

人工智慧文本分析



Tamkang
Universit
淡江大學

(Artificial Intelligence for Text Analytics)

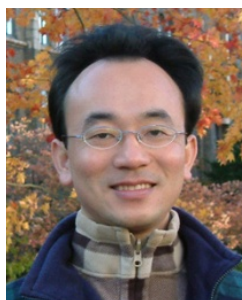
處理和理解文本

(Processing and Understanding Text)

1082AITA04

MBA, IMTKU (M2455) (8410) (Spring 2020)

Wed 8, 9 (15:10-17:00) (B605)



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2020-03-25



課程大綱 (Syllabus)

週次 (Week)	日期 (Date)	內容 (Subject/Topics)
1	2020/03/04	人工智慧文本分析課程介紹 (Course Orientation on Artificial Intelligence for Text Analytics)
2	2020/03/11	文本分析的基礎：自然語言處理 (Foundations of Text Analytics: Natural Language Processing; NLP)
3	2020/03/18	Python自然語言處理 (Python for Natural Language Processing)
4	2020/03/25	處理和理解文本 (Processing and Understanding Text)
5	2020/04/01	文本表達特徵工程 (Feature Engineering for Text Representation)
6	2020/04/08	人工智慧文本分析個案研究 I (Case Study on Artificial Intelligence for Text Analytics I)

課程大綱 (Syllabus)

週次 (Week)	日期 (Date)	內容 (Subject/Topics)
7	2020/04/15	文本分類 (Text Classification)
8	2020/04/22	文本摘要和主題模型 (Text Summarization and Topic Models)
9	2020/04/29	期中報告 (Midterm Project Report)
10	2020/05/06	文本相似度和分群 (Text Similarity and Clustering)
11	2020/05/13	語意分析和命名實體識別 (Semantic Analysis and Named Entity Recognition; NER)
12	2020/05/20	情感分析 (Sentiment Analysis)

課程大綱 (Syllabus)

週次 (Week)	日期 (Date)	內容 (Subject/Topics)
13	2020/05/27	人工智慧文本分析個案研究 II (Case Study on Artificial Intelligence for Text Analytics II)
14	2020/06/03	深度學習和通用句子嵌入模型 (Deep Learning and Universal Sentence-Embedding Models)
15	2020/06/10	問答系統與對話系統 (Question Answering and Dialogue Systems)
16	2020/06/17	期末報告 I (Final Project Presentation I)
17	2020/06/24	期末報告 II (Final Project Presentation II)
18	2020/07/01	教師彈性補充教學

Outline

- Processing Text
- Understanding Text

Processing and Understanding Text

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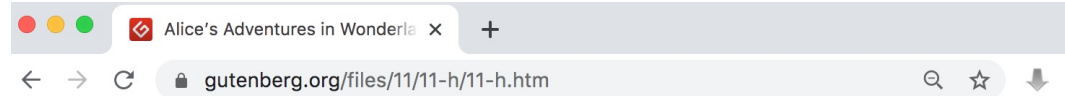
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Alice in Wonderland

ALICE IN WONDERLAND



LEWIS CARROLL



The Project Gutenberg EBook of Alice's Adventures in Wonderland, by Lewis Carroll

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Title: Alice's Adventures in Wonderland

Author: Lewis Carroll

Release Date: June 25, 2008 [EBook #11]

Last Updated: February 22, 2020

Language: English

Character set encoding: UTF-8

*** START OF THIS PROJECT GUTENBERG EBOOK ALICE'S ADVENTURES IN WONDERLAND ***

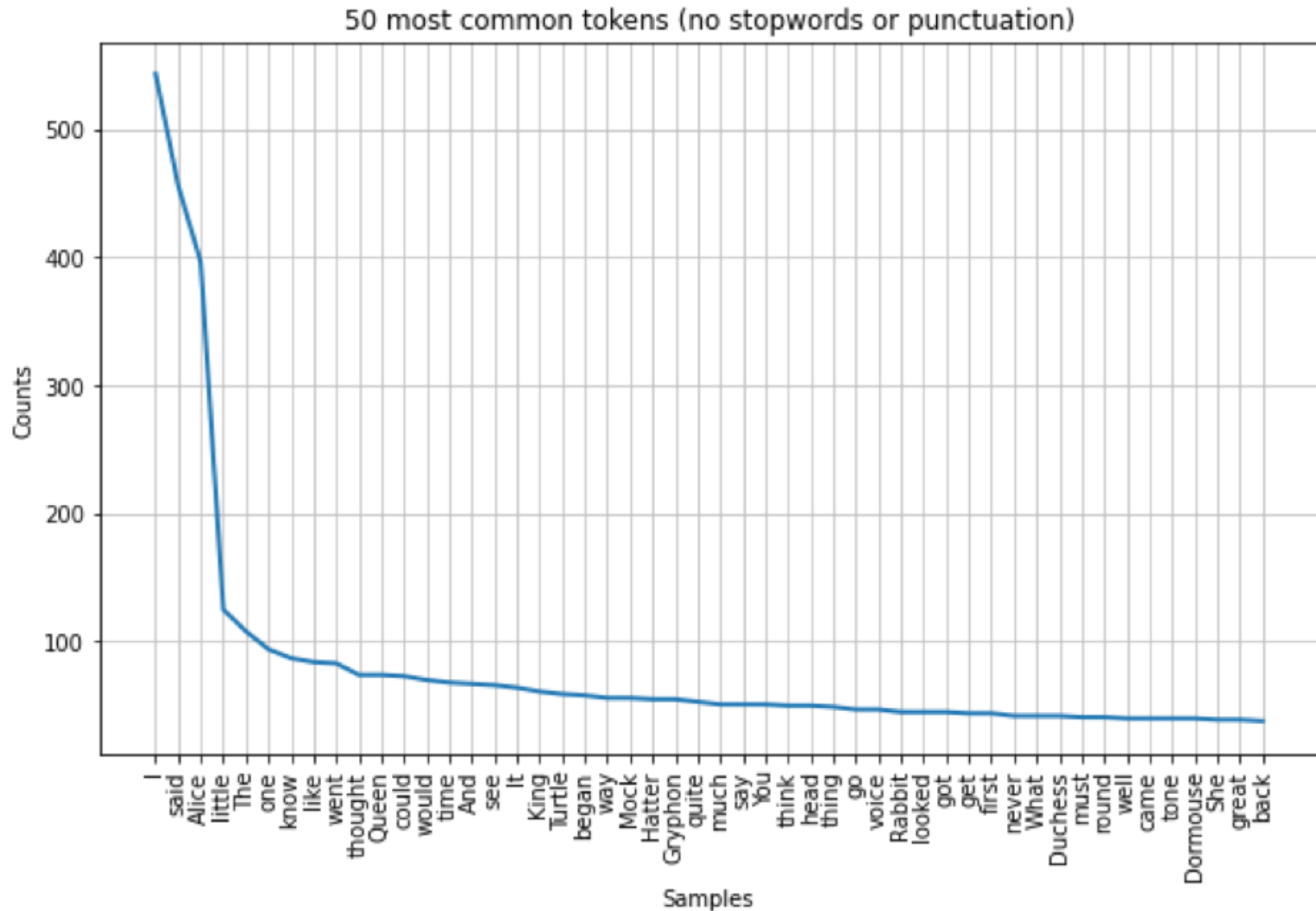
Produced by Arthur DiBianca and David Widger

