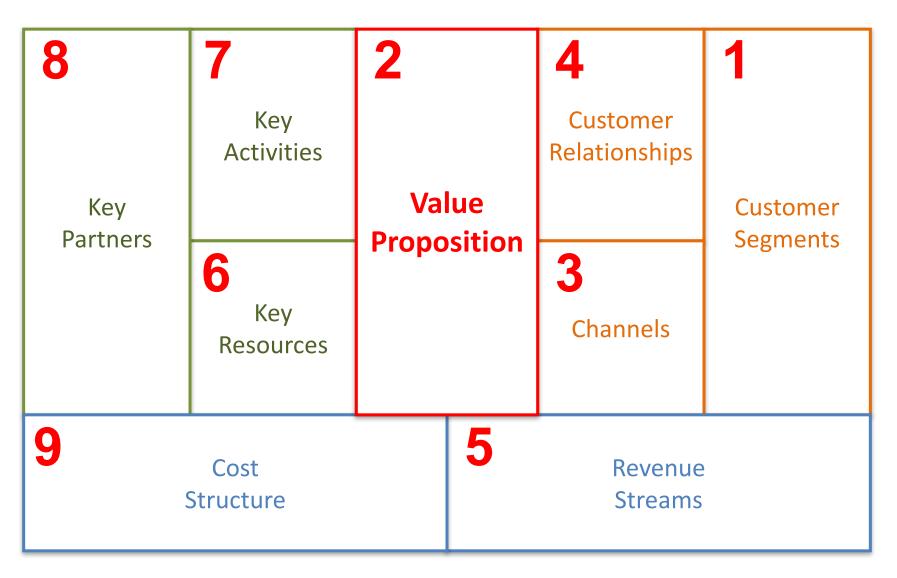
Describes all costs incurred to operate a business model



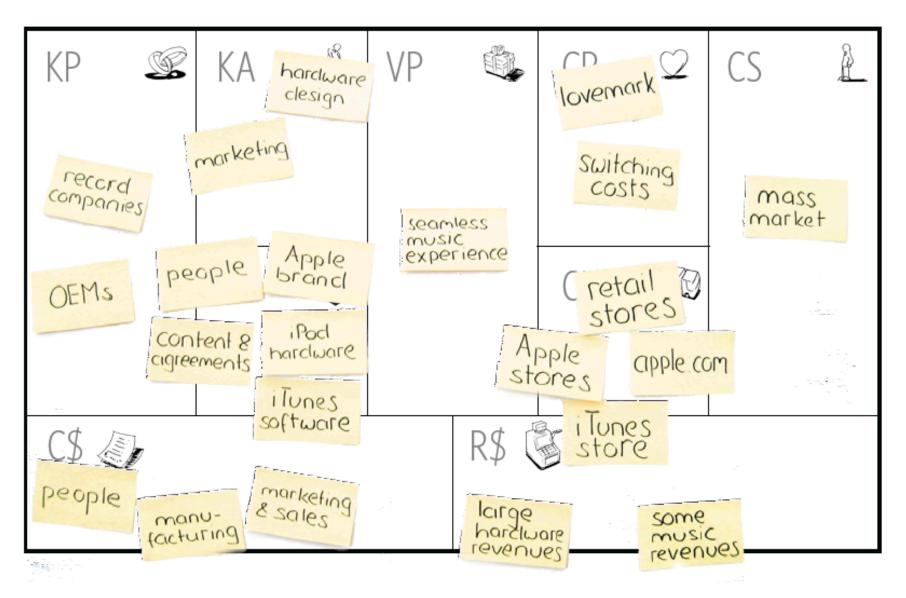
- 1. Customer Segments
 - An organization serves one or several Customer Segments.
- 2. Value Propositions
 - It seeks to solve customer problems and satisfy customer needs with value propositions.
- 3. Channels
 - Value propositions are delivered to customers through communication, distribution, and sales Channels.
- 4. Customer Relationships
 - Customer relationships are established and maintained with each Customer Segment.

- 5. Revenue Streams
 - Revenue streams result from value propositions successfully offered to customers.
- 6. Key Resources
 - Key resources are the assets required to offer and deliver the previously described elements...
- 7. Key Activities
 - ...by performing a number of Key Activities.
- 8. Key Partnerships
 - Some activities are outsourced and some resources are acquired outside the enterprise.
- 9. Cost Structure
 - The business model elements result in the cost structure.