ALICE IN WONDERLAND



<https://www.gutenberg.org/files/11/11-h/11-h.htm>

Alice Top 50 Tokens

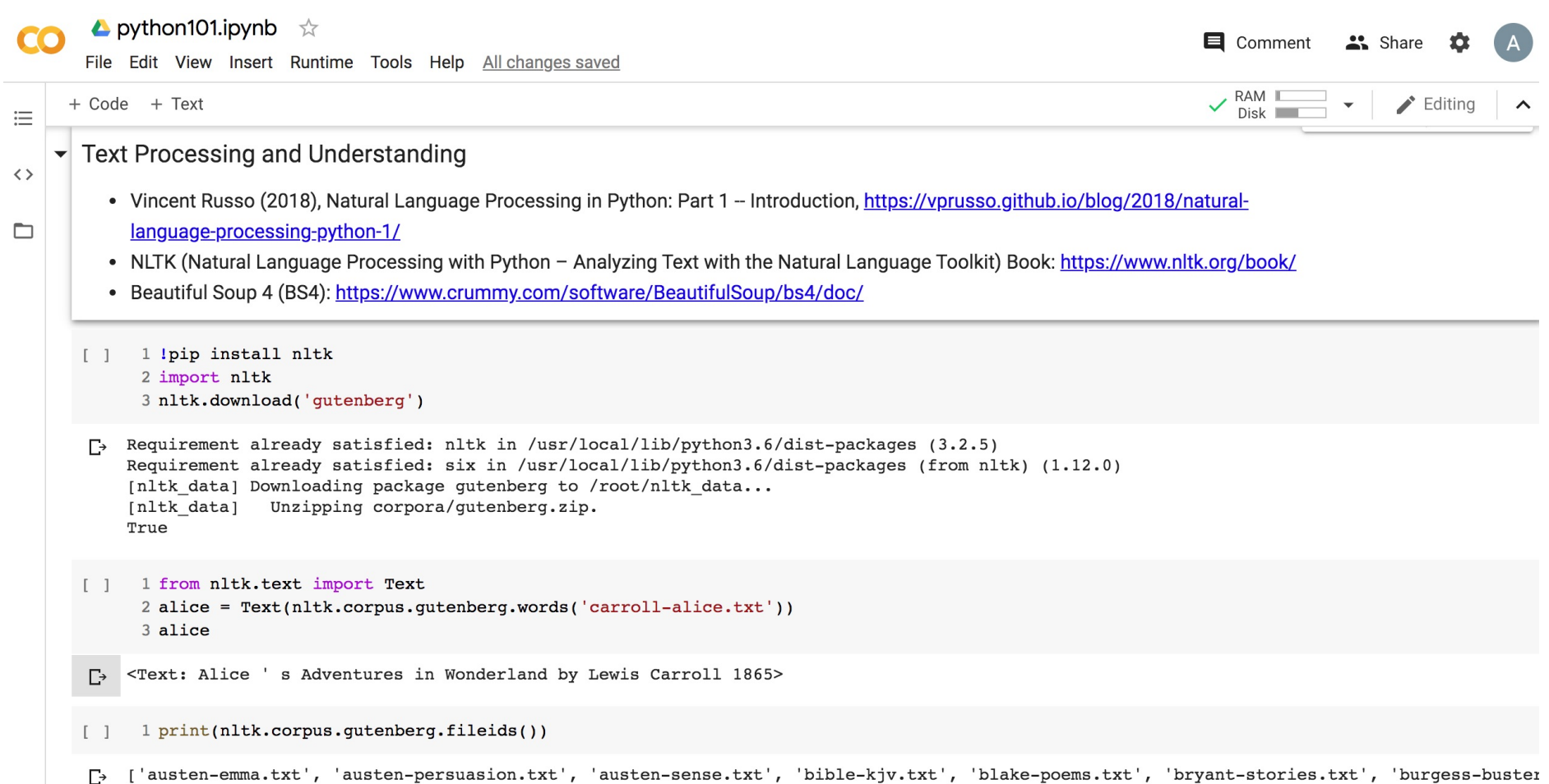


Python in Google Colab (Python101)

<https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1FEG6DnGvwfUbeo4zJ1zTunjMqf2RkCrT>

```
nlk.download('gutenberg')
```

```
alice = Text(nltk.corpus.gutenberg.words('carroll-alice.txt'))
```



The screenshot shows a Google Colab notebook titled 'python101.ipynb'. The interface includes a top bar with the Colab logo, file management icons, and a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Insert, Runtime, Tools, Help). On the right, there are buttons for Comment, Share, and a user profile icon. Below the top bar, a sidebar on the left shows a file explorer with a folder icon and a code editor icon. The main area displays a list of links under the heading 'Text Processing and Understanding'. The code cells show the installation of NLTK and the download of the Gutenberg corpus, followed by the creation of an NLTK Text object for 'Alice's Adventures in Wonderland'.

python101.ipynb ☆

File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help [All changes saved](#)

+ Code + Text

RAM  Disk  Editing

Text Processing and Understanding

- Vincent Russo (2018), Natural Language Processing in Python: Part 1 – Introduction, <https://vprusso.github.io/blog/2018/natural-language-processing-python-1/>
- NLTK (Natural Language Processing with Python – Analyzing Text with the Natural Language Toolkit) Book: <https://www.nltk.org/book/>
- Beautiful Soup 4 (BS4): <https://www.crummy.com/software/BeautifulSoup/bs4/doc/>

```
[ ] 1 !pip install nltk
    2 import nltk
    3 nltk.download('gutenberg')
```

```
[ ] Requirement already satisfied: nltk in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (3.2.5)
    Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from nltk) (1.12.0)
    [nltk_data] Downloading package gutenberg to /root/nltk_data...
    [nltk_data] Unzipping corpora/gutenberg.zip.
    True
```

```
[ ] 1 from nltk.text import Text
    2 alice = Text(nltk.corpus.gutenberg.words('carroll-alice.txt'))
    3 alice
```

```
[ ] <Text: Alice 's Adventures in Wonderland by Lewis Carroll 1865>
```

```
[ ] 1 print(nltk.corpus.gutenberg.fileids())
```

```
[ ] ['austen-emma.txt', 'austen-persuasion.txt', 'austen-sense.txt', 'bible-kjv.txt', 'blake-poems.txt', 'bryant-stories.txt', 'burgess-buster'
```

<https://tinyurl.com/imtkupython101>

alice.concordance("Alice")

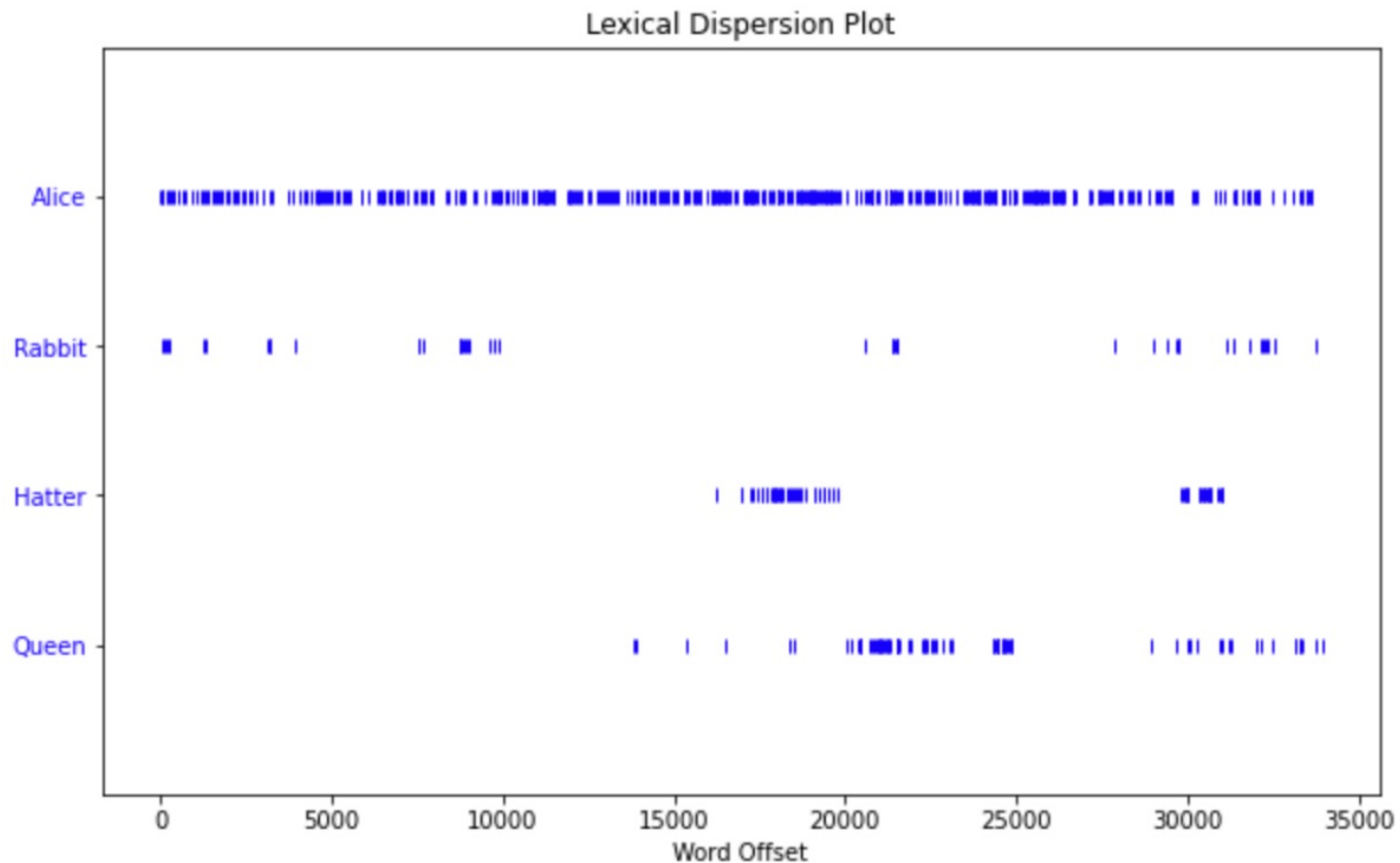
```
1 alice.concordance("Alice")
```

Displaying 25 of 398 matches:

Alice ' s Adventures in Wonderland by Lewi
] CHAPTER I . Down the Rabbit - Hole Alice was beginning to get very tired of s
what is the use of a book , ' thought Alice ' without pictures or conversation ?
so VERY remarkable in that ; nor did Alice think it so VERY much out of the way
looked at it , and then hurried on , Alice started to her feet , for it flashed
hedge . In another moment down went Alice after it , never once considering ho
ped suddenly down , so suddenly that Alice had not a moment to think about stop
she fell past it . ' Well ! ' thought Alice to herself , ' after such a fall as
down , I think -- ' (for , you see , Alice had learnt several things of this so
tude or Longitude I ' ve got to ? ' (Alice had no idea what Latitude was , or L
. There was nothing else to do , so Alice soon began talking again . ' Dinah '
cats eat bats , I wonder ? ' And here Alice began to get rather sleepy , and wen
dry leaves , and the fall was over . Alice was not a bit hurt , and she jumped
not a moment to be lost : away went Alice like the wind , and was just in time
but they were all locked ; and when Alice had been all the way down one side a
on it except a tiny golden key , and Alice ' s first thought was that it might
and to her great delight it fitted ! Alice opened the door and found that it le
ead would go through , ' thought poor Alice , ' it would be of very little use w
ay things had happened lately , that Alice had begun to think that very few thi
ertainly was not here before , ' said Alice ,) and round the neck of the bottle
ay ' Drink me , ' but the wise little Alice was not going to do THAT in a hurry
bottle was NOT marked ' poison , ' so Alice ventured to taste it , and finding i
* * ' What a curious feeling ! ' said Alice ; ' I must be shutting up like a tel
for it might end , you know , ' said Alice to herself , ' in my going out altog
garden at once ; but , alas for poor Alice ! when she got to the door , she fou