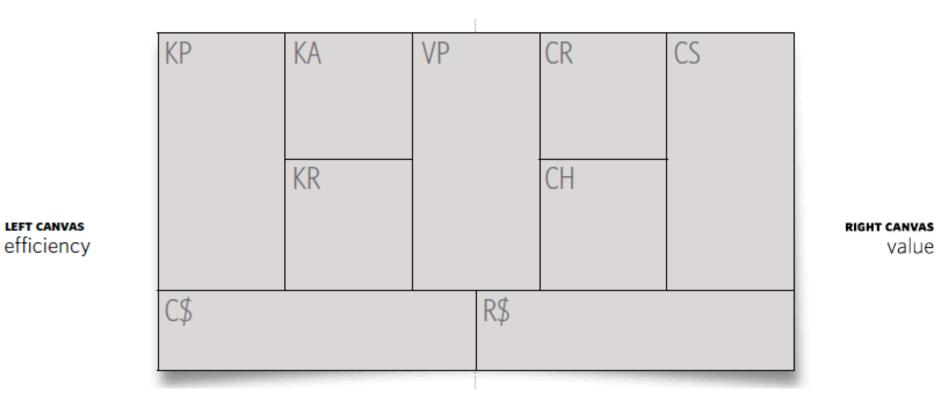
Business Model

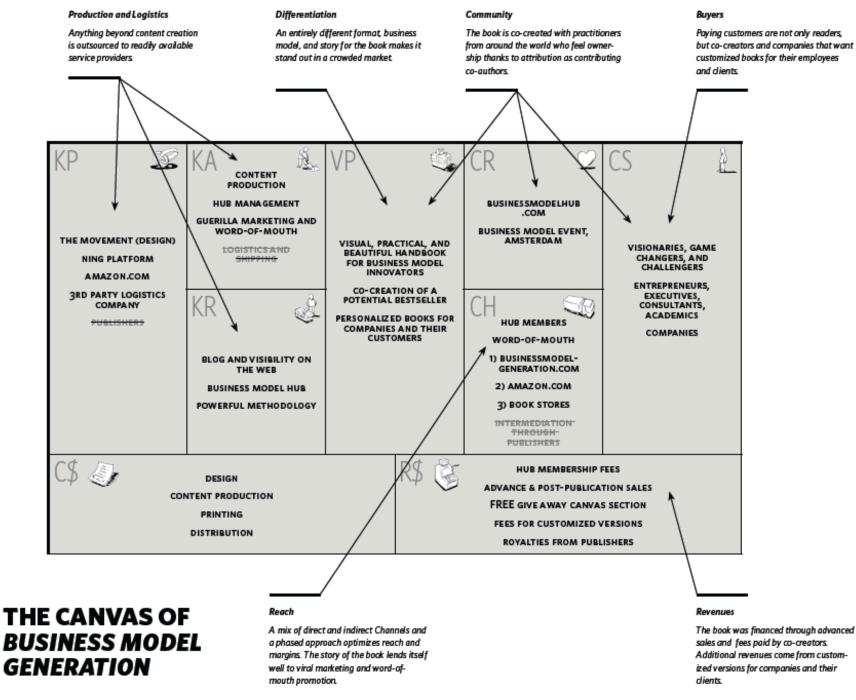


Business Model Generation

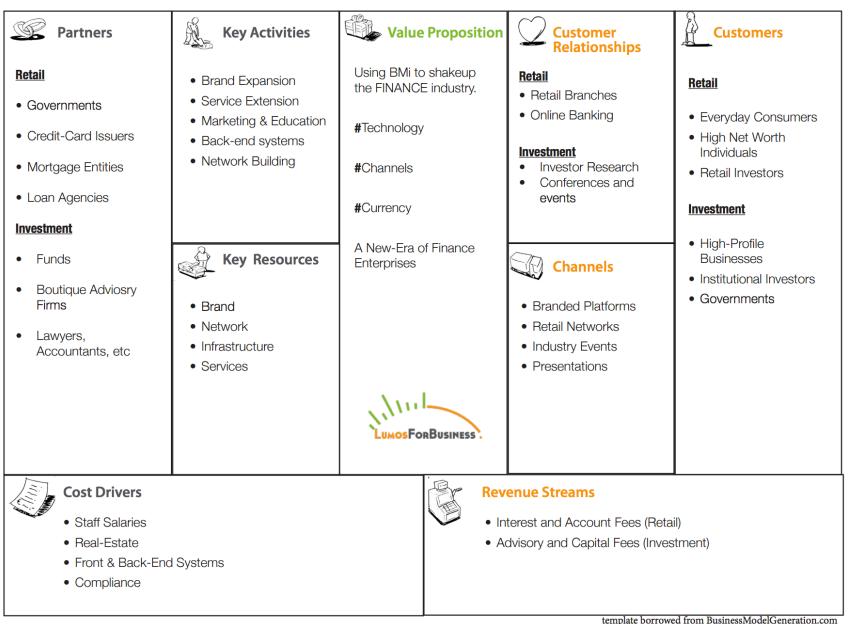


Business Model Generation

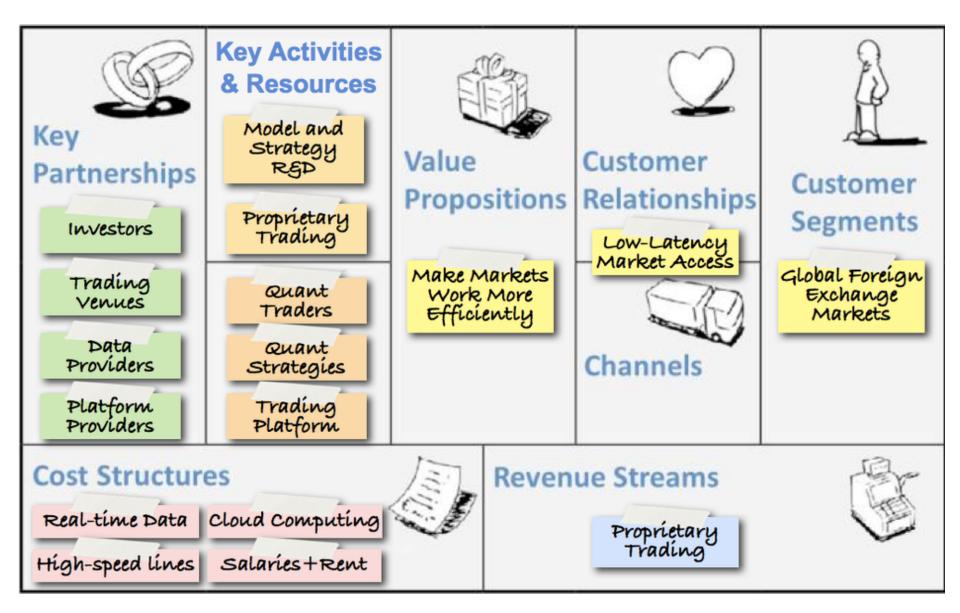




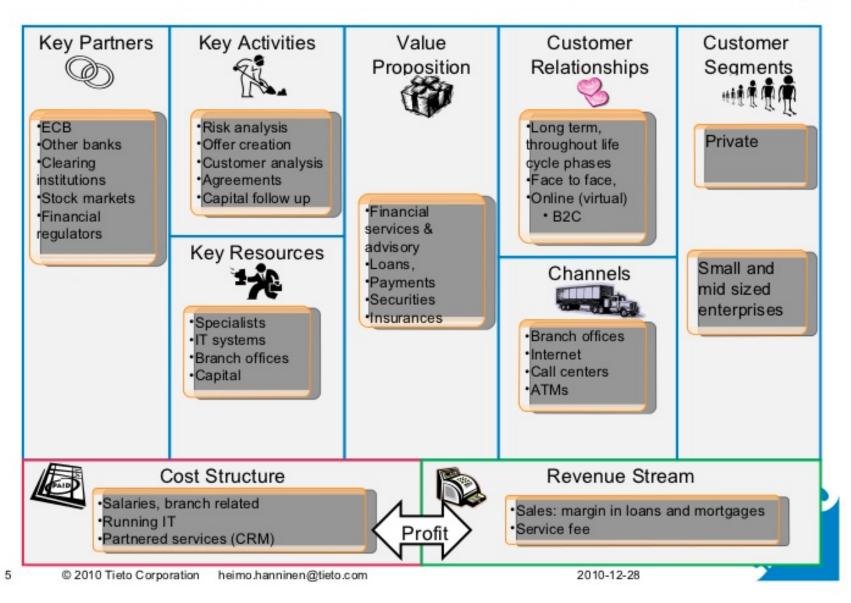
Finance Business Model



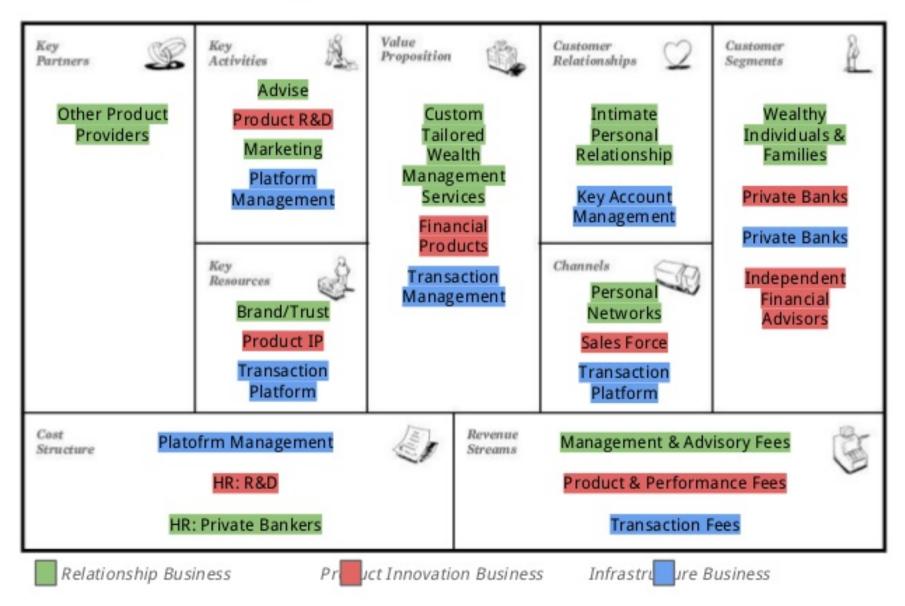
Foreign Exchange Business Model

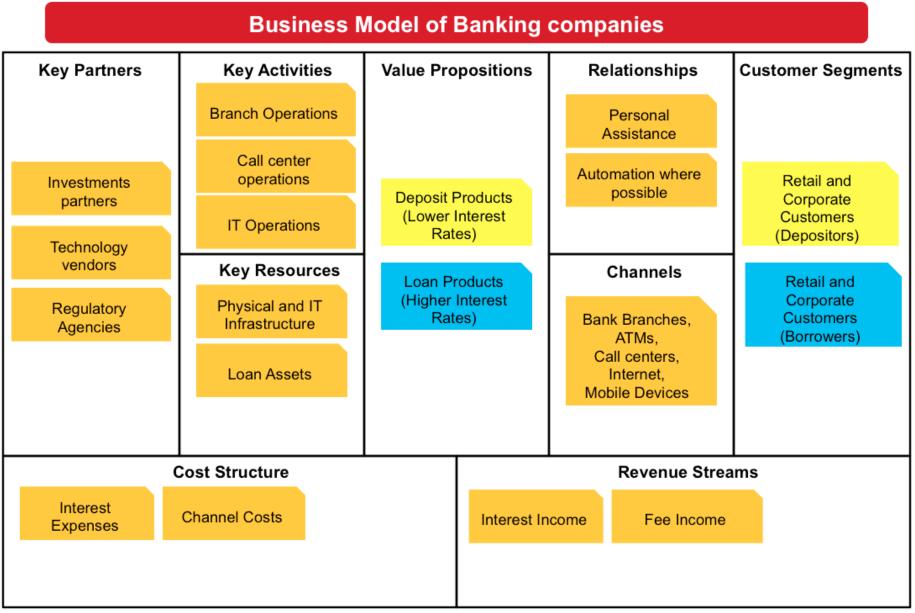


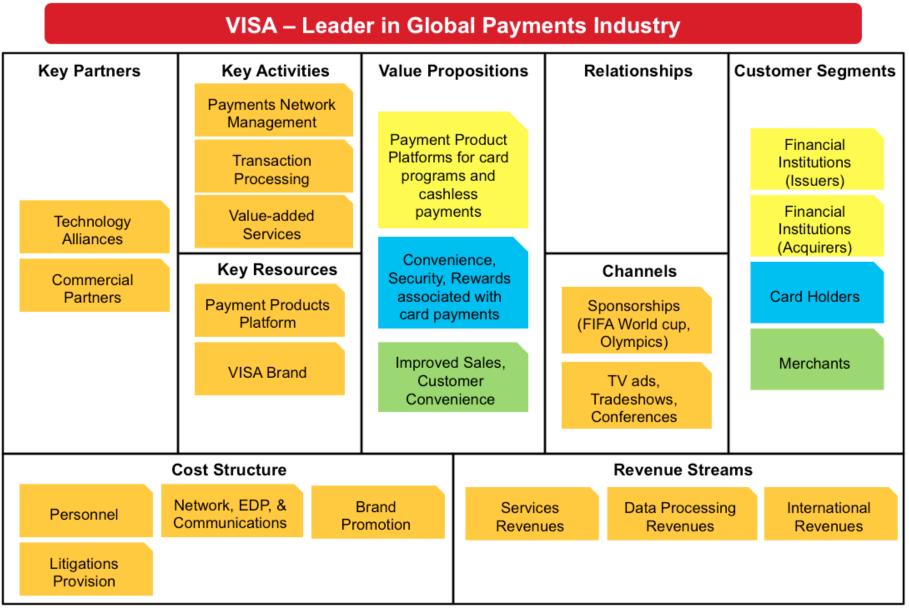
Bizz model canvas: SEB retail banking

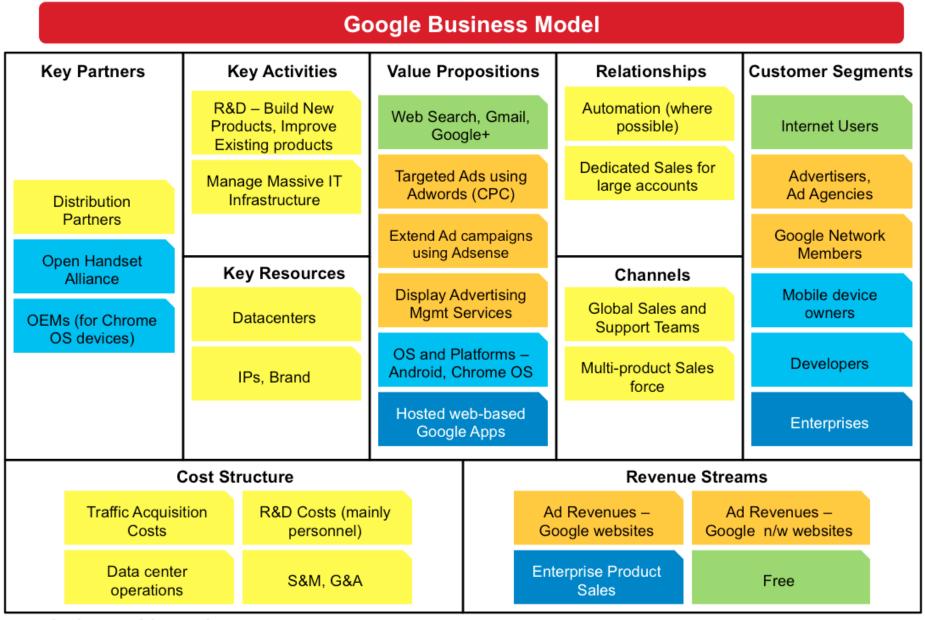


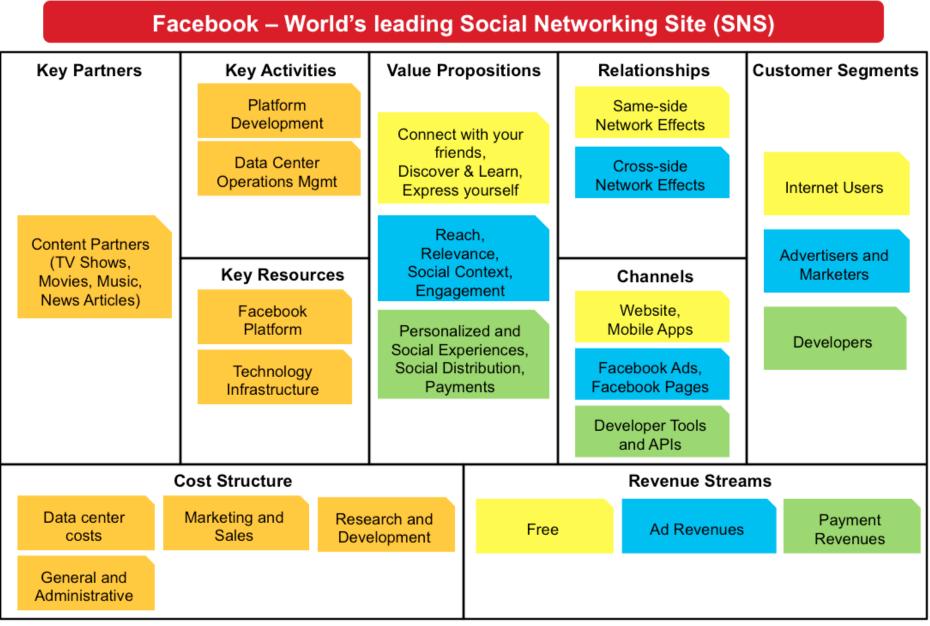
Private Banking (3 Business In One)

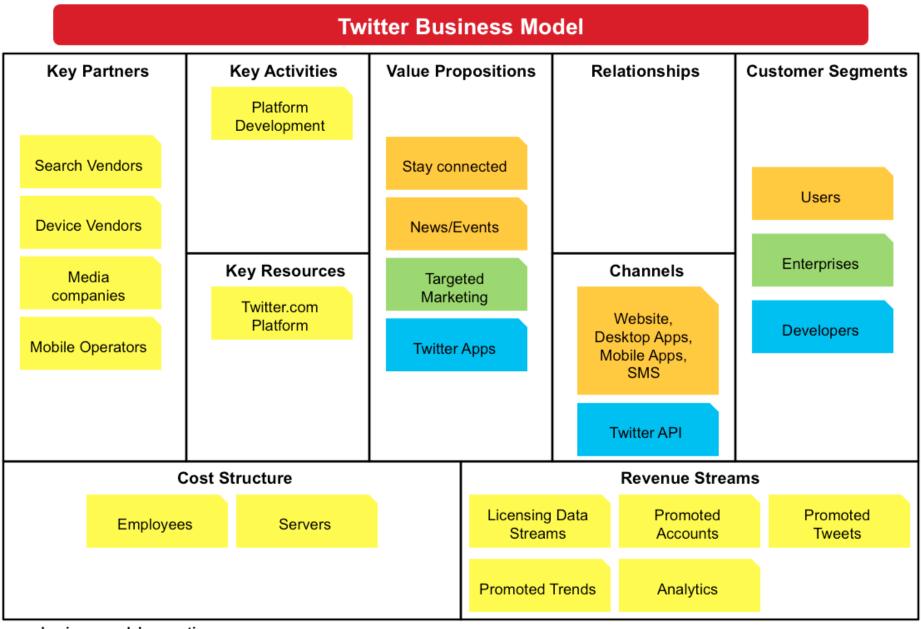




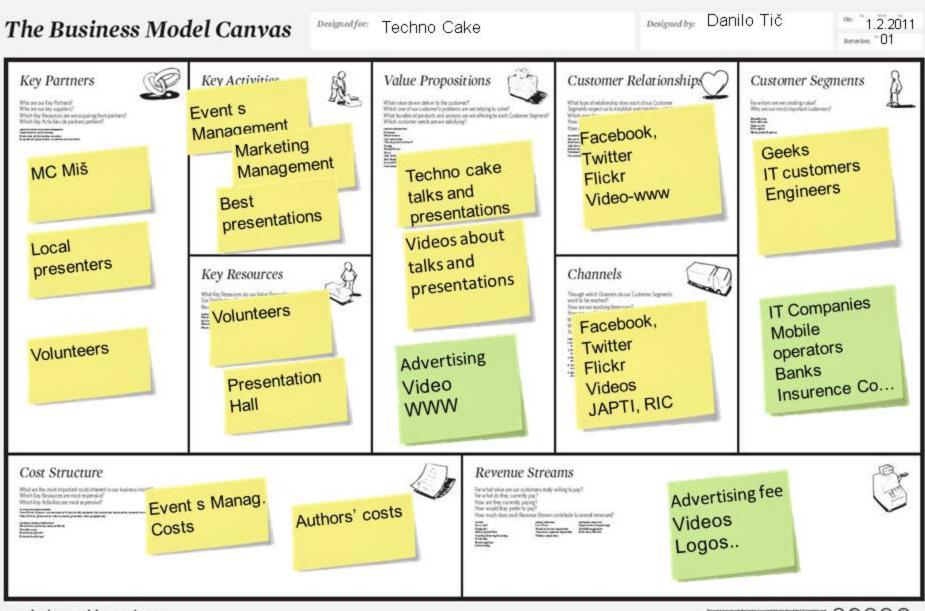








LinkedIn – World's Largest Professional Network							
Key Partners	Key Activities		Value Propositions		Relationships		Customer Segments
	Platform Development Key Resources		Manage Professional Identity and Build Professional Network Identify and Reach the Right Talent		Same-side Network Effects Cross-side Network Effects Channels		
							Internet Users
Equinix (for data center facilities)							Recruiters
Content Providers	LinkedIn Platform	dIn Platform		Reach the Target Audience		edIn Website, Iobile Apps	Advertisers and Marketers
			Access to LinkedIn Database Content via APIs and Widgets		Field Sales		Developers
Cost Structure				Revenue Streams			
Web Hosting costs			oduct Free Offe elopment Subscrip		nium Hiring Solutions		ns Marketing Solutions
General and Administrative							



How Airbnb Works? Insights into Business Model R **Revenue Model**

Source: http://nextjuggernaut.com/blog/airbnb-business-model-canvas-how-airbnb-works-revenue-insights/

Airbnb Business Model Canvas

Key Partners

- Hosts (People who rent their space)
- Guests (People who book spaces)
- Photographers (Freelance)
- Investors
- Payment Processors

Key Activities

Product Development & Management
Building Host network and Managing hosts
Building travelers network and managing guests

Key Resources

- Local Hosts
- Skilled Employees
 Technology
- rechnology

Value Bropositions

Hosts - Hosts can earn money by renting their space. - Airbnb offers insurance to house owners. - Free photo shoots for property listings through photographers.

Guests - Guests can book a homestay instead of hotel. - Prices are often less as compared to hotels.

Customer W Relationships

- Customer Service
- Social Media
- Promostional Offers
- Home Insurance

Channels +++

- Website - Mobile App for Android - Mobile App for iOS

Customer Segments

Hosts

People who own a house and want to earn extra money.
People who want to meet new people.

Guests

 People who love to travel.
 People who want to stay comfortably at a cheap price.

Revenue Streams



Commission from Hosts upon every booking
 Commission from Guests upon every booking

Cost Structure

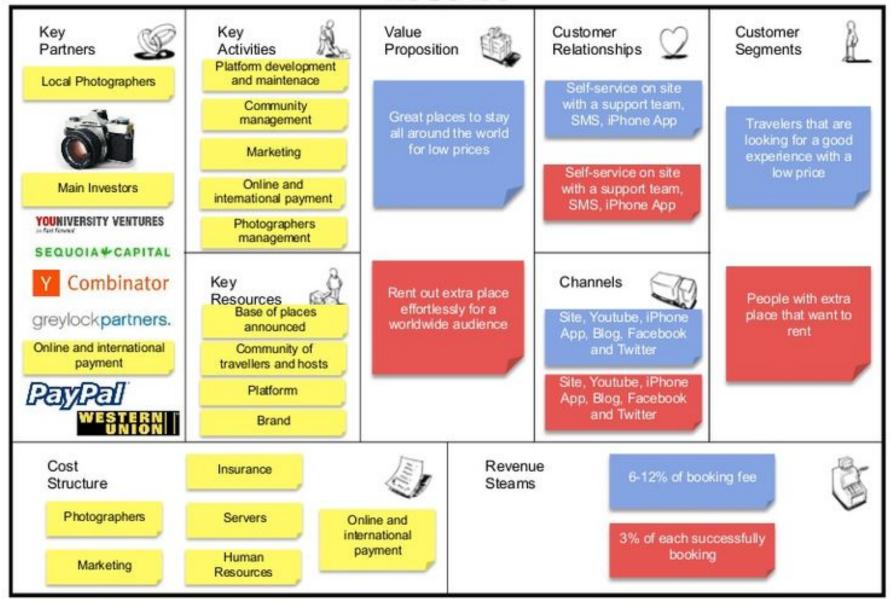
- Technological Set up & running costs

- Salaries to permanent employees
- Payments to freelance photographers





29 mar - 2012



How Uber Works? Insights into Business Model R **Revenue Model**

Uber Business Model Canvas

KEY PARTNERS:

- Drivers with their Cars
- Payment Processors
- Map API Providers

Investors

KEY ACTIVITIES:

- Product Development & Management
- Marketing & Custumer Acquisition
- Hiring Drivers
- Managing Driver Payouts
- Customer Support

KEY RESOURCES:

- Technological Platform
- Skilled Drivers

VALUE PROPOSITION:

CUSTOMERS:

- Minimum Waiting Time.
- Prices Lesser than the Normal Taxi Fares.
- Cashless Ride.
- Can see The ETA and Track The Cab on Map.