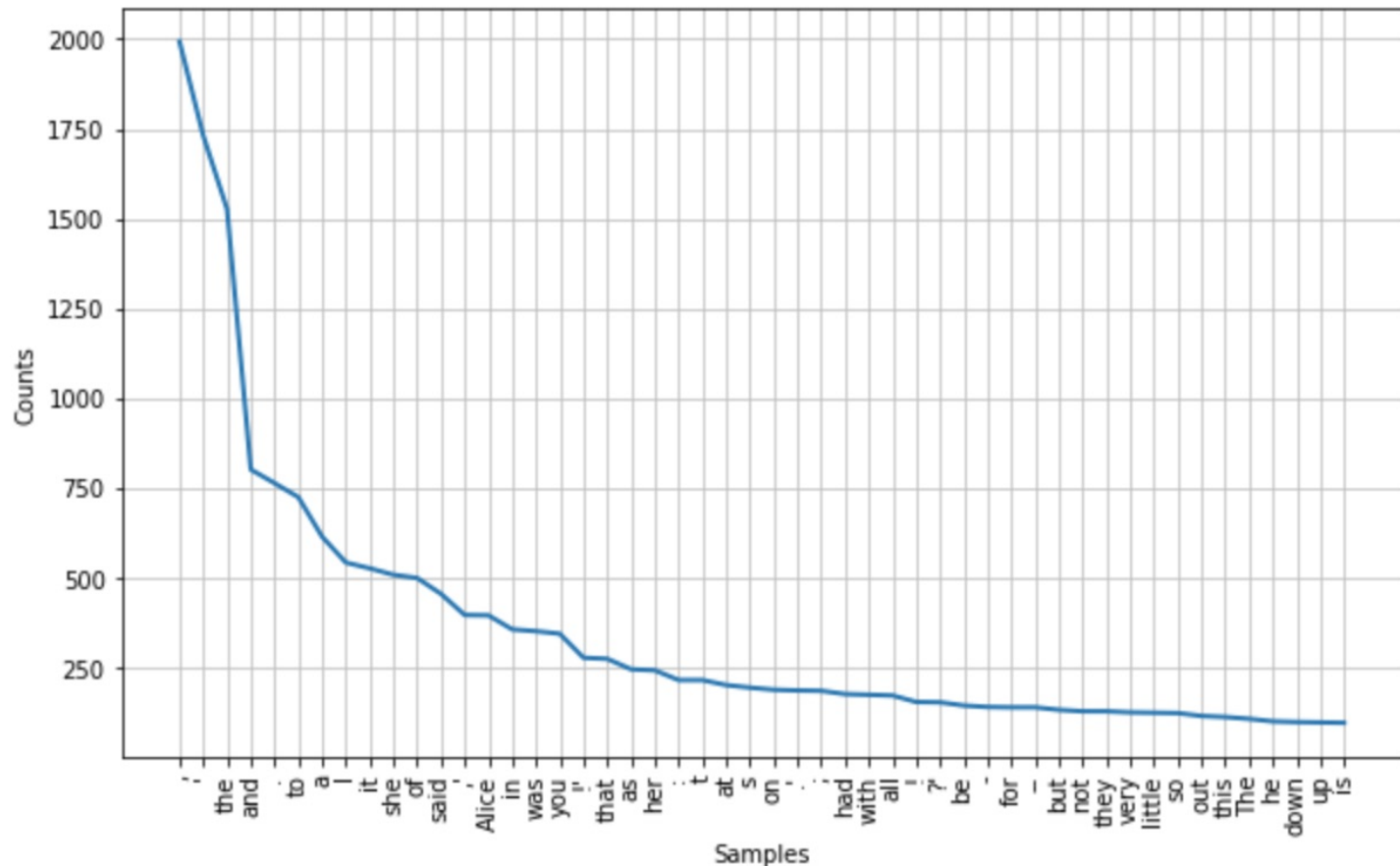
```
alice.dispersion_plot(["Alice", "Rabbit",  
                      "Hatter", "Queen"])
```

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
2 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))  
3 alice.dispersion_plot(["Alice", "Rabbit", "Hatter", "Queen"])
```



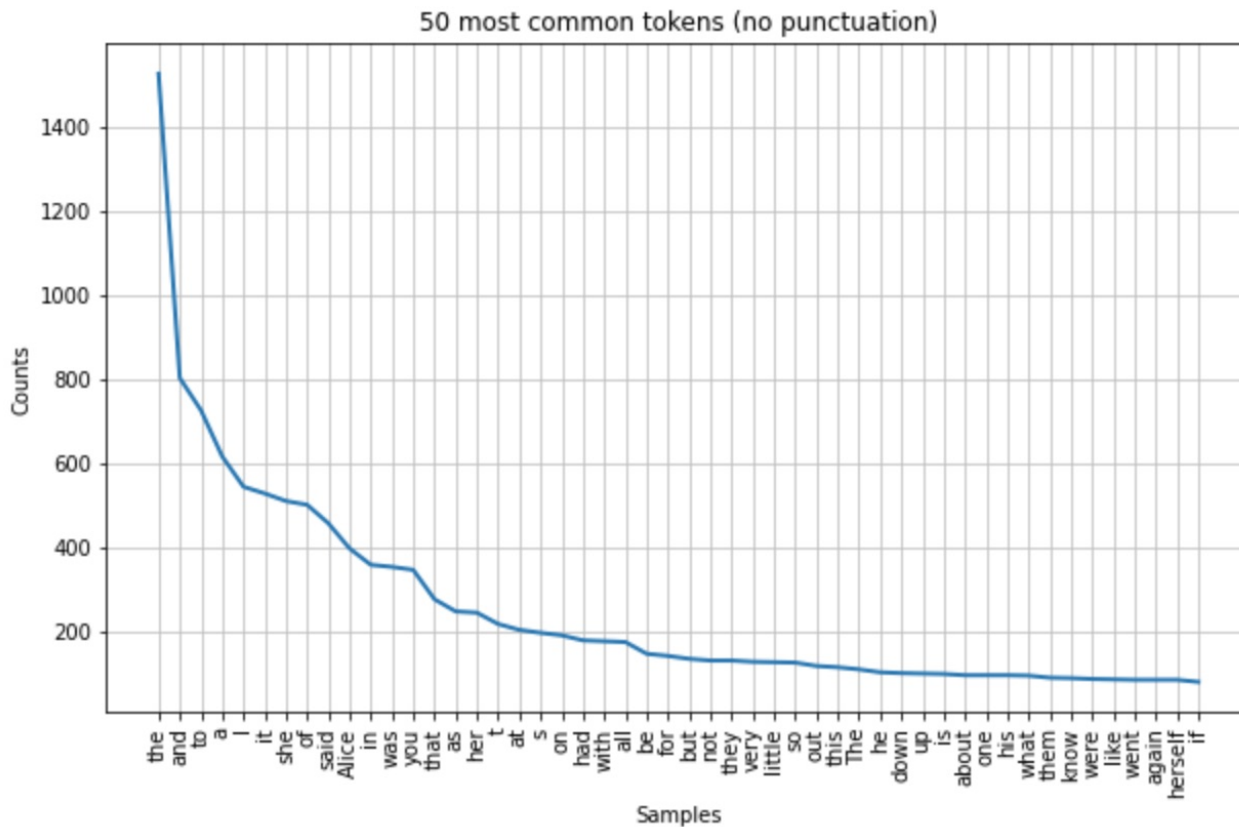
```
fdist = nltk.FreqDist(alice)
fdist.plot(50)
```