DRIVERS:

- Additional Source of Income.
- Flexible Working Schedules and can Work Part Time.
- Easy Payment Procedure.
- Drivers get Paid to be Online, even without can Requests.

CUTOMER RELATIONSHIP:

💠 Social Media

- Customer Support
- Review, Rating & Feedback System

CHANNELS:

- Websites
- Mobile App for Android
- Mobile App for iOS

CUSTOMER SEGMENTS:

USERS:

- Those who do not own a Car
- Those who do not want to drive themselves to a Party or Function.
- People who like to Travel in Style and want to be Treated as a VIP.
- Those who want a Cost-Efficient Cab at their Doorstep.

DRIVERS:

- People who own a Car and want to Earn Money.
- People who Love to Drive.
- Those who Wish to be called Partners Instead of Drivers.

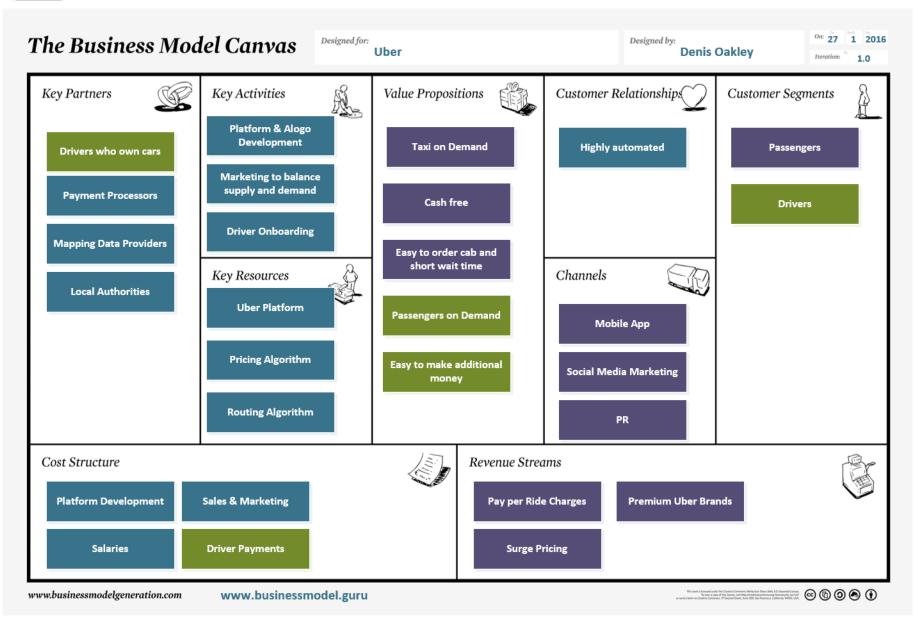
COST STRUCTURE:

- Technological Infrastructure
- Salaries to Permanent Employees
- Launch Events & Marketing Expenditure

REVENUE STREAMS:

- Car Rides on per Km/Mile basis.
- Surge Pricing
- UberX, Uber Taxi, Uber Black, Uber SUV etc.
- Uber Cargo, Uber Rideshare etc.

UBER Uber Business Model Canvas



UBER Ride Drive Cities

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HELP SIGN IN

0



Tap the app, get a ride

Uber is the smartest way to get around. One tap and a car comes directly to you. Your driver knows exactly where to go.

MORE REASONS TO RIDE >

https://www.uber.com/

Come up with Killer Startup Ideas



REDUCE

Time to wait Hassels of paying money Jnsure fare & waiting time

RAISE

Chances of getting taxis

Quality (ratings)

ssurance (Location tracking)

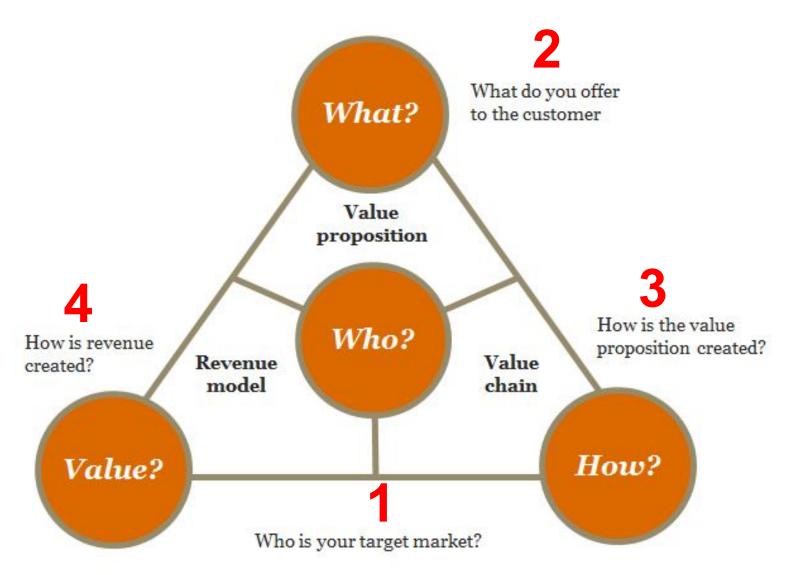
CREATE

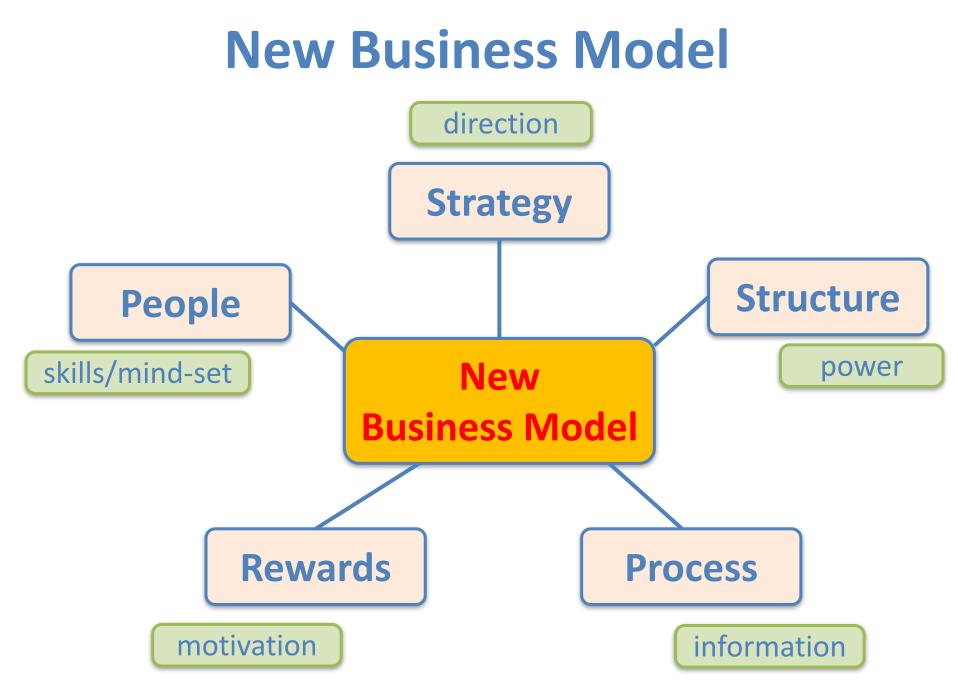
Ease of use Platform connecting customers&d Extra Revenues for Drivers

ELIMINATE

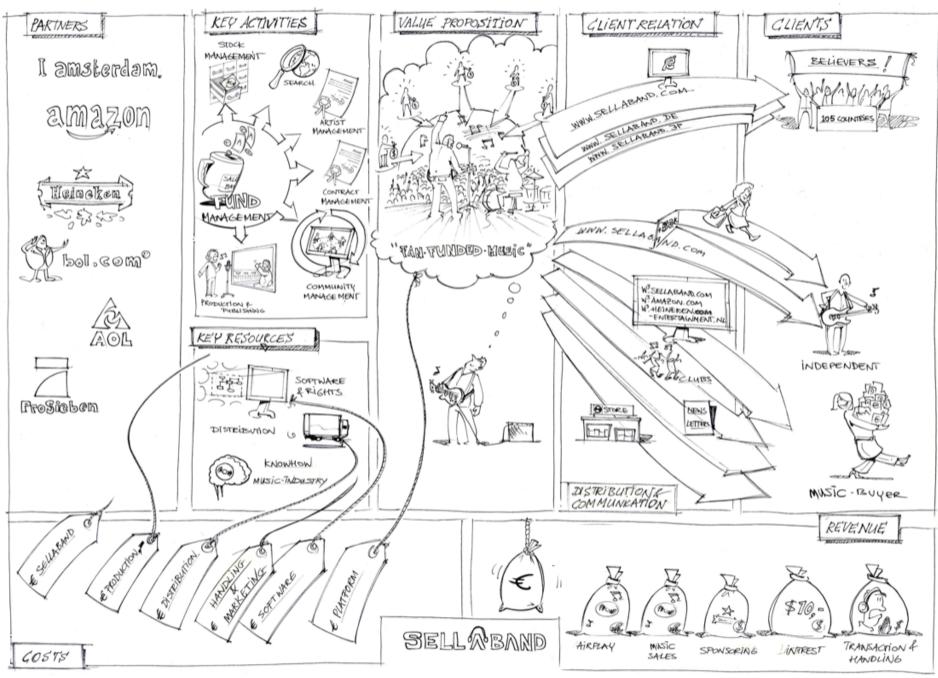
Uncertainty of getting taxis Waving hands to stop taxi

Structure of a Business Model





Source: https://www.slideshare.net/Alex.Osterwalder/private-banking-business-models



OFFERED TO SELLABAND BY JAM, BUSINESS MODELS INC. AND PWC

Customer Value

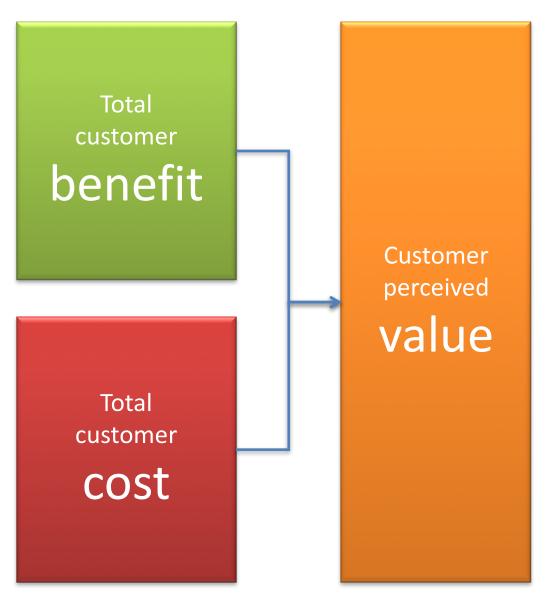
Marketing

"Meeting needs profitably"

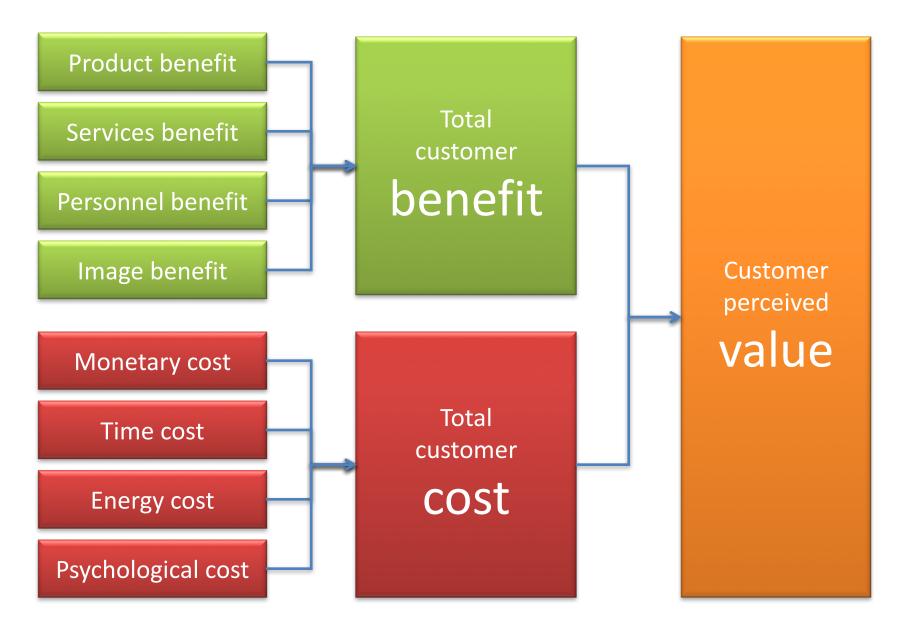
Value

the sum of the tangible and intangible benefits and costs

Value

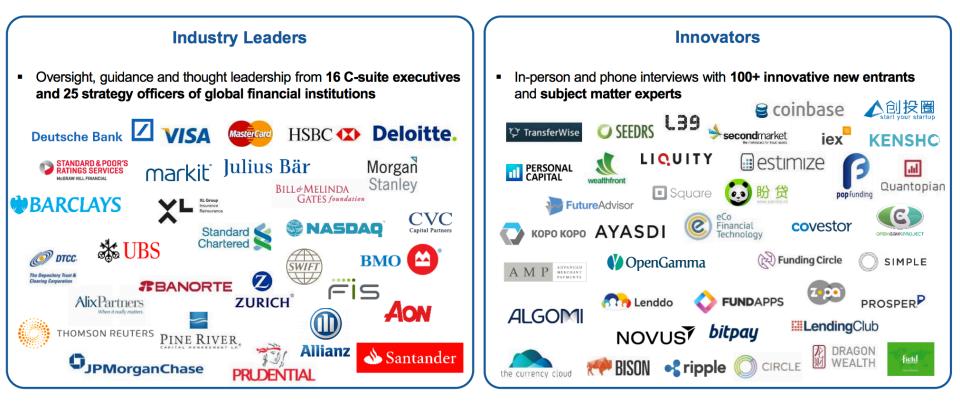


Customer Perceived Value



Source: Philip Kotler & Kevin Lane Keller, Marketing Management, 14th ed., Pearson, 2012

The Future of Financial Services



Source: World Economic Forum (2015), The Future of Financial Services, http://www3.weforum.org/docs/WEF_The_future_of_financial_services.pdf

Fintech Innovation: New Data Business Models

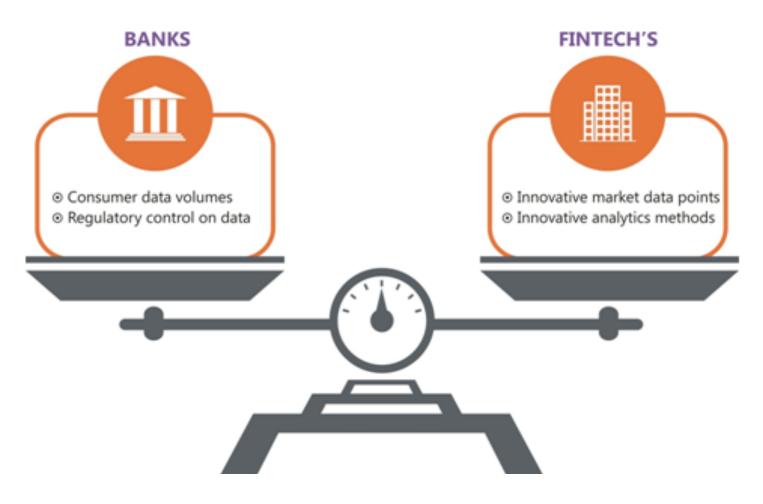
Fintech Innovation:

New Data Business Models

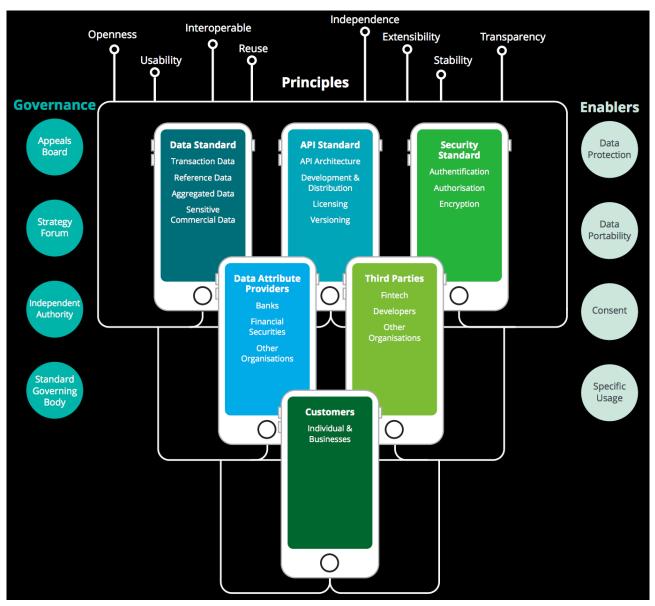




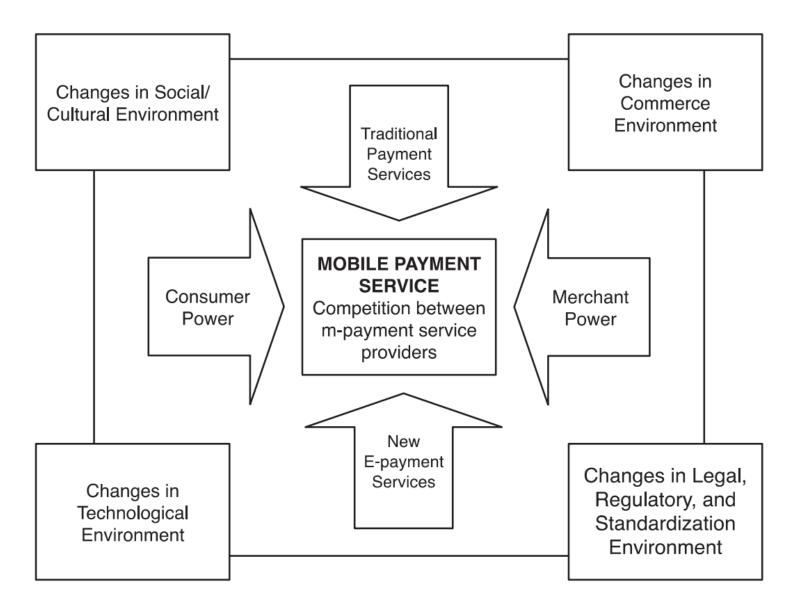
Fintech Innovation Together: Better Use of Data