```
1 #import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
3 fdist = nltk.FreqDist(alice)
4 fdist.plot(50)
```



```
for word, freq in fdist.items()  
if word.isalpha()
```

```
1 #import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
2 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))  
3 fdist_no_punc = nltk.FreqDist(dict((word, freq) for word, freq in fdist.items() if word.isalpha()))  
4 fdist_no_punc.plot(50, cumulative=False, title="50 most common tokens (no punctuation)")
```



```
nltk.download('stopwords')
stopwords = nltk.corpus.stopwords.words('english')
```

```
1 import nltk
2 nltk.download('stopwords')
3 stopwords = nltk.corpus.stopwords.words('english')
4 stopwords
```

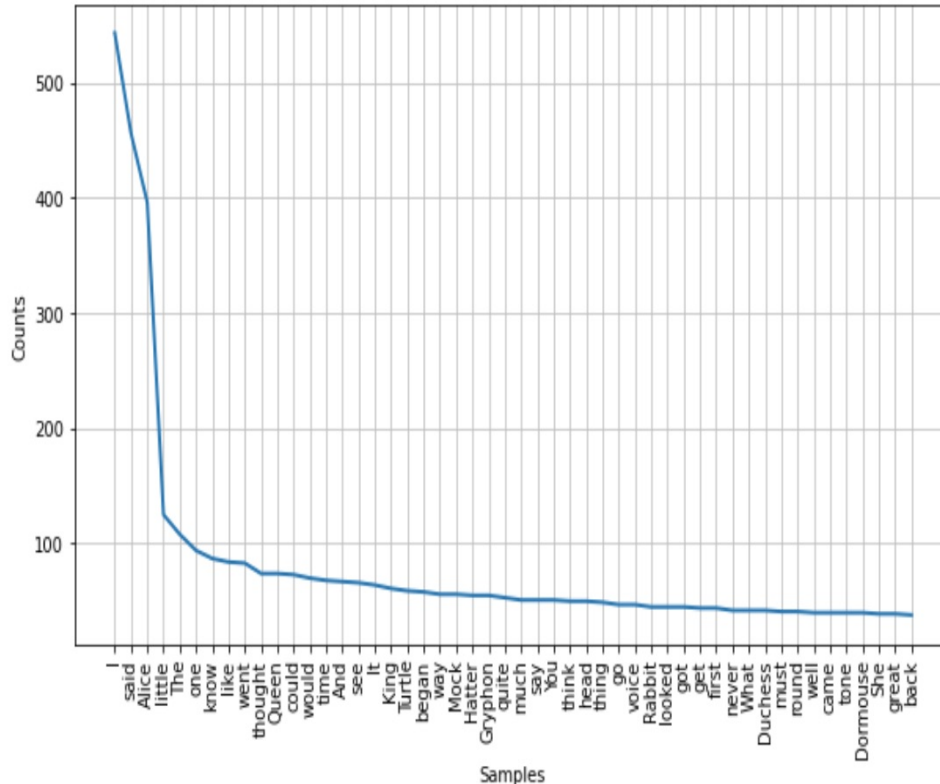
```
['same',
 'so',
 'than',
 'too',
 'very',
 's',
 't',
 'can',
 'will',
 'just',
 'don',
 "don't",
 'should',
 "should've",
 'now',
```



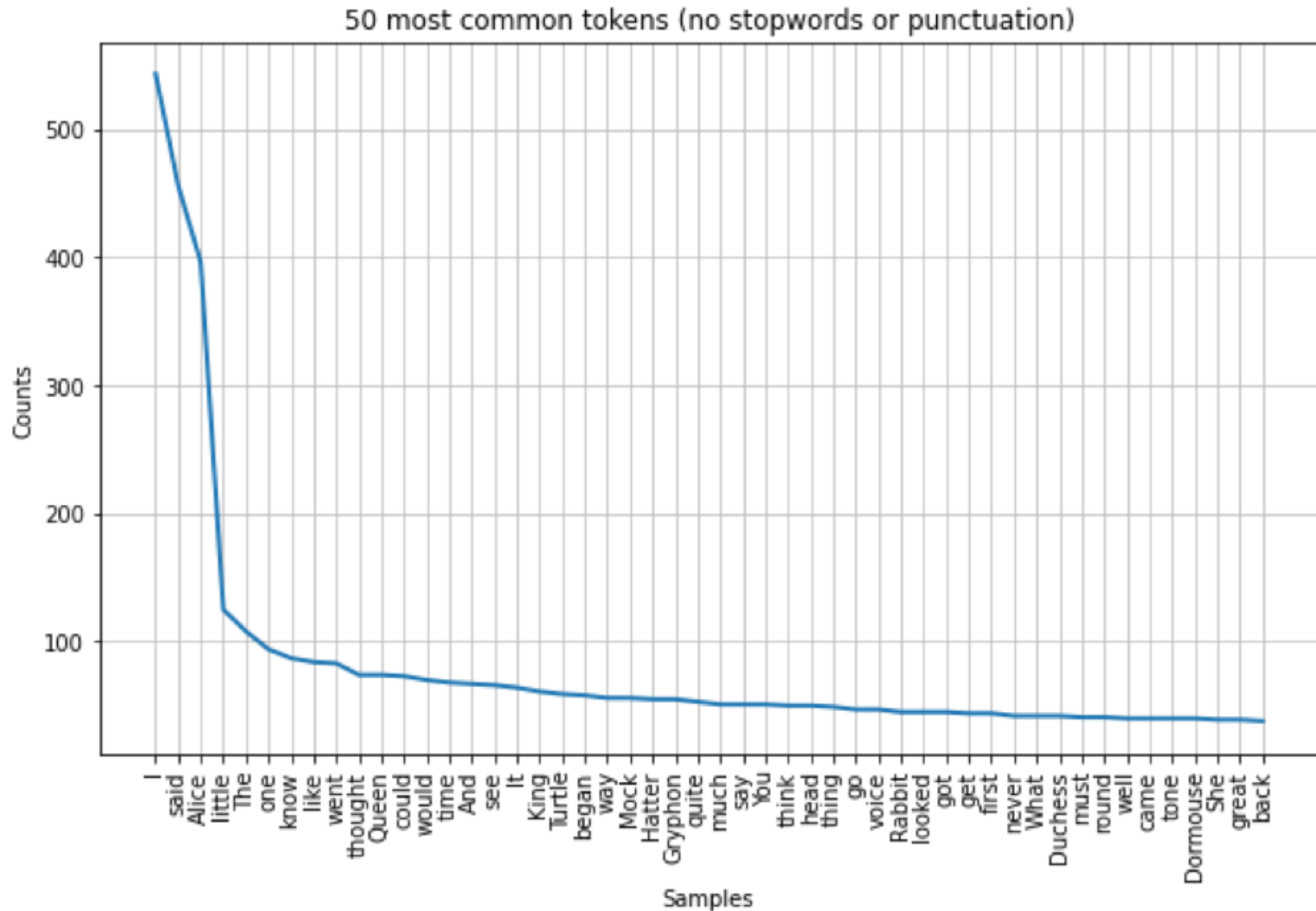
```
for word, freq in fdist.items()
if word not in stopwords and word.isalpha()
```