Open API for FinTech

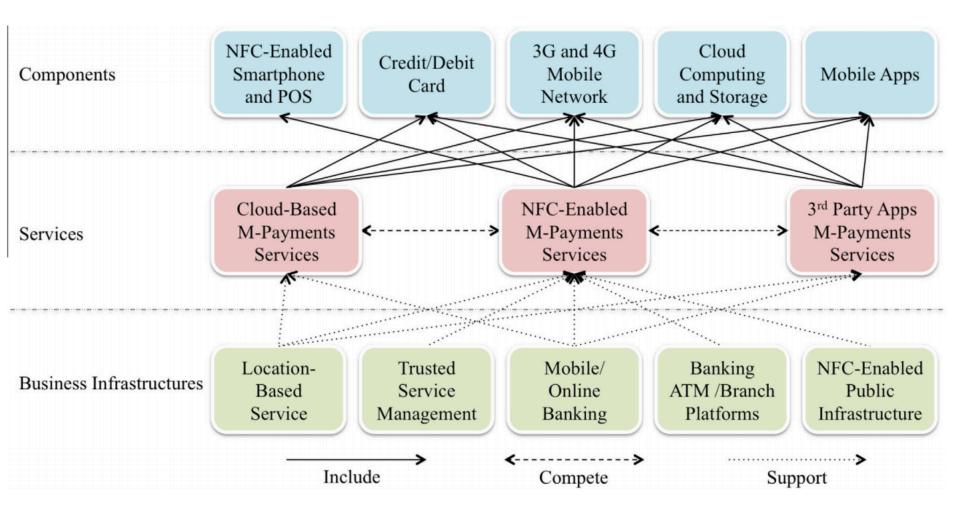


Mobile Payment Service



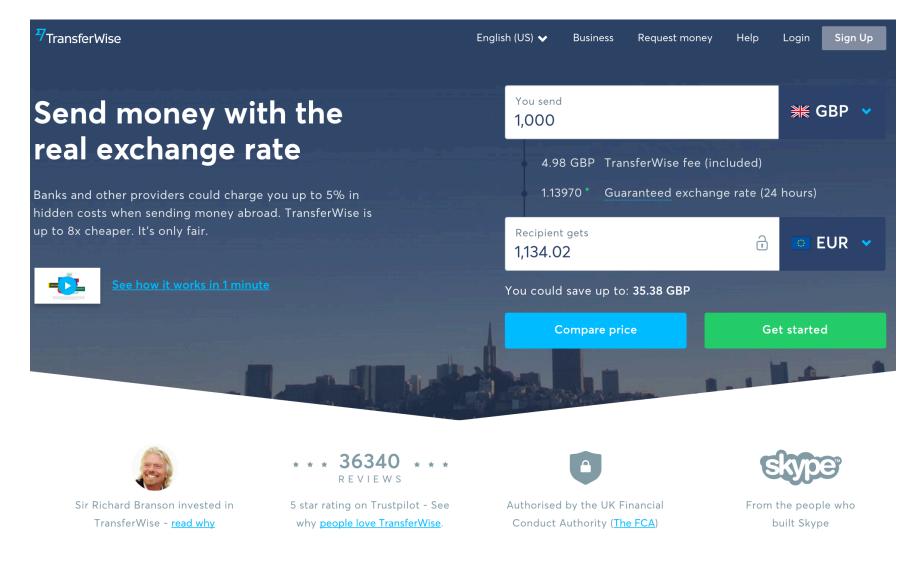
Source: Dahlberg, Tomi, Jie Guo, and Jan Ondrus. "A critical review of mobile payment research." *Electronic Commerce Research and Applications* 14, no. 5 (2015): 265-284.

Mobile Payments Technology Innovations



Source: Liu, Jun, Robert J. Kauffman, and Dan Ma. "Competition, cooperation, and regulation: Understanding the evolution of the mobile payments technology ecosystem." *Electronic Commerce Research and Applications* 14, no. 5 (2015): 372-391.

Transferwise



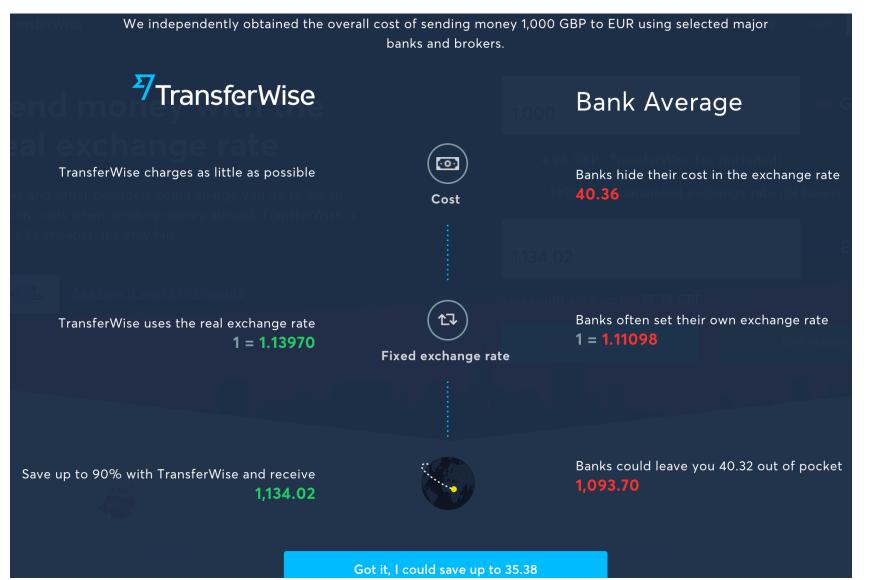
https://transferwise.com/

Transferwise



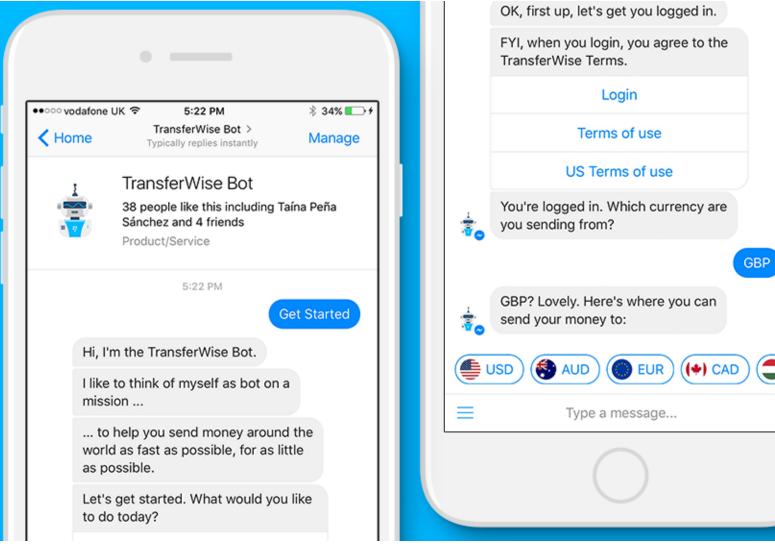
https://transferwise.com/

Transferwise



https://transferwise.com/

TransferWise Bot for Facebook Messenger



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FinTech Technologies





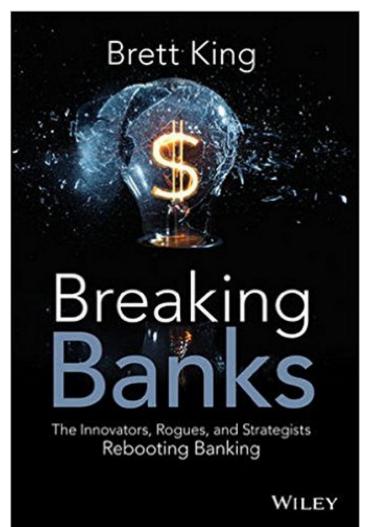
AI

Blockchain

Brett King (2014), Breaking Banks:

The Innovators, Rogues, and Strategists Rebooting Banking

Wiley



Fintech: Financial Technology

Disrupting Banking: The Fintech Startups That Are Unbundling Wells Fargo, Citi and **Bank of America**

Source: https://www.cbinsights.com/blog/industry-market-map-landscape/

Fintech: Unbunding the Bank

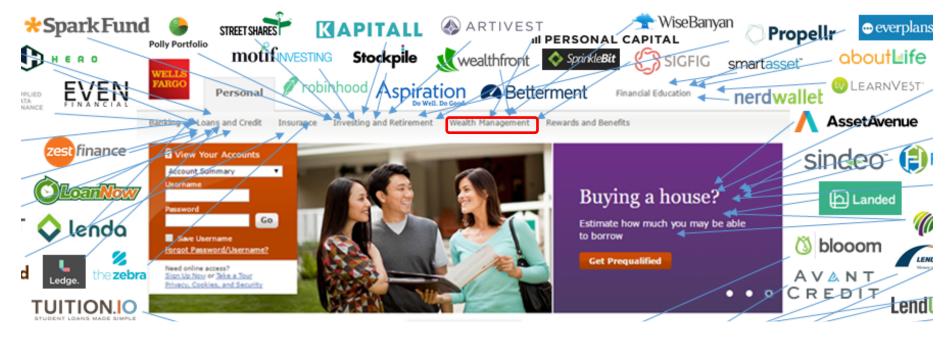
Unbundling of a Bank



Source: https://www.cbinsights.com/blog/disrupting-banking-fintech-startups-2016/

Fintech: Unbunding the Bank Wealth Management: Wealthfront





Fintech: Financial Technology Disrupting **European Banking: The FinTech Startups That Are Unbundling HSBC, Santander, and BNP**