```
1 #import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
3 fdist_no_punc_no_stopwords = nltk.FreqDist(dict((word, freq) for word, freq in fdist.items() if word not in stopwords and word.isalpha()))
4 fdist_no_punc_no_stopwords.plot(50, cumulative=False, title="50 most common tokens (no stopwords or punctuation)")
```

50 most common tokens (no stopwords or punctuation)



Alice Top 50 Tokens



BeautifulSoup

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup

url = 'https://www.gutenberg.org/files/11/11-h/11-h.htm'
reqs = requests.get(url)
html_doc = reqs.text

soup = BeautifulSoup(html_doc, 'html.parser')
text = soup.get_text()
```

tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text

```
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer

sentences = [
    'i love my dog',
    'I, love my cat',
    'You love my dog!'
]

tokenizer = Tokenizer(num_words = 100)
tokenizer.fit_on_texts(sentences)
word_index = tokenizer.word_index
print('sentences:', sentences)
print('word index:', word_index)
```

```
sentences: ['i love my dog', 'I, love my cat', 'You love my dog!']
word index: {'love': 1, 'my': 2, 'i': 3, 'dog': 4, 'cat': 5, 'you': 6}
```

```
tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
```

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras

from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences

sentences = [
    'I love my dog',
    'I love my cat',
    'You love my dog!',
    'Do you think my dog is amazing?'
]

tokenizer = Tokenizer(num_words = 100, oov_token="<OOV>")
tokenizer.fit_on_texts(sentences)
word_index = tokenizer.word_index
sequences = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(sentences)
padded = pad_sequences(sequences, maxlen=5)
print("sentences = ", sentences)
print("Word Index = " , word_index)
print("Sequences = " , sequences)
print("Padded Sequences:")
print(padded)
```

```
tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence  
import pad_sequences
```

```
sentences = ['I love my dog', 'I love my  
cat', 'You love my dog!', 'Do you think my  
dog is amazing?']
```

```
Word Index = {'<OOV>': 1, 'my': 2, 'love': 3,  
'dog': 4, 'i': 5, 'you': 6, 'cat': 7, 'do':  
8, 'think': 9, 'is': 10, 'amazing': 11}
```

```
Sequences = [[5, 3, 2, 4], [5, 3, 2, 7], [6,  
3, 2, 4], [8, 6, 9, 2, 4, 10, 11]]
```

```
Padded Sequences: [[ 0 5 3 2 4] [ 0 5 3 2 7]  
[ 0 6 3 2 4] [ 9 2 4 10 11]]
```

Python in Google Colab

<https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1FEG6DnGvwfUbeo4zJ1zTunjMqf2RkCrT>

 python101.ipynb ☆

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CONNECT EDITING

↳ Keras preprocessing text

```
1 # keras.preprocessing.text Tokenizer
2 from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
3 # define 5 documents
4 docs = ['Well done!', 'Good work', 'Great effort', 'nice work', 'Excellent!']
5 # create the tokenizer
6 t = Tokenizer()
7 # fit the tokenizer on the documents
8 t.fit_on_texts(docs)
9 print('docs:', docs)
10 print('word_counts:', t.word_counts)
11 print('document_count:', t.document_count)
12 print('word_index:', t.word_index)
13 print('word_docs:', t.word_docs)
14 # integer encode documents
15 texts_to_matrix = t.texts_to_matrix(docs, mode='count')
16 print('texts_to_matrix:')
17 print(texts_to_matrix)
```

Using TensorFlow backend.

```
docs: ['Well done!', 'Good work', 'Great effort', 'nice work', 'Excellent!']
word_counts: OrderedDict([('well', 1), ('done', 1), ('good', 1), ('work', 2), ('great', 1), ('effort', 1), ('nice', 1), ('excellent', 1)])
document_count: 5
word_index: {'work': 1, 'well': 2, 'done': 3, 'good': 4, 'great': 5, 'effort': 6, 'nice': 7, 'excellent': 8}
word_docs: {'done': 1, 'well': 1, 'work': 2, 'good': 1, 'great': 1, 'effort': 1, 'nice': 1, 'excellent': 1}
texts_to_matrix:
[[0. 0. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 1. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]]
```

<https://tinyurl.com/imtkupython101>

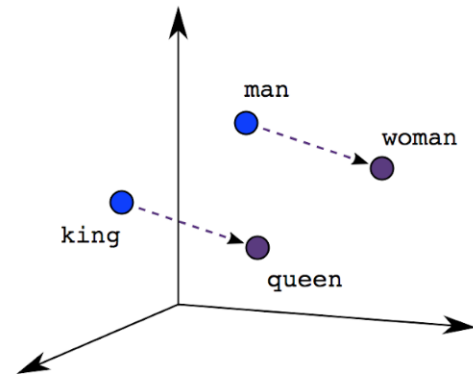
One-hot encoding

'The mouse ran up the clock' =

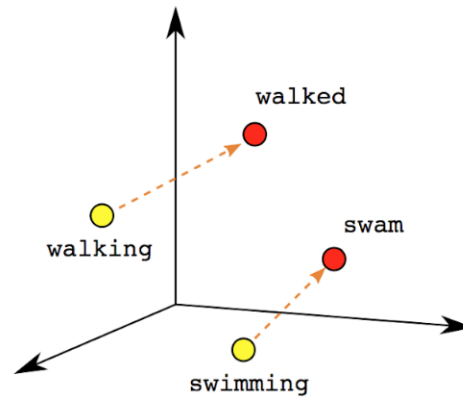
The	1	[	[0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
mouse	2		[0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0],
ran	3		[0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0],
up	4		[0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0],
the	1		[0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0],
clock	5		[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0]]

[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

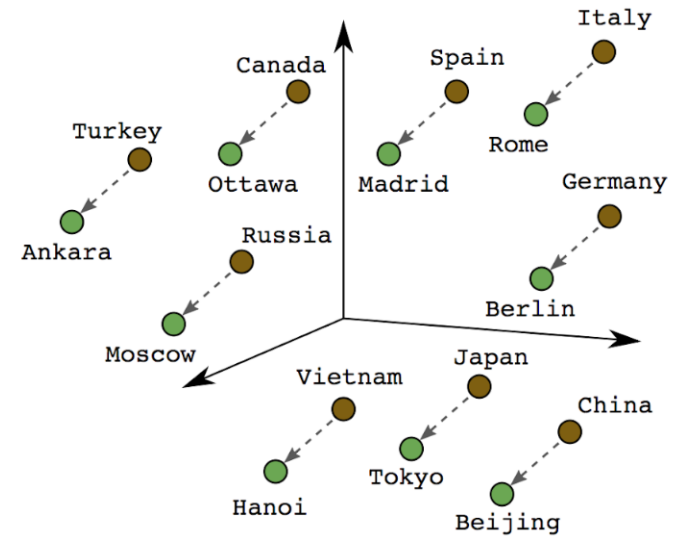
Word embeddings



Male-Female

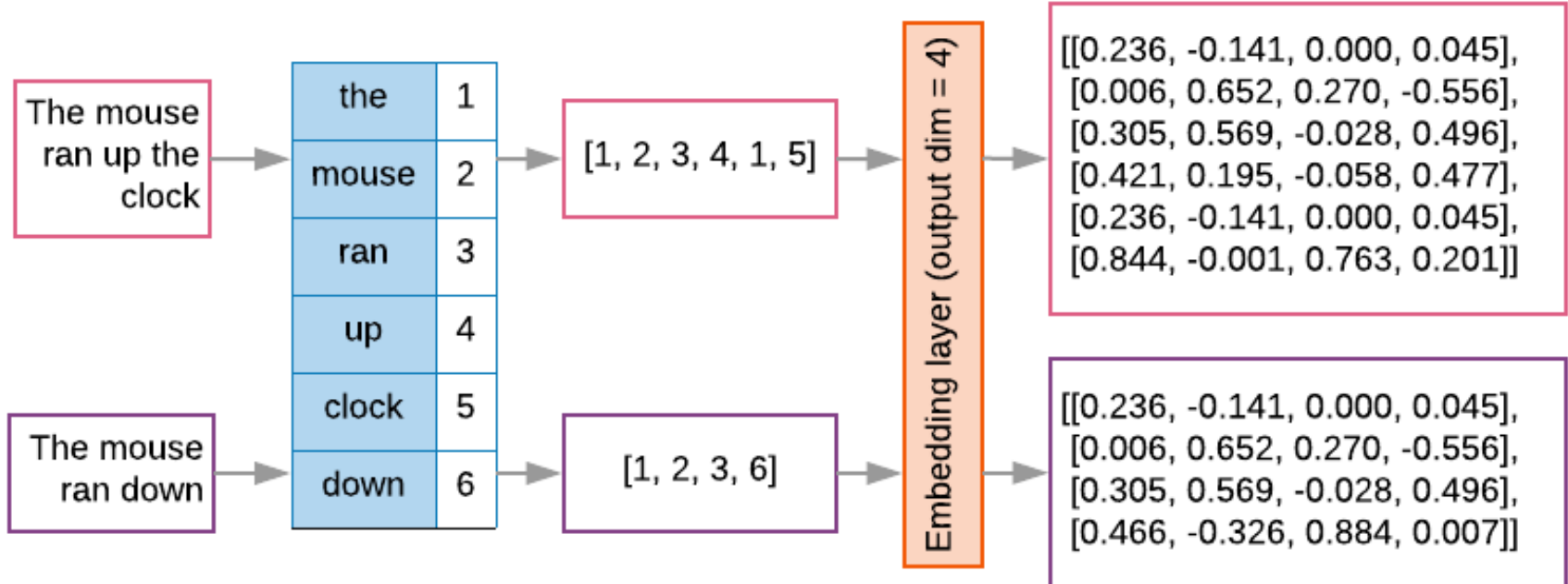


Verb Tense



Country-Capital

Word embeddings



```
t1 = 'The mouse ran up the clock'
t2 = 'The mouse ran down'
s1 = t1.lower().split(' ')
s2 = t2.lower().split(' ')
terms = s1 + s2
sortedset = sorted(set(terms))
print('terms =', terms)
print('sortedset =', sortedset)
```

```
1 t1 = 'The mouse ran up the clock'
2 t2 = 'The mouse ran down'
3 s1 = t1.lower().split(' ')
4 s2 = t2.lower().split(' ')
5 terms = s1 + s2
6 sortedset = sorted(set(terms))
7 print('terms =', terms)
8 print('sortedset =', sortedset)
```

```
terms = ['the', 'mouse', 'ran', 'up', 'the', 'clock', 'the', 'mouse', 'ran', 'down']
sortedset = ['clock', 'down', 'mouse', 'ran', 'the', 'up']
```

```
t1 = 'The mouse ran up the clock'
t2 = 'The mouse ran down'
s1 = t1.lower().split(' ')
s2 = t2.lower().split(' ')
terms = s1 + s2
print(terms)

tfdict = {}
for term in terms:
    if term not in tfdict:
        tfdict[term] = 1
    else:
        tfdict[term] += 1

a = []
for k,v in tfdict.items():
    a.append('{} {}'.format(k,v))
print(a)
```

```
['the', 'mouse', 'ran', 'up', 'the', 'clock', 'the', 'mouse', 'ran', 'down']
['the', 3, 'mouse', 2, 'ran', 2, 'up', 1, 'clock', 1, 'down', 1]
```

```
sorted_by_value_reverse = sorted(tfdict.items(),
key=lambda kv: kv[1], reverse=True)
```

```
sorted_by_value_reverse_dict =
dict(sorted_by_value_reverse)
```

```
id2word = {id: word for id, word in
enumerate(sorted_by_value_reverse_dict)}
```