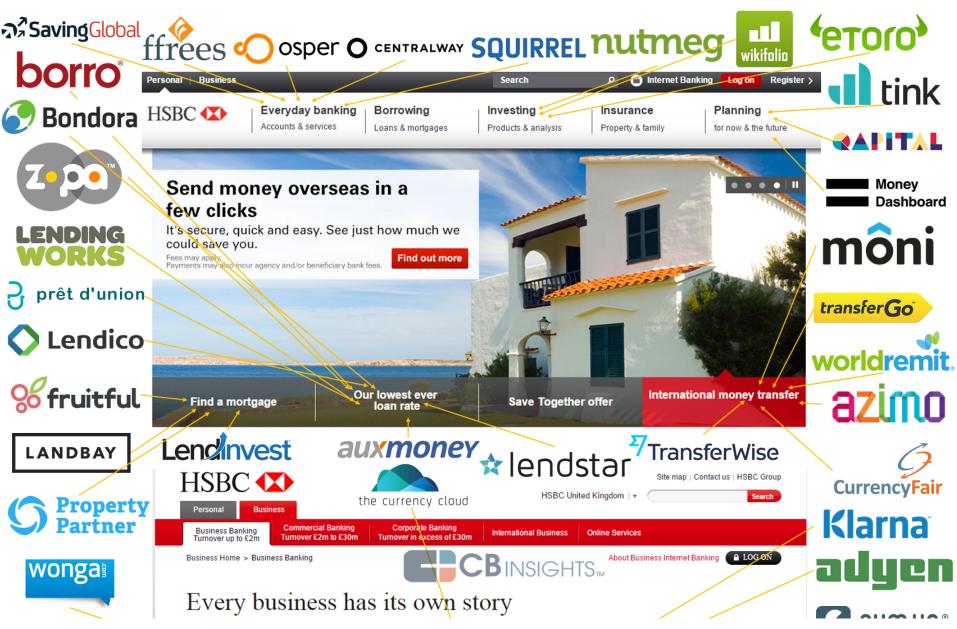
Source: https://www.cbinsights.com/blog/industry-market-map-landscape/

Unbundling of a European Bank



Source: https://www.cbinsights.com/blog/disrupting-european-banking-fintech-startups/

Unbundling of a European Bank



Source: https://www.cbinsights.com/blog/disrupting-european-banking-fintech-startups/

Financial Technology (Fintech) Categories

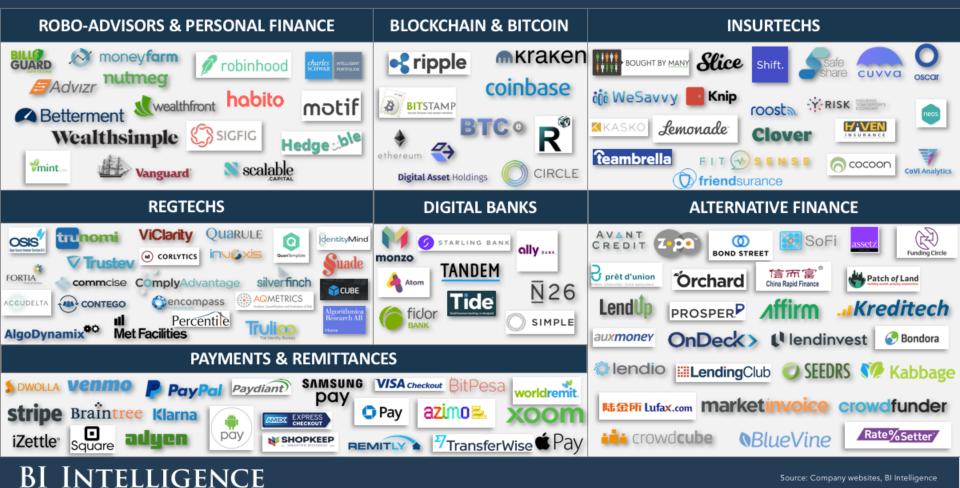
- 1. Banking Infrastructure
- 2. Business Lending
- 3. Consumer and Commercial Banking
- 4. Consumer Lending
- 5. Consumer Payments
- 6. Crowdfunding
- 7. Equity Financing
- 8. Financial Research and Data
- 9. Financial Transaction Security
- 10. Institutional Investing
- 11. International Money Transfer
- 12. Payments Backend and Infrastructure
- 13. Personal Finance
- 14. Point of Sale Payments
- 15. Retail Investing
- 16. Small and Medium Business Tools

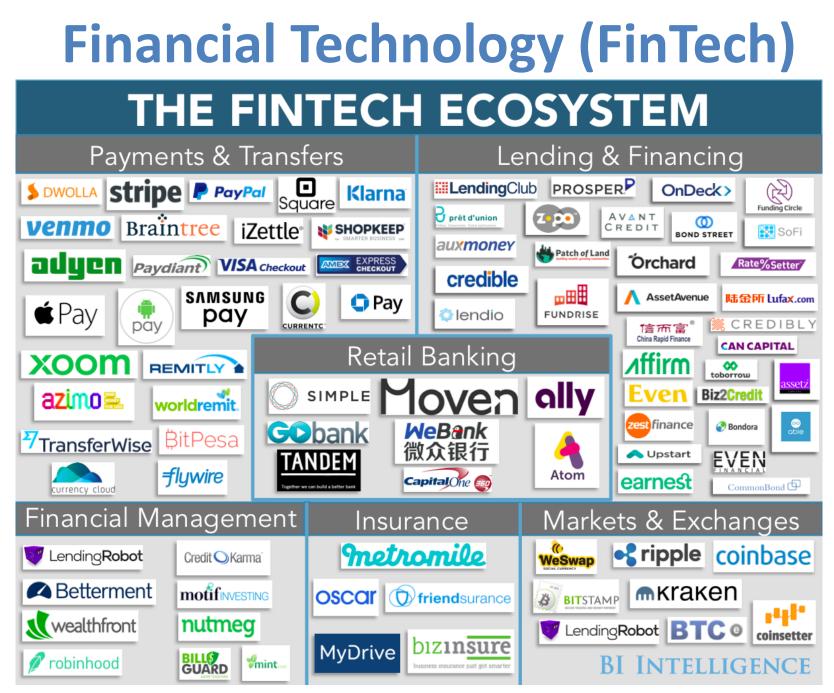
FinTech Ecosystem (April 2015)



Financial Technology (FinTech)

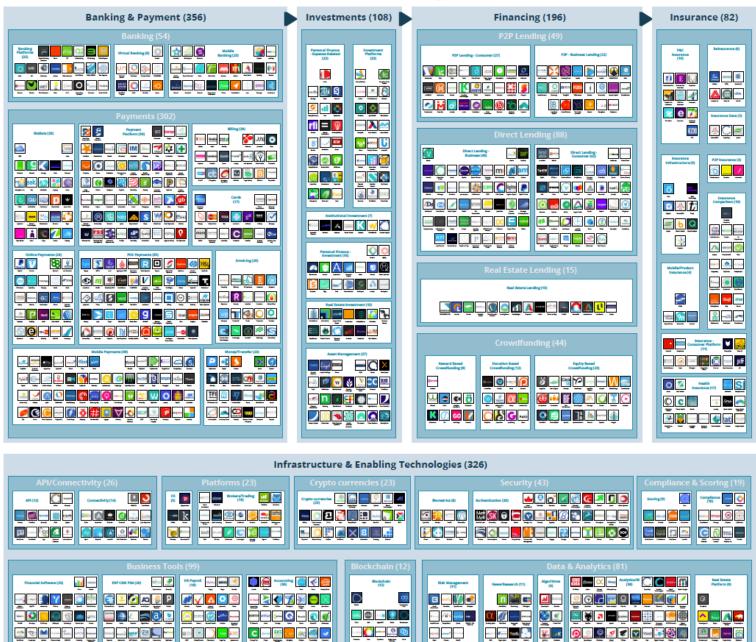
THE FINTECH ECOSYSTEM





Source: http://www.businessinsider.com/fintech-ecosystem-financial-technology-research-plus-business-opportunities-2016-2

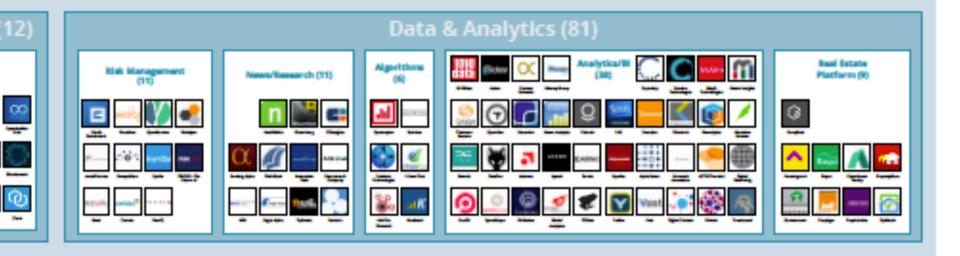
Fintech Landscape



FinTech Landscape Enabling Technologies Data & Analytics

Technologies (326)





FINTECH | LANDSCAPE everisDigital









PEERNOVA ROCKCHAIN

© everisDigital 2015 | Source: "OnFinance Top 100 private companies " by AlwaysOn & everisDigital database.

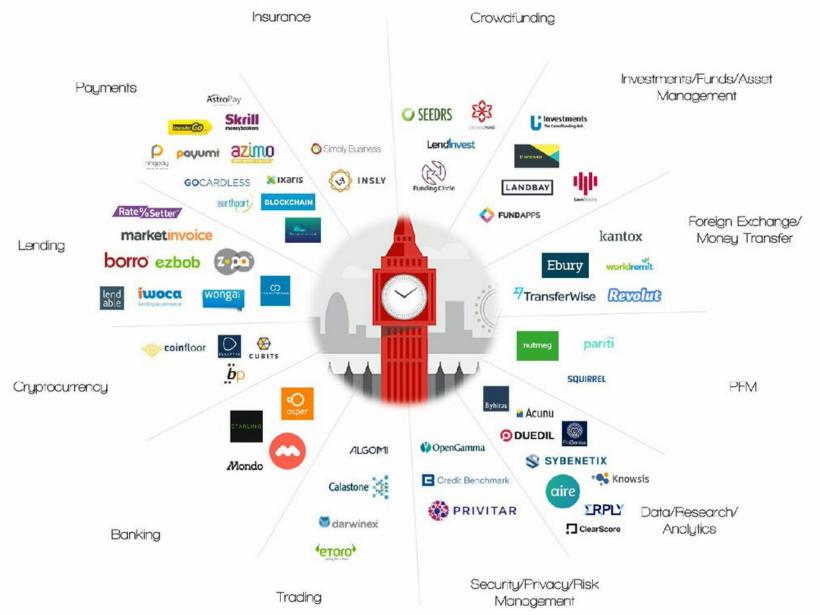
Source: https://everisnext.com/2015/06/02/top-9-verticals-within-the-fintech-landscape-for-large-corporations/

coinsetter

FinTech

Startups Worldwide

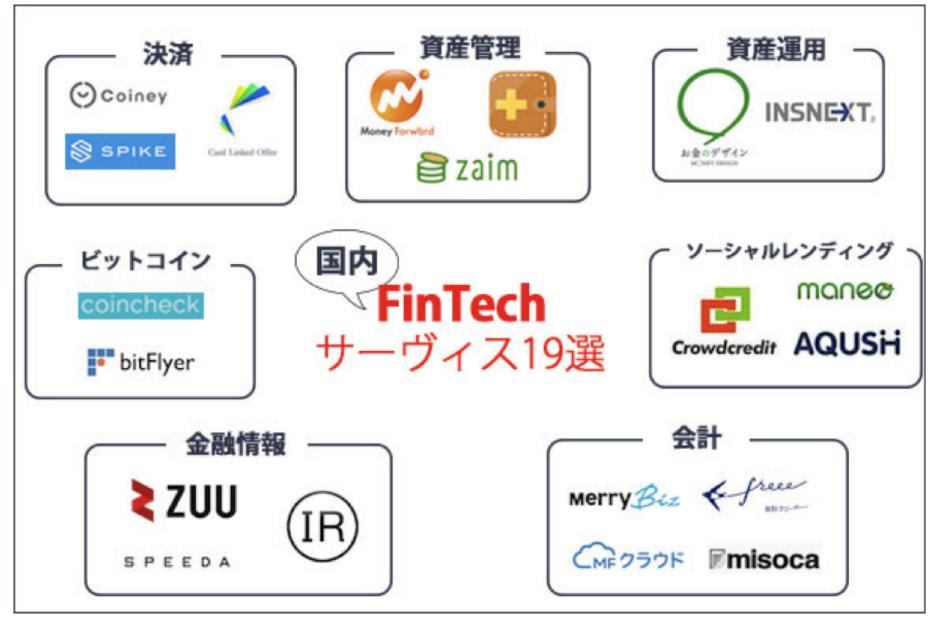






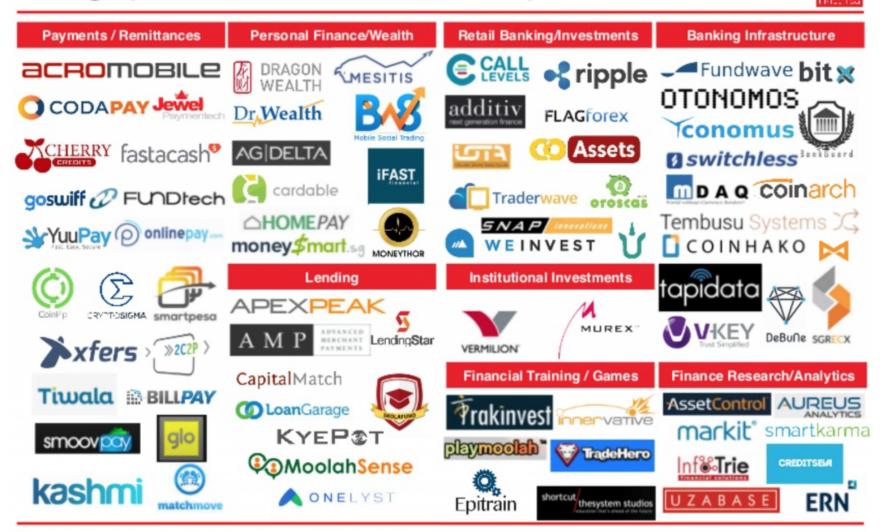






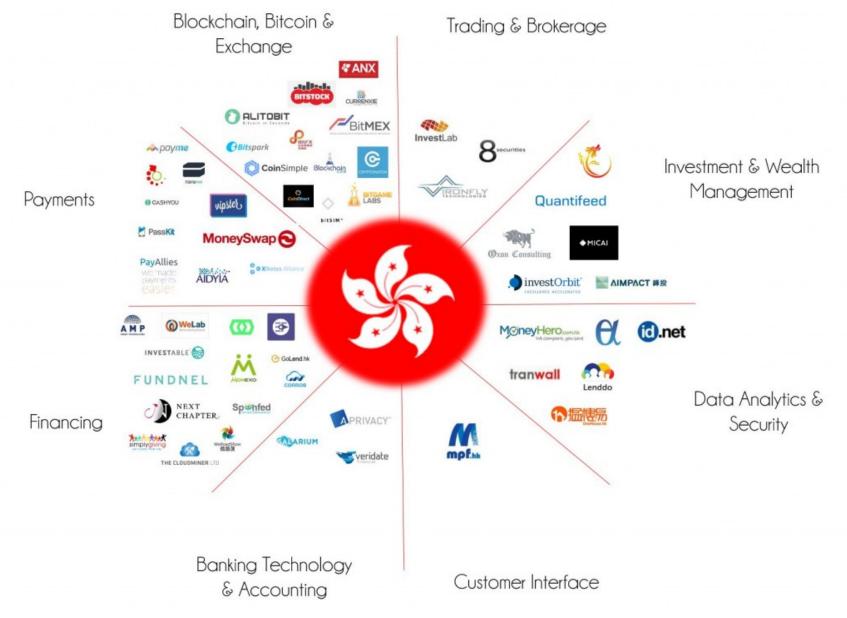
KOREAN FINTECH STARTUP MAP Ver. 1.00 Personal Finance Payments Bitcoin * coinone ASTOCK 한국ÑFC COINPIA 증권 Plus for KAKAO BITCHAIN m.h mind Նիրվեր 🐨 ⊑Բավ⊲ո Lifeguide COINPLUS Pay**Gat**@ NEWSY STOCK KORBIT paymint BankSalad Bigta CLOUD WALLET x engineering 🖗 coinplug SNEK Remittances Toss Lending Streami Crowdfunding Security Villy Pallo Ð Honest Fund 8 percent tumblbug coinstack **OpenTrade** FUNDA LENDIT. PEOPLEFUND Global Security Partner Pportune 기업을 위한 크라우드 펀딩 Real iDentity **TERA**FUNDING Monev Auction THE**CHEAT** TENSPOON pop funding THE BRIDGE PDF 파일을 다운 받고 스타트업의 로고를 클릭하면, 카테고리별 순서: 기업의 영문명 순서 STARTUP 해당 스타트업의 홈페이지로 갈 수 있습니다. ALLIANCE

Singapore FinTech Landscape



Source: https://startups.watch/fintech-ecosystems-worldwide/

S. G



CEO CIO CFO



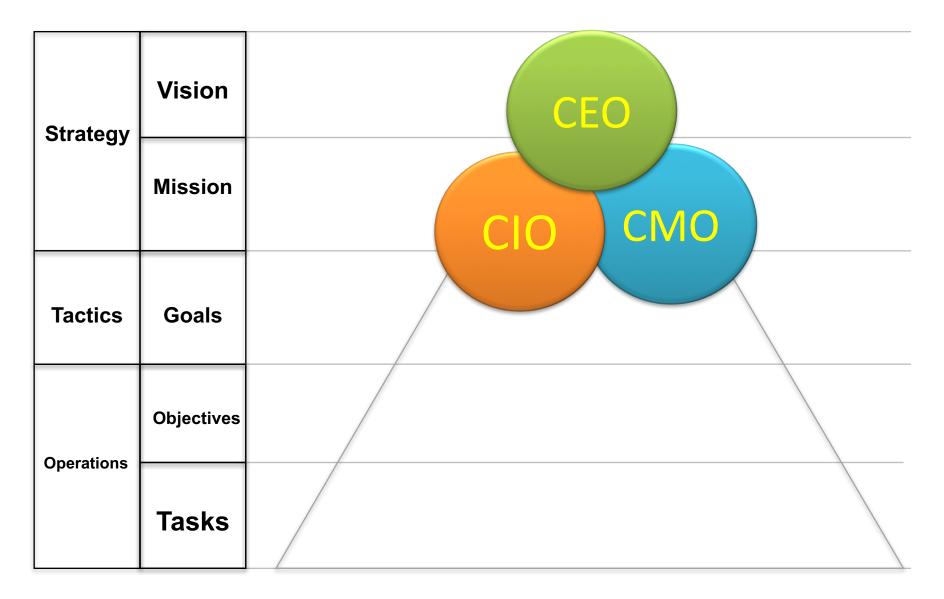
Source: http://www.r3now.com/what-is-the-proper-relationship-for-the-cio-ceo-and-cfo/

CEO CIO CMO



Adapted from: http://www.r3now.com/what-is-the-proper-relationship-for-the-cio-ceo-and-cfo/

CEO CIO CMO



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- Frederic S. Mishkin (2015), "The Economics of Money, Banking and Financial Markets", 11th Edition, Pearson