```
word2id = dict([(v, k) for (k, v) in
id2word.items()])
```

```
sorted_by_value: [('up', 1), ('clock', 1), ('down', 1), ('mouse', 2), ('ran', 2), ('the', 3)]
sorted_by_value2: ['the', 'mouse', 'ran', 'up', 'clock', 'down']
sorted_by_value_reverse: [('the', 3), ('mouse', 2), ('ran', 2), ('up', 1), ('clock', 1), ('down', 1)]
sorted_by_value_reverse_dict {'the': 3, 'mouse': 2, 'ran': 2, 'up': 1, 'clock': 1, 'down': 1}
id2word {0: 'the', 1: 'mouse', 2: 'ran', 3: 'up', 4: 'clock', 5: 'down'}
word2id {'the': 0, 'mouse': 1, 'ran': 2, 'up': 3, 'clock': 4, 'down': 5}
len_words: 6
sorted_by_key: [('clock', 1), ('down', 1), ('mouse', 2), ('ran', 2), ('the', 3), ('up', 1)]
the, 3
mouse, 2
ran, 2
up, 1
clock, 1
down, 1
```

```

sorted_by_value = sorted(tfdict.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[1])
print('sorted_by_value: ', sorted_by_value)
sorted_by_value2 = sorted(tfdict, key=tfdict.get, reverse=True)
print('sorted_by_value2: ', sorted_by_value2)
sorted_by_value_reverse = sorted(tfdict.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[1], reverse=True)
print('sorted_by_value_reverse: ', sorted_by_value_reverse)
sorted_by_value_reverse_dict = dict(sorted_by_value_reverse)
print('sorted_by_value_reverse_dict', sorted_by_value_reverse_dict)
id2word = {id: word for id, word in enumerate(sorted_by_value_reverse_dict)}
print('id2word', id2word)
word2id = dict([(v, k) for (k, v) in id2word.items()])
print('word2id', word2id)
print('len_words:', len(word2id))

sorted_by_key = sorted(tfdict.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[0])
print('sorted_by_key: ', sorted_by_key)

tfstring = '\n'.join(a)
print(tfstring)
tf = tfdict.get('mouse')
print(tf)

```

```

sorted_by_value:  [('up', 1), ('clock', 1), ('down', 1), ('mouse', 2), ('ran', 2), ('the', 3)]
sorted_by_value2:  ['the', 'mouse', 'ran', 'up', 'clock', 'down']
sorted_by_value_reverse:  [('the', 3), ('mouse', 2), ('ran', 2), ('up', 1), ('clock', 1), ('down', 1)]
sorted_by_value_reverse_dict {'the': 3, 'mouse': 2, 'ran': 2, 'up': 1, 'clock': 1, 'down': 1}
id2word {0: 'the', 1: 'mouse', 2: 'ran', 3: 'up', 4: 'clock', 5: 'down'}
word2id {'the': 0, 'mouse': 1, 'ran': 2, 'up': 3, 'clock': 4, 'down': 5}
len_words: 6
sorted_by_key:  [('clock', 1), ('down', 1), ('mouse', 2), ('ran', 2), ('the', 3), ('up', 1)]
the, 3
mouse, 2
ran, 2
up, 1
clock, 1
down, 1

```

from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer

```
1 from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
2 # define 5 documents
3 docs = ['Well done!', 'Good work', 'Great effort', 'nice work', 'Excellent!']
4 # create the tokenizer
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7 t.fit_on_texts(docs)
8 print('docs:', docs)
9 print('word_counts:', t.word_counts)
10 print('document_count:', t.document_count)
11 print('word_index:', t.word_index)
12 print('word_docs:', t.word_docs)
13 # integer encode documents
14 texts_to_matrix = t.texts_to_matrix(docs, mode='count')
15 print('texts_to_matrix:')
16 print(texts_to_matrix)
```

```
docs: ['Well done!', 'Good work', 'Great effort', 'nice work', 'Excellent!']
word_counts: OrderedDict([('well', 1), ('done', 1), ('good', 1), ('work', 2), ('great', 1), ('effort', 1), ('ni
document_count: 5
word_index: {'work': 1, 'well': 2, 'done': 3, 'good': 4, 'great': 5, 'effort': 6, 'nice': 7, 'excellent': 8}
word_docs: {'done': 1, 'well': 1, 'work': 2, 'good': 1, 'great': 1, 'effort': 1, 'nice': 1, 'excellent': 1}
texts_to_matrix:
[[0. 0. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 1. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]]
```


from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer

```
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
# define 5 documents
docs = ['Well done!', 'Good work', 'Great effort', 'nice
work', 'Excellent!']
# create the tokenizer
t = Tokenizer()
# fit the tokenizer on the documents
t.fit_on_texts(docs)
print('docs:', docs)
print('word_counts:', t.word_counts)
print('document_count:', t.document_count)
print('word_index:', t.word_index)
print('word_docs:', t.word_docs)
# integer encode documents
texts_to_matrix = t.texts_to_matrix(docs, mode='count')
print('texts_to_matrix:')
print(texts_to_matrix)
```

```
texts_to_matrix =  
t.texts_to_matrix(docs, mode='count')
```

```
docs: ['Well done!', 'Good work', 'Great effort',  
       'nice work', 'Excellent!']  
word_counts: OrderedDict([('well', 1), ('done', 1),  
                           ('good', 1), ('work', 2), ('great', 1), ('effort', 1),  
                           ('nice', 1), ('excellent', 1)])  
document_count: 5  
word_index: {'work': 1, 'well': 2, 'done': 3, 'good':  
4, 'great': 5, 'effort': 6, 'nice': 7, 'excellent': 8}  
word_docs: {'done': 1, 'well': 1, 'work': 2, 'good': 1,  
            'great': 1, 'effort': 1, 'nice': 1, 'excellent': 1}  
texts_to_matrix:  
[[0. 0. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]  
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]  
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 1. 0. 0.]  
 [0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0.]  
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]]
```

`t.texts_to_matrix(docs, mode='tfidf')`

```
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
# define 5 documents
docs = ['Well done!', 'Good work', 'Great effort', 'nice work',
        'Excellent!']
# create the tokenizer
t = Tokenizer()
# fit the tokenizer on the documents
t.fit_on_texts(docs)
print('docs:', docs)
print('word_counts:', t.word_counts)
print('document_count:', t.document_count)
print('word_index:', t.word_index)
print('word_docs:', t.word_docs)
# integer encode documents
texts_to_matrix = t.texts_to_matrix(docs, mode='tfidf')
print('texts_to_matrix:')
print(texts_to_matrix)
```

```
texts_to_matrix:
[[0.  0.  1.25276297  1.25276297  0.  0.  0.  0.  0. ]
 [0.  0.98082925  0.  0.  1.25276297  0.  0.  0.  0. ]
 [0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  1.25276297  1.25276297  0.  0. ]
 [0.  0.98082925  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  1.25276297  0. ]
 [0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  1.25276297]]
```

Summary

- Processing Text
- Understanding Text

References

